

USER GUIDE

# Brocade FastIron Web Management Interface User Guide, 08.0.50

Supporting FastIron Software Release 08.0.50

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# Contents

Document conventions       77         Notes, cautions, and wanings       77         Text formating conventions       7         Command syntax conventions       8         Brocade resources       8         Contacting Brocade Technical Support.       9         Brocade customers.       9         Brocade Cottomers.       11         What's new in this document.       11         Supported hardware.       11         Desplaying the GOL       13         Access requirements       13	Preface	7
Text formating conventions.       7         Command syntax conventions.       8         Brocade resources.       8         Document feedback.       8         Contacting Brocade Technical Support.       9         Brocade customers.       9         Brocade Cell Customers.       9         Brocade Cell Customers.       9         About This Document.       11         Supported hardware.       11         What's new in this document       11         What's new in this document.       13         Access requirements.       13         Prerequisite configuration.       13         Logging out of the Web Management Interface.       17         Using the Web Management Interface.       12         Displaying the APR cache.       21         Displaying the APR cache.       21         Displaying the APR cache.       22         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 750 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 750 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade I	Document conventions	7
Command syntax conventions.       8         Brocade recurses.       8         Document feedback.       8         Contacting Brocade Technical Support.       9         Brocade Customers.       9         Brocade Celd customers.       9         Brocade Celd customers.       9         About This Document.       11         Supported hardware.       11         What's new in this document.       11         Getting Started with the GUI.       13         Access requirements.       13         Prerequisite configuration.       13         Logging in to the Web Management Interface.       17         Web Management Interface.       17         Web Management Interface.       12         Displaying the ARP cache.       21         Displaying the ARP cache.       21         Displaying the fort panel.       27         Status LED display       27         Status LED display       27         Displaying the fort panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       27         Displaying the fort panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the fort panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the stack details.       33 </td <td>Notes, cautions, and warnings</td> <td>7</td>	Notes, cautions, and warnings	7
Brocade resources       8         Document fieldback       9         Brocade customers       9         Brocade OEM customers       9         Brocade Customers       9         About This Document       11         Supported hardware       11         What's new in this document       11         Getting Started with the GU       13         Access requirements       13         Degrap in to the Web Management Interface       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface       23         Displaying the APP cache       21         Displaying the APP cache       21         Displaying the APP cache       22         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 750 device       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 750 device       28         Displaying the stack details       33         Displaying the stack details       33         Displaying the stack details       33         Displaying the stack module       35         Displaying the stack module       36         Displaying the	Text formatting conventions	7
Document feedback.	Command syntax conventions	8
Contacting Brocade Technical Support       9         Brocade OEM customers       9         Brocade OEM customers       9         About This Document       11         Supported hardware       11         What's new in this document       11         Getting Started with the GU       13         Access requirements       13         Prerequisite configuration       13         Logging out of the Web Management Interface       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface       12         Displaying the ARP cache       21         Displaying the ARP cache       22         Displaying the ARP cache       22         Displaying memory information       25         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device       28         Displaying tack networdule	Brocade resources	
Brocade customers       9         About This Document       9         About This Document       11         Supported hardware       11         What's new in this document       11         Getting Started with the GUI       13         Access requirements       13         Prerequisite configuration       13         Logging in to the Web Management Interface       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface       17         Using the Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface       17         Using the ARP cache.       21         Displaying the ARP cache.       21         Displaying flash information.       23         Displaying flash information.       25         Displaying the front panel.       27         Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       28         Displaying the stack details       33         Displaying tack corts information.       33	Document feedback	8
Brocade OEM customers       9         About This Document       11         Supported hardware       11         What's new in this document       11         Getting Started with the GUI       13         Access requirements       13         Logging in to the Web Management Interface       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface       17         Using the Gevice Information       21         Displaying the ARP cache       22         Displaying the device information       23         Displaying the fort panel       27         Status LED display       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the stack detalis.       33         <	Contacting Brocade Technical Support	
About This Document       11         Supported hardware.       11         What's new in this document       11         Getting Started with the GUI.       13         Access requirements.       13         Prerequisite configuration.       13         Logging in to the Web Management Interface.       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface.       17         Using the Web Management Interface.       17         Web Management Interface areas.       19         Monitoring Basic Device Information.       21         Displaying the APP cache.       21         Displaying the APP cache.       21         Displaying memory information.       25         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the system Iog.       30         Monitoring Stacks.       33         Displaying the system Iog.       33         Displaying stack ports information.       37      <	Brocade customers	
Supported hardware       11         What's new in this document       11         Getting Started with the GU       13         Access requirements.       13         Prerequisite configuration.       13         Logging in to the Web Management Interface.       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface.       17         Using the Web Management Interface.       17         Web Management Interface areas.       19         Monitoring Basic Device Information.       21         Displaying the APR cache.       21         Displaying memory information.       23         Displaying memory information.       25         Displaying memory information.       26         Displaying memory information.       26         Displaying memory information.       27         Status LED display.       27         Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       27         Displaying the font panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the font panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the font panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying ta	Brocade OEM customers	9
What's new in this document       11         Getting Started with the GU       13         Access requirements       13         Prerequisite configuration       13         Logging in to the Web Management Interface       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface       17         Using the Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface areas       19         Monitoring Basic Device Information       21         Displaying flash information       23         Displaying flash information       25         Displaying flash information       26         Displaying the front panel.       27         Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the stack details       33         Displaying the stack details       33 <td>About This Document</td> <td></td>	About This Document	
Getting Started with the GU.       13         Access requirements.       13         Prerequisite configuration.       13         Logging in to the Web Management Interface.       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface.       17         Using the Web Management Interface.       17         Using the Web Management Interface.       17         Web Management Interface areas.       19         Monitoring Basic Device Information.       21         Displaying the APP cache.       21         Displaying the APP cache.       23         Displaying the device information.       25         Displaying the fort panel.       27         Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel.       27         Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack port s		
Access requirements.       13         Prerequisite configuration       13         Logging in to the Web Management Interface.       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface.       17         Wind Web Management Interface.       17         Web Management Interface areas.       19         Monitoring Basic Device Information.       21         Displaying the ARP cache       21         Displaying the device information.       23         Displaying memory information.       25         Displaying memory information.       26         Displaying the front panel       27         Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying stack port statistics.	What's new in this document	
Prerequisite configuration.       13         Logging in to the Web Management Interface.       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface.       17         Using the Web Management Interface.       17         Web Management Interface areas.       19         Monitoring Basic Device Information.       21         Displaying the ARP cache.       21         Displaying the device information.       23         Displaying flash information.       25         Displaying the front panel.       26         Displaying the front panel.       27         Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying a stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack ports information.	Getting Started with the GUI	13
Logging in to the Web Management Interface.       14         Logging out of the Web Management Interface.       17         Using the Web Management Interface.       17         Web Management Interface areas.       19         Monitoring Basic Device Information       21         Displaying the ARP cache.       21         Displaying the ARP cache.       21         Displaying flash information.       23         Displaying the fort panel.       25         Displaying the front panel.       27         Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack ports information.       37 </td <td>Access requirements</td> <td></td>	Access requirements	
Logging out of the Web Management Interface       17         Using the Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface areas       19         Monitoring Basic Device Information       21         Displaying the ARP cache       23         Displaying the device information       23         Displaying the device information       23         Displaying the device information       25         Displaying the front panel       27         Displaying the front panel       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device       28         Displaying the system log       30         Monitoring Stacks       33         Displaying the system log       33         Displaying the stack details       33         Displaying a stack module       35         Displaying stack ports information       37         Displaying stack port sinformation       37         Displaying stack port information       37 <td>Prerequisite configuration</td> <td></td>	Prerequisite configuration	
Using the Web Management Interface       17         Web Management Interface areas       19         Monitoring Basic Device Information       21         Displaying the ARP cache       21         Displaying the device information       23         Displaying the device information       23         Displaying memory information       26         Displaying the front panel.       27         Status LED display       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the system log.       30         Monitoring Stacks.       33         Displaying the system log.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying stack module.       35         Displaying stack module.       35         Displaying stack neighbors.       36         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port statistics.       39 <t< td=""><td>Logging in to the Web Management Interface</td><td></td></t<>	Logging in to the Web Management Interface	
Web Management Interface areas.19Monitoring Basic Device Information.21Displaying the ARP cache.21Displaying the device information.23Displaying flash information.23Displaying memory information.26Displaying the front panel.26Displaying the front panel.27Status LED display.27Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.27Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying the system log.30Monitoring Stacks.33Displaying the stack details.33Displaying stack neighbors.36Displaying stack ports information.37Displaying stack ports information.37Displaying theret port statistics.39Displaying theret port statistics.39Displaying Ethernet port statistics.43Displaying Ethernet port utilization.47	Logging out of the Web Management Interface	
Monitoring Basic Device Information.       21         Displaying the ARP cache       21         Displaying the device information.       23         Displaying flash information.       25         Displaying flash information.       26         Displaying the front panel.       27         Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying MAC addresses.       29         Displaying the system log.       30         Monitoring Stacks.       33         Displaying tack details.       33         Displaying stack module.       35         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack port interfaces.       39         Displaying stack port interfaces.       39         Displaying stack port interfaces.       39         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       43         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       43	Using the Web Management Interface	
Displaying the ARP cache	Web Management Interface areas	
Displaying the device information23Displaying flash information25Displaying memory information26Displaying the front panel27Status LED display27Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device27Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device28Displaying the system log30Monitoring Stacks33Displaying a stack details33Displaying stack neighbors36Displaying stack ports information37Displaying stack ports information37Displaying stack port statistics39Monitoring Ports43Displaying Ethernet port attributes43Displaying Ethernet port utilization47	Monitoring Basic Device Information	
Displaying flash information25Displaying memory information26Displaying the front panel.27Status LED display.27Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.27Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying the system log.30Monitoring Stacks.33Displaying a stack module.35Displaying stack ports information.37Displaying stack port statistics.39Displaying stack port statistics.39Displaying therenet port attributes.43Displaying Ethernet port attributes.43Displaying Ethernet port attributes.45Displaying Ethernet port utilization.47		
Displaying memory information26Displaying the front panel27Status LED display.27Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.27Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying the system log.30Monitoring Stacks33Displaying the stack details.33Displaying stack module.35Displaying stack ports information.37Displaying stack port statistics.39Displaying stack port statistics.39Displaying Bethernet port statistics.43Displaying Ethernet port attributes.45Displaying Ethernet port utilization.47	Displaying the device information	
Displaying the front panel       27         Status LED display       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device       28         Displaying the stack addresses       29         Displaying the system log.       30         Monitoring Stacks       33         Displaying the stack details       33         Displaying a stack module       35         Displaying stack neighbors       36         Displaying stack ports information       37         Displaying stack port statistics       39         Displaying stack port statistics       39         Displaying thernet port statistics       43         Displaying Ethernet port statistics       43         Displaying Ethernet port utilization       47	Displaying flash information	
Status LED display.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.       27         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device.       28         Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying MAC addresses.       29         Displaying the system log.       30         Monitoring Stacks.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying stack module.       35         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       43         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       45	Displaying memory information	
Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device.27Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying MAC addresses.29Displaying the system log.30Monitoring Stacks.33Displaying the stack details.33Displaying the stack module.35Displaying stack neighbors.36Displaying stack ports information.37Displaying stack port statistics.39Displaying stack port interfaces.39Monitoring Ports.43Displaying Ethernet port attributes.43Displaying Ethernet port utilization.47	Displaying the front panel	
Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device.28Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.28Displaying MAC addresses.29Displaying the system log.30Monitoring Stacks.33Displaying the stack details.33Displaying a stack module.35Displaying stack neighbors.36Displaying stack ports information.37Displaying stack port statistics.39Displaying therenet port statistics.39Displaying Ethernet port statistics.43Displaying Ethernet port attributes.45Displaying Ethernet port utilization.47	Status LED display	
Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device.       28         Displaying MAC addresses.       29         Displaying the system log.       30         Monitoring Stacks.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying a stack module.       35         Displaying stack neighbors.       36         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port interfaces.       39         Monitoring Ports.       39         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       43         Displaying Ethernet port attributes.       45         Displaying Ethernet port utilization.       47	Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device	
Displaying MAC addresses.       29         Displaying the system log.       30         Monitoring Stacks.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying a stack module.       35         Displaying stack neighbors.       36         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port interfaces.       39         Monitoring Ports.       43         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       43         Displaying Ethernet port attributes.       45         Displaying Ethernet port utilization.       47	Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device	
Displaying the system log.       30         Monitoring Stacks.       33         Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying a stack module.       35         Displaying stack neighbors.       36         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port interfaces.       39         Monitoring Ports.       43         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       43         Displaying Ethernet port attributes.       45         Displaying Ethernet port utilization.       47	Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device	
Monitoring Stacks	Displaying MAC addresses	
Displaying the stack details.       33         Displaying a stack module.       35         Displaying stack neighbors.       36         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port interfaces.       39         Monitoring Ports.       43         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       43         Displaying Ethernet port attributes.       45         Displaying Ethernet port utilization.       47	Displaying the system log	
Displaying a stack module	Monitoring Stacks	
Displaying stack neighbors.       36         Displaying stack ports information.       37         Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port interfaces.       39         Monitoring Ports.       43         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       43         Displaying Ethernet port attributes.       45         Displaying Ethernet port utilization.       47	Displaying the stack details	
Displaying stack ports information	Displaying a stack module	
Displaying stack port statistics.       39         Displaying stack port interfaces.       39         Monitoring Ports.       43         Displaying Ethernet port statistics.       43         Displaying Ethernet port attributes.       45         Displaying Ethernet port utilization.       47		
Displaying stack port interfaces	Displaying stack ports information	
Displaying stack port interfaces	Displaying stack port statistics	
Displaying Ethernet port statistics		
Displaying Ethernet port statistics	Monitoring Ports	
Displaying Ethernet port attributes	Displaying Ethernet port statistics	
Displaying Ethernet port utilization		

Displaying the management port real-time information	
Displaying port inline power for Brocade ICX devices	
Displaying inline power details	
Displaying inline power statistics	
Monitoring STP	
Displaying STP information	
Monitoring RSTP	63
Displaying RSTP information	63
Monitoring IP	65
Displaying IP cache	
Displaying IP traffic information for devices running Layer 2 code	
Displaying IP traffic information for devices running Layer 3 code	
Monitoring RMON	77
Displaying RMON history	77
Displaying RMON Ethernet statistics	
Changing polling interval	
Displaying RMON Ethernet error statistics	
Configuring Stack Components	
Configuring the general settings for a traditional stack	
Viewing stack priority details	
Modifying stack ports	
Configuring a stack module	
Configuring System Components	
Configuring the system clock	
Configuring the system DNS	
Configuring the general system settings	
Configuring the system identification	
Configuring the system IP address	
Configuring a standard ACL	
Configuring an extended ACL	
Configuring an IP access group	
Configuring the system MAC filter	
Configuring a filter group	
Configuring the maximum system parameter value	
Configuring a system module	
Configuring a RADIUS server	
Configuring a TACACS/TACACS+ server	
Configuring management authentication	
Configuring management authorization	
Configuring management accounting	
Configuring an SNMP community string	
Configuring the general management parameters	
Configuring a management system log	
Adding a log server	
Configuring a trap	
Configuring a trap receiver	
Configuring a management user account	

Configuring the web management preferences	
Configuring Port Parameters	
Configuring an Ethernet port	
Configuring port inline power	
Configuring a management port	
Configuring the port uplink relative utilization	
Configuring Monitor and Mirror Port	
Configuring a mirror port	
Configuring a monitor port	
Configuring QoS	
Configuring the QoS profile	
Configuring the QoS profile bind	
Configuring VLAN	
Configuring a port VLAN	
Modifying a port VLAN	
Configuring STP	157
Configuring STP parameters	
Changing STP bridge parameters	
Changing STP port parameters	
Configuring RSTP	165
Configuring RSTP parameters	
Changing RSTP bridge parameters	
Changing RSTP port parameters	
Configuring LAGs	
Configuring a static dynamic or keep-alive LAG	
Displaying a configured LAG	
Configuring a Static Station	
Adding a static station	
Modifying a static station	
Configuring IP	
Configuring the router IP address	
Configuring a standard ACL	
Configuring an extended ACL	
Configuring an IP access group	
Configuring an IP Autonomous System-path access list	
Configuring an IP community list	
Configuring an IP prefix list	
Configuring a DNS entry	
Configuring the general IP settings	
Configuring IP interfaces	
Configuring a static ARP	
Configuring a static RARP	
Configuring a static route	
Configuring a UDP helper	
Enabling forwarding for a UDP application	
Specifying the UDP application	

Configuring RIP	
Configuring the general RIP settings	
Configuring a RIP interface	
Configuring a RIP neighbor filter	
Configuring a RIP neighbor filter Configuring a RIP redistribution filter	
Basic Device Commands Clearing information for a Layer 2 switch	
Clearing information for a Layer 2 switch	
Clearing information for a Layer 3 switch Disabling or enabling the menu view	
Disabling or enabling the menu view	
Logging out	
Reloading units in a stack	
Logging out Reloading units in a stack Saving the configuration to flash Switching over to the active role	
Switching over to the active role	
Accessing the Telnet command prompt	
Accessing the Telnet command prompt Performing a trace	
Using TFTP	
Configuring TETP	223
Configuring a TFTP image	

#### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

# Preface

•	Document conventions	7
•	Brocade resources	. 8
•	Document feedback	8
•	Contacting Brocade Technical Support	9

### **Document conventions**

The document conventions describe text formatting conventions, command syntax conventions, and important notice formats used in Brocade technical documentation.

### Notes, cautions, and warnings

Notes, cautions, and warning statements may be used in this document. They are listed in the order of increasing severity of potential hazards.

#### NOTE

A Note provides a tip, guidance, or advice, emphasizes important information, or provides a reference to related information.

#### ATTENTION

An Attention statement indicates a stronger note, for example, to alert you when traffic might be interrupted or the device might reboot.



#### CAUTION

A Caution statement alerts you to situations that can be potentially hazardous to you or cause damage to hardware, firmware, software, or data.



#### DANGER

A Danger statement indicates conditions or situations that can be potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to you. Safety labels are also attached directly to products to warn of these conditions or situations.

### Text formatting conventions

Text formatting conventions such as boldface, italic, or Courier font may be used to highlight specific words or phrases.

Format	Description
bold text	Identifies command names.
	Identifies keywords and operands.
	Identifies the names of GUI elements.
	Identifies text to enter in the GUI.
<i>italic</i> text	Identifies emphasis.
	Identifies variables.
	Identifies document titles.
Courier font	Identifies CLI output.

#### Format

#### Description

Identifies command syntax examples.

### Command syntax conventions

Bold and italic text identify command syntax components. Delimiters and operators define groupings of parameters and their logical relationships.

Convention	Description	
bold text	Identifies command names, keywords, and command options.	
<i>italic</i> text	Identifies a variable.	
value	In Fibre Channel products, a fixed value provided as input to a command option is printed in plain text, for example,show WWN.	
[]	Syntax components displayed within square brackets are optional.	
	Default responses to system prompts are enclosed in square brackets.	
{ x   y   z }	A choice of required parameters is enclosed in curly brackets separated by vertical bars. You must select one of the options.	
	In Fibre Channel products, square brackets may be used instead for this purpose.	
x   y	A vertical bar separates mutually exclusive elements.	
<>	Nonprinting characters, for example, passwords, are enclosed in angle brackets.	
	Repeat the previous element, for example, member[member].	
١	Indicates a "soft" line break in command examples. If a backslash separates two lines of a command input, enter the entire command at the prompt without the backslash.	

### **Brocade resources**

Visit the Brocade website to locate related documentation for your product and additional Brocade resources.

White papers, data sheets, and the most recent versions of Brocade software and hardware manuals are available at www.brocade.com. Product documentation for all supported releases is available to registered users at MyBrocade.

Click the **Support** tab and select **Document Library** to access documentation on MyBrocade or www.brocade.com You can locate documentation by product or by operating system.

Release notes are bundled with software downloads on MyBrocade. Links to software downloads are available on the MyBrocade landing page and in the Document Library.

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- By sending your feedback to documentation@brocade.com

Provide the publication title, part number, and as much detail as possible, including the topic heading and page number if applicable, as well as your suggestions for improvement.

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Online	Telephone	E-mail
<ul> <li>Preferred method of contact for non-urgent issues:</li> <li>Case management through the MyBrocade portal.</li> <li>Quick Access links to Knowledge Base, Community, Document Library, Software Downloads and Licensing tools</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Required for Sev 1-Critical and Sev 2-High issues:</li> <li>Continental US: 1-800-752-8061</li> <li>Europe, Middle East, Africa, and Asia Pacific: +800-AT FIBREE (+800 28 34 27 33)</li> <li>Toll-free numbers are available in many countries.</li> <li>For areas unable to access a toll-free number: +1-408-333-6061</li> </ul>	support@brocade.com Please include: Problem summary Serial number Installation details Environment description

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- OEM/solution providers are trained and certified by Brocade to support Brocade® products.
- Brocade provides backline support for issues that cannot be resolved by the OEM/solution provider.
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- For questions regarding service levels and response times, contact your OEM/solution provider.

# **About This Document**

•	Supported hardware	1	1
•	What's new in this document	1	1

### Supported hardware

This guide supports the web management interface for the following hardware platforms:

- ICX 7750 Series
- ICX 7450 Series
- ICX 7250 Series

For information about the specific models and modules supported in a product family, refer to the hardware installation guide for that product family.

### What's new in this document

IPsec support for web management is added in the FastIron 08.0.50 release.

# Getting Started with the GUI

•	Access requirements	13	3
•	Prerequisite configuration	13	3
	Logging in to the Web Management Interface		
•	Logging out of the Web Management Interface	17	7
	Using the Web Management Interface	17	7

### Access requirements

The Web Management Interface is a browser-based interface that allows administrators to manage and monitor a single Brocade device or a group of Brocade devices connected together. For many of the features on a Brocade device, the Web Management Interface can be used as an alternate to the CLI for creating new configurations, modifying existing ones, and monitoring the traffic on a device.

The Web Management Interface can be accessed from a management station using a web browser through an HTTP connection. The management options can be accessed from a menu tree or a list. The menu tree view is available when you use the Web Management Interface with the following web browsers:

- Netscape 4.0 or higher
- Internet Explorer 4.0 or higher
- Safari 3.1
- Google Chrome
- Mozilla Firefox
- Opera

For all the other older browsers, the Web Management Interface displays only the list view.

#### NOTE

Web management pages may not get properly displayed with Google Chrome when Network Mapper (Nmap 6.4) is active.

## Prerequisite configuration

The following steps must be completed to enable access to the Web Management Interface.

1. Connect a PC via a serial connection to the Brocade switch using the console port. Use a terminal program such as PuTTY to access the Command Line Interface (CLI).

If the switch is already connected to a network, the switch will automatically receive its IP configuration via DHCP. To check the IP configuration of the switch, use the **show ip** command.

If the switch is not connected to a network or you wish to assign an IP address manually, then use the commands described in step 2, otherwise go to step 3.

2. Assign an IP address to the Brocade switch using the Command Line Interface (CLI).

```
device> enable
device# configure terminal
device(config)# ip address 10.37.71.212/24
device(config)# ip default-gateway 10.37.71.129
```

For more information on assigning IP addresses for a device, refer to the *Brocade FastIron Layer 3 Routing Configuration Guide*.

3. Generate a Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certificate and then configure a username and password to log in.

```
device(config)# crypto-ssl certificate generate
device(config)# username brocade password brocade
device(config)# aaa authentication login default local
device(config)# aaa authentication web-server default local
```

It may take several minutes to generate the certificate key.

4. Save the configuration.

device(config)# write memory

### Logging in to the Web Management Interface

To log in to the Web Management Interface, perform the following steps.

1. Open a web browser and enter the IP address of the management port in the Location or Address field.

The web browser contacts the Brocade device and displays the login page, as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 1 Web Management Interface login page



#### NOTE

If you are unable to connect with the device through a web browser due to a proxy problem, it may be necessary to set your web browser for direct Internet access instead of using a proxy. For information on how to change a proxy setting, refer to the online help provided with your web browser. 2. Click Login. The dialog box as shown in the figure below is displayed.

FIGURE 2 User name and password dialog box

Prompt	
(i)	Enter username and password for "Web Admin" at http://10.44.9.64 User Name:
	Password:
	Use Password Manager to remember this password.

Enter the user name and password that you created using the CLI as described in Prerequisite configuration on page 13.
 The figure below displays the home page of the Web Management Interface for a Layer 2 switch.

FIGURE 3 Home page for Layer 2 switch features

		General System Configuration
	Identification	
	IP Address	
Monitor     Configure	DNS Po	licy Based VLANs 🔽 Port
	DHCP Gateway	Spanning Tree O Disable 💿 Enable 🗖 Single 🗹 Fast
	Clock	QOS C Strict 💿 Weighted
	ACL H	Per Port Per VLAN O Disable 💿 Enable
	MAC Filter	IP Multicast © Disable © Enable
	Config Module	IGMP O Passive O Active
	Max-Parameter	Advance Apply Reset
	RADIUS	
	TACACS	
	Management	
	[Home][Site M	[ap][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

The figure below displays the home page of the Web Management Interface for a Layer 3 switch.

FIGURE 4 Home page for Layer 3 switch features

BROCADE	General System Configuration	
HISTORY Statistic Configure Stack General Priority Stack-Ports Module Boot sequence Clock General Identification IP Address Standard ACL Extended ACL IP Access Group MAC Filter Max-Parameter Module Radius Tacacs Management Authentication Mether	Identification       IP       Address         Clock       MAC Filter       Config Module         Max-Parameter       RADIUS       ACL Per Port Per VLAN @ Disable @ Enable         RIP @ Disable @ Enable       Bable @ Enable         Advance       Apply       Reset	Mixed-sp-wrr

#### NOTE

If you are using Internet Explorer 6.0 to view the Web Management Interface, make sure the version you are running includes the latest service packs. Otherwise, the navigation tree (the left-most pane in the two figures above) will not display properly. For information on how to load the latest service packs, refer to the online help provided with your web browser.

### Logging out of the Web Management Interface

You can log out of the Web Management Interface in two ways:

- Click Logout on the window.
- · Click Command in the left pane and select Logout.

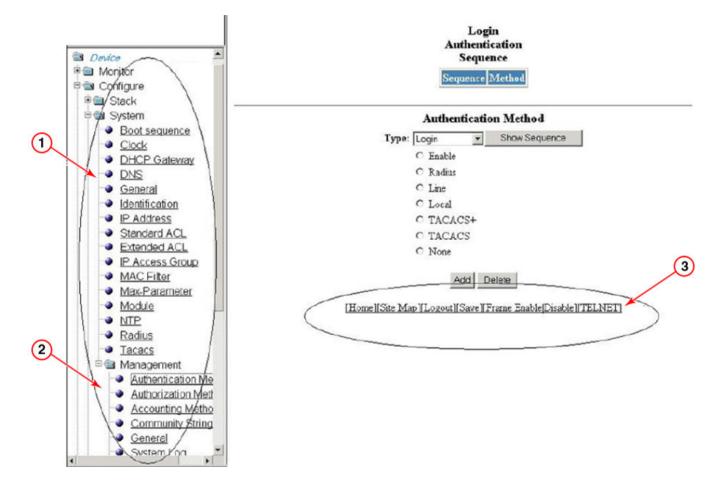
## Using the Web Management Interface

The following procedure explains in detail about using the Web Management Interface.

- 1. Click the plus sign (+) next to Configure in the tree view to expand the list of configuration options.
- 2. Click the plus sign (+) next to System in the tree view to expand the list of system configuration links.
- 3. Click the plus sign (+) next to Management in the tree view to expand the list of system management links.
- 4. Click Authentication Methods to display the Authentication Method panel.

5. Enable or disable elements on the Web Management Interface by clicking the appropriate options on the panel. The figure below identifies the elements you can change.

FIGURE 5 Web Management Interface elements



- 1. Menu Type (Tree view)
- 2. Menu Frame
- 3. Shortcut links

#### NOTE

The tree view is available when you use the Web Management Interface with Netscape 4.0 or higher or Internet Explorer 4.0 or higher. If you use the Web Management Interface with an older browser, the Web Management Interface displays the list view only, and the Web Management Preferences panel does not include an option to display the tree view.

- 6. When you have finished, click Add on the panel to add the authentication types. Click Delete to remove authentication types.
- 7. To save the configuration, click the plus sign (+) next to the Command folder, and then click Save to Flash.

#### NOTE

The only changes that become permanent are the settings to the Menu Type and the Panel Frame. Any other elements you enable or disable will go back to their default settings the next time you start the Web Management Interface.

#### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

Using the Web Management Interface

### Web Management Interface areas

The following sections describe the Web Management Interface areas and how to use them.

#### Menu tree or list

The left panel shows the menu tree or list of options. The interface can be set up to display a menu tree or a list of options. You can enable or disable the menu tree view in two ways:

- Click Frame Enable Disable on the bottom of the window.
- Click Command and select Disable Frame
- .

#### Configuration panel

The configuration panel consists of the tables with the field elements that display information or the input fields for which the values have to be entered. The input fields can be of four types:

- Fields into which data must be entered using the keyboard.
- Lists from which one of several options can be chosen.
- Options allow you to select only one of the settings or features of a set of options.
- · Check boxes allow you to turn on or off a parameter and you can also make multiple selections.

After entering the values, you must click the appropriate button to configure the values.

#### Shortcuts to functions and other panels

All the pages in the Web Management Interface provide shortcut links to the functions that are specific to that page and to other panels. All of the Web Management Interface panels have the following links:

- [Home] --Returns you to the home page of the Web Management Interface.
- [Site Map] -- Lists all options available from the Web Management Interface with links to the panels for those options. Use the Site Map link to move through the interface if the menu is not displayed.
- [Logout] -- Logs you out of the Web Management Interface.
- [Save] -- Saves the changes you entered on the panels.
- [TELNET] -- Opens a Telnet session to the device.
- [Frame Enable|Disable] --Enables or disables the bookmark options available in the left panel. If frames are disabled, you will not be able to choose any of the options on the web preference panel that use frames.

# **Monitoring Basic Device Information**

•	Displaying the ARP cache	21
•	Displaying the device information	
•	Displaying flash information	
•	Displaying memory information	
•	Displaying the front panel	
•	Displaying MAC addresses	
•	Displaying the system log	

## Displaying the ARP cache

The Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) cache table contains entries that map IP addresses to Media Access Control (MAC) addresses. There are two types of ARP entries: static (user-configured) and dynamic (learned).

To display the ARP cache information, click Monitor on the left pane and select ARP Cache.

The ARP Cache window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

#### FIGURE 6 Monitoring the ARP cache

#### TABLE 1 Description of the fields in the ARP Cache window

Field	Description
Node	Displays the IP address of the device.
MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the device.
Туре	Displays the type of ARP entry, which can be one of the following:
	<ul> <li>DynamicThe Layer 3 switch learned the entry from an incoming packet.</li> </ul>
	• StaticThe Layer 3 switch loaded the entry from the static ARP table when the device for the entry was connected to the Layer 3 switch.
Age	Displays the number of minutes the entry has remained unused. If this value reaches the ARP aging period, the entry is removed from the cache.
	<b>NOTE</b> Static entries do not age out.

Field	Description
Port	Displays the port attached to the device for which the entry was made. For dynamic entries, this is the port on which the entry was learned.
	The port number for Brocade ICX devices is stack-unit/slotnum/portnum
VLAN ID	Displays the VLAN Identifier of the port, which learned the entry.

#### TABLE 1 Description of the fields in the ARP Cache window (continued)

# Displaying the device information

To display the device information, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Device.

Select a stack Identifier from the Stack Unit ID list and click Display to view the information for any device in an IronStack.
 The Device Information window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 7 Monitoring the device information

BROCADE	Device Information		
	Stack Unit ID:	1 V Display	
SICA	Role:	member	
🖻 📾 Monitor	System Up Time:	1 hours 26 minutes 56 seconds	
Arp Cache	System Started At:	00:15:31 Pacific Fri Jan 30 2015	
<ul> <li>Device</li> <li>Flash</li> </ul>	System Clock:	Jan 30 01:42:03	
Memory Front Panel	Running Image Version:	SW: Version 08.0.30q068T213 Compiled on Jan 28 2015 at 12:13:01 labeled as SPR08030q068	
MAC Address	Flash Primary Image Version:	08.0.30T213, size=31539396	
System Log	Flash Secondary Image Version:	08.0.30T213, size=31539396	
₽ m Stack	Boot Image Version:	10.1.04T215, size=786944	
B Port	Temperature:	63.5 C	
STP	Warning temperature:	75.0 C	
BSTP	Shutdown temperature:	105.0 C	
👻 🧰 IP	CPU Utilization 1 sec avg:	1 % busy	
🖻 🧰 RMON	CPU Utilization 5 secs avg:	1 % busy	
🕮 🛅 Configure	CPU Utilization 60 secs avg:	1 % busy	
🖲 🎯 Command	CPU Utilization 300 secs avg:	1 % busy	
	Serial Number:	DUO3245K00A	
	License:	ICX7250_L3_SOFT_PACKAGE (LID: fwqIHJKmFFc)	
	Power Supply 1:	Power supply 1 (NA - AC - PoE) present, status ok Fan Air Flow Direction: Front to Back	
	Power Supply 2:	Power supply 2 not present	
	Fan 1:	Fan 1 ok, speed (auto): [[1]]<->2	
		Fan 2 ok, speed (auto): [[1]]<->2	

TABLE 2 Description of the fields in the Device Information window

Field	Description
Stack Unit ID	Displays the number of the unit within a stack.
Role	Displays the role of the device, which can be <i>Active</i> , <i>Standby</i> , <i>Member</i> , or <i>alone</i> . If the role is <i>alone</i> , the device is operating as a standalone device.
System Up Time	Displays the quantity of time the system has been running since the last restart.
System Started At	Displays the time when the system started.
System Clock	Displays the time configured in the system.
Running Image Version	Displays the software version currently running and some details on the version.
Flash Primary Image Version	Displays the release number and size of the software loaded on the primary flash.
Flash Secondary Image Version	Displays the release number and size of the software loaded on the secondary flash.
Boot Image Version	Displays the release number and size of the boot image.
Temperature	This field displays the actual temperature. The color of the degrees provides a visual indicator for the device:
	Green—The temperature is within the normal operating range.
	Orange—The temperature has reached the warning level.
	Red—The temperature has reached the shutdown level.

TABLE 2 Description of the fields in the Device Information window (continued)

Field	Description
Warning temperature	Displays the warning level temperature.
Shutdown temperature	Displays the shutdown level temperature.
CPU Utilization	Displays the percentage of CPU being used by the device at 1- second, 5-second, 1-minute, and 5-minute intervals.
Serial Number	Displays the serial number of the device.
License	Displays the software license and License ID (LID) of the device.
Power Supply 1	Displays the status of the primary power supply.
Power Supply 2	Displays the status of the secondary power supply, if present.
Fan 1	Displays the status of the primary cooling fan.
Fan 2	Displays the status of the secondary cooling fan, if present.
	<b>NOTE</b> There is an entry for each fan in the device.

NOTE

License details and serial number are not displayed for PE devices on an SPX stack.

## **Displaying flash information**

To display the flash information, click Monitor on the left pane and select Flash.

The Flash Information window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 8 Monitoring the flash information

ROCADE	Flash Information				
Unit ID	Compressed Pri Code	Compressed Sec Code	Compressed BootROM Code		
1CX6430-48 Switch	Size Version	Size Version	Size	Version	Code Flash Free Space
	8272492 (ICX64S08020q033.bin)	8295076 (ICX64S08020q042.bin)	786944	10.1.03T310	4587520
	8272492 (ICX64S08020q033.bin)	8295076 (ICX64S08020q042.bin)	786944	10.1.03T310	6963200
Device	8272492 08.0.20qT311(ICX64S08020q033.bin)	8295076 08.0.20qT311(ICX64S08020q042.bin)	786944	10.1.03T310	6881280
Flash     Memory	8272492 08.0.20qT311 (ICX64S08020q033.bin)	8295076 08.0.20qT311 (ICX64S08020q042.bin)	786944	10.1.03T310	6918144
P Stack P Port P STP STP P IP P STP P RMON Configure Command					

The table below describes the fields in the Flash Information window.

#### TABLE 3 Description of the fields in the Flash Information window

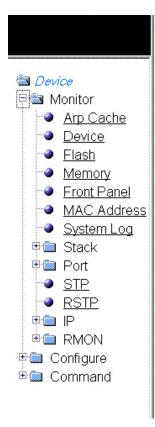
Field	Description
Unit ID	Displays the number of the unit within a stack.
Compressed Pri Code	Displays the compressed size and version for the primary code.
Compressed Sec Code	Displays the compressed size and version for the secondary code.
Compressed BootROM Code	Displays the compressed size and version for the BootROM code.
Code Flash Free Space	Displays the amount of free space available on the flash memory.

### **Displaying memory information**

To display the memory information of the device, click Monitor on the left pane and select Memory.

The Memory Information window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 9 Monitoring the memory information



#### Memory Information

Unit ID To	T-+-1 DD ABT	Dynamic Memory				
	1 otal DRAM	Total(bytes)	Free(bytes)	Used(%		
1	0	536870912	536870912	0		

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

TABLE 4 Description of the fields in the Memory Information window

Field	Description
Unit ID	Displays the number of the unit within a stack.
Total DRAM	Displays the size (in bytes) of dynamic random access memory (DRAM).
Dynamic Memory	Displays the total number of bytes in dynamic memory, including the number of bytes that are available (free or unused), and the percentage of memory used.

# Displaying the front panel

The front panel of the device allows you to view the modules in each device and the ports within each module.

The front panel shows the status of devices using colors. Green ports are connected, and gray ports are not connected. Ports of the same color on two units are connected with cables. A gray uplink port is not connected to a device. Ports with amber LEDs linked up have downgraded speeds from their default speeds.

#### NOTE

In 802.1BR system, the front panel display is supported only for CB units. PE units are not displayed in the front panel.

### Status LED display

The status LEDs that appear on the front panel provide information about system activity. The figure below shows the LEDs that appear on the front panel of ICX 7750 device.

FIGURE 10 Front panel LEDs



For more information about the LED labels and status indicators in Brocade devices, refer respective Hardware Installation Guides.

### Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7750 device

To display the front panel, click Monitor on the left panel and select Front Panel.

The figure below shows the front panel of the Brocade ICX 7750 device.

#### FIGURE 11 Brocade ICX 7750 device front panel

BROCADE	Console STACK ID PSU1 PSU2 RESET RESET RESET RESET RENT BROCADE ICX 7750 - 48F
<ul> <li>General Monitor</li> <li>→ Arp Cache</li> <li>→ Device</li> <li>→ Flash</li> <li>→ Memory</li> </ul>	1       3       5       7       9       11       13       15       17       19       21       23       25       27       29       31       33       35       37       39       41       43       45       47       XL2/4       XL2/4
	Back Panel
Stack-Port     Status     Statistic:     Interface     Resource	

### Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7450 device

To display the front panel, click Monitor on the left panel and select Front Panel.

The figure below shows the front panel of the Brocade ICX 7450 device.

FIGURE 12 Brocade ICX 7450 device front panel

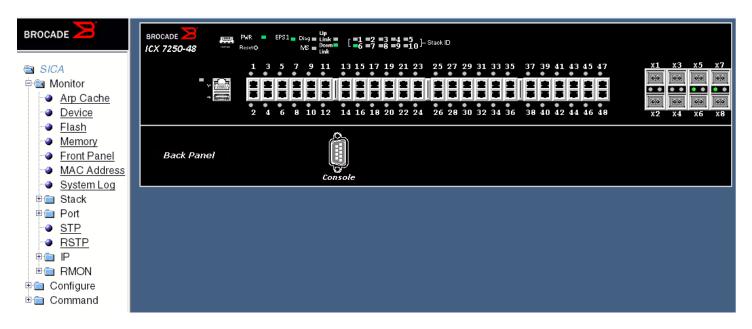
BROCADE	∠ L/A=Link/Act, S=Speed Link/Act/Speed E
<ul> <li>SP8-24P</li> <li>➡ Monitor</li> <li>➡ Arp Cache</li> <li>➡ Device</li> <li>➡ Elash</li> </ul>	BROCADE ICX 7450-24P Console Mgmt PSU2
Memory     Front Panel     MAC Address     System Log	Back Panel

### Displaying the front panel for the Brocade ICX 7250 device

To display the front panel, click Monitor on the left panel and select Front Panel.

The figure below shows the front panel of the Brocade ICX 7250-48 device.

FIGURE 13 Brocade ICX 7250 device front panel

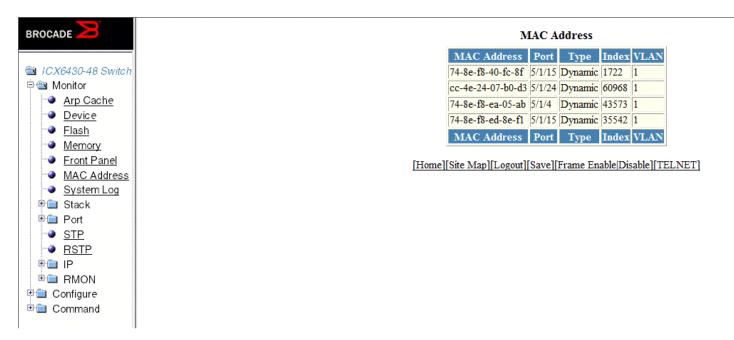


### **Displaying MAC addresses**

To display the list of MAC addresses that have been learned by the device, click Monitor on the left pane and select MAC Address.

The MAC Address window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 14 Monitoring the MAC address



The table below describes the fields in the MAC Address window.

#### TABLE 5 Description of the fields in the MAC Address window

Field	Description
MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the device.
Port	Displays the port attached to the device for which the entry was made. For dynamic entries, this is the port on which the entry was learned.
Туре	<ul> <li>Displays the type of the entry, which can be one of the following:</li> <li>Dynamic—The MAC address changes if the Active Controller changes.</li> <li>Static—The MAC address will not change if the Active Controller changes.</li> </ul>
Index	Displays the index of the entry in the MAC address table.
VLAN	Displays the port-based VLAN that contains this (instance of) spanning tree. VLAN 1 is the default VLAN. If you have not configured port-based VLANs on this device, all STP information is for VLAN 1.

## Displaying the system log

The software provides two types of system log buffers:

- Static—Logs power supply failures, fan failures, and temperature warning or shutdown messages.
- Dynamic–Logs all other message types.

To display the current information of the system log buffer, click Monitor on the left pane and select System Log.

The Dynamic System Log Buffer window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

#### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

Time Stamp	Severity	Message
		Security: Web login by set from src IP 172.31.0.1 src MAC 0200.0000.0003
And the set of the second set of the second set of the	he and a state of a second state of a	STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/2/2 STP State -> FORWARDING (FwdDlyExpiry)
	Ex. 21 ( ) 2	STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/2/1 STP State -> FORWARDING (FwdDlyExpiry)
Andread States All States and All States	the state of the second second second	STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/1/24 STP State -> FORWARDING (FwdDlyExpiry)
		STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/1/15 STP State -> FORWARDING (FwdDlyExpiry)
	1. C. B. C.	STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/2/2 STP State -> LEARNING (FwdDlyExpiry)
	1	STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/2/1 STP State -> LEARNING (FwdDlyExpiry)
		STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/1/24 STP State -> LEARNING (FwdDlyExpiry)
22 days 16h:03m:13s	infomational	STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/1/15 STP State -> LEARNING (FwdDlyExpiry)
Contraction for a sense of a sense of the	her wanter source of a work of a	System: Interface ethernet 1/2/2, state up
22 days 16h:03m:09s	infomational	STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/2/2 STP State -> LISTENING (MakeFwding)
22 days 16h:03m:09s	infomational	System: Interface ethernet 1/2/1, state up
22 days 16h:03m:09s	infomational	STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/2/1 STP State -> LISTENING (MakeFwding)
22 days 16h:03m:09s	infomational	System: Interface ethernet 1/1/24, state up
22 days 16h:03m:09s	infomational	STP: VLAN 1 Port 1/1/24 STP State -> LISTENING (MakeFwding)
Time Stamp	Severity	Message
		Next Page
		[Show Static System Log Buffer]
	[Home][Site	Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]
	The series II will	

The table below describes the fields in the Dynamic System Log Buffer window.

#### TABLE 6 Description of the fields in the Dynamic System Log Buffer window

Field	Description
Time Stamp	Displays the system uptime in DD:HH:MM:SS or the actual time if the date and time was set.
Severity	Displays the severity of the event.
Message	Displays the description of the event.

To view the next set of the **Dynamic System Log Buffer** entries, click **Next Page**. To display the static system log buffer information, click **Show Static System Log Buffer**.

The Static System Log Buffer window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

#### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

	Static S	System Log Buffer
Time Stamp	Severity	Message
00 days 00h:00m:21s	alert	System: Fan 1 (bottom row, leftmost), failed
00 days 00h:00m:21s	alert	System: Fan 2 (bottom row, middle), failed
00 days 00h:00m:21s	alert	System: Fan 3 (bottom row, rightmost), failed
00 days 00h:00m:21s	alert	System: Fan 4 (top row, leftmost), failed
00 days 00h:00m:21s	alert	System: Fan 5 (top row, middle), failed
00 days 00h:00m:21s	alert	System: Fan 6 (top row, rightmost), failed
Time Stamp	Severity	Message
<u>[Home][Site Mar</u>	>][Logoiut]	[Save][Frame Enable Disable][TELNET]

For information on the Static System Log Buffer fields, refer to the table above.

#### Brocade FastIron Web Management Interface User Guide, 08.0.50 53-1004462-01

# **Monitoring Stacks**

•	Displaying the stack details	33
	Displaying a stack module	
	Displaying stack neighbors	
	Displaying stack ports information	
	Displaying stack port statistics	
	Displaying stack port interfaces	

## Displaying the stack details

To display current stack details, stack port status, and stack neighbors information, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Stack.

#### 2. Click Details.

The Stack Details window is displayed in the figure below.

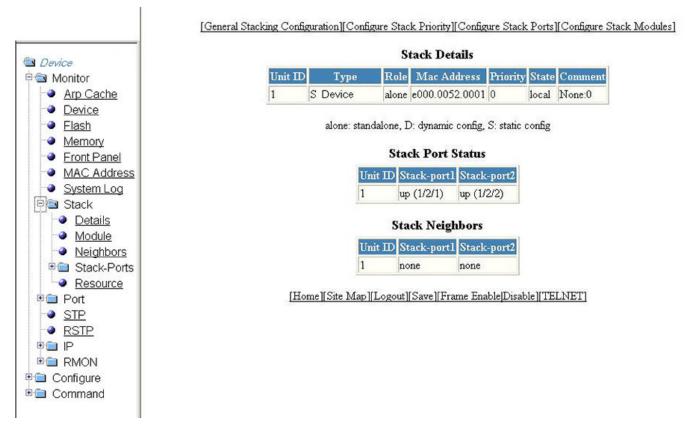


TABLE 7 Description of the fields in the Stack Details window

Field	Description
Stack Details parameters	
Unit ID	Displays the number of the unit within a stack.
Туре	Displays the type of configuration and the device model. The types of configuration are as follows:
	• <i>alone</i> Indicates that the device is operating as a standalone device.
	• <i>S</i> Indicates that the configuration for this unit is static.
	<ul> <li>DIndicates that the configuration for this unit is dynamic and may be overwritten by a new stack unit.</li> </ul>
Role	Displays the role of this unit within the stack: <i>Active</i> , <i>Standby</i> , <i>Member</i> , or <i>alone</i> .
Mac Address	Displays the MAC address of the device.
Priority	Displays the priority assigned to this unit.
State	Displays the operational state of this unit: <i>local</i> or <i>remote</i> .
Comment	Displays additional information about this unit.
Stack Port Status parameters	·
Unit ID	Displays the number of the unit within a stack.

Field	Description
Stack-port1	Displays the port state and the port number for stack-port1. The port states are as follows:
	• <i>up</i> Each end is connected.
	• <i>down</i> Port is configured as a stacking port, but not connected.
	• <i>none</i> Port is not configured as a stacking port.
Stack-port2	Displays the port state and the port number for stack-port2. The port states are as follows:
	• <i>up</i> Each end is connected.
	• <i>down</i> Port is configured as a stacking port, but not connected.
	• <i>none</i> Port is not configured as a stacking port.
Stack Neighbors parameters	
Unit ID	Displays the number of the unit within a stack.
Stack-port1	Displays the neighbor stack unit for stack-port1 for this unit ID.
Stack-port2	Displays the neighbor stack unit for stack-port2 for this unit ID.

TABLE 7 Description of the fields in the Stack Details window (continued)

The Stack Details window provides links to configure the stack components:

- To change the stack settings, click **General Stacking Configuration**. For more information, refer to Configuring the general settings for a traditional stack on page 87.
- To view the priority of units within a stack, click **Configure Stack Priority**. For more information, refer to Viewing stack priority details on page 88.
- To configure a stack port, click Configure Stack Ports. For more information, refer to the "Modifying stack ports" section.
- To configure a stack module, click **Configure Stack Modules**. For more information, refer to the "Configuring a stack module" section.

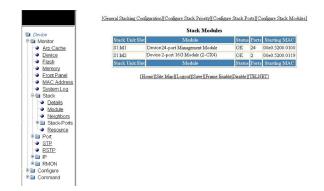
### Displaying a stack module

To display current information about the stack unit modules, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Stack.

#### 2. Click Module.

The **Stack Modules** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.



#### TABLE 8 Description of the fields in the Stack Modules window

Field	Description
Stack Unit: Slot	Displays the number of the unit within the stack and the slot number.
Module	Displays the device information, such as module number and module type.
Status	<ul> <li>Displays the status, which can be one of the following:</li> <li>OK The module came up and is operating normally.</li> <li>CFGThe module is configured, but does not physically exist within the units of the stack.</li> </ul>
Ports	Displays the number of ports on the module.
Starting MAC	Displays the starting MAC address for this module.

The Stack Modules window provides links to configure the stack components:

- To change the stack settings, click **General Stacking Configuration**. For more information, refer to Configuring the general settings for a traditional stack on page 87.
- To configure the priority of units within a stack, click **Configure Stack Priority**. For more information, refer to the "Modifying a stack priority" section.
- To configure a stack port, click **Configure Stack Ports**. For more information, refer to the "Modifying stack ports" section.
- To configure a stack module, click **Configure Stack Modules**. For more information, refer to the "Configuring Stack Components" section.

## **Displaying stack neighbors**

To display information of the stack member neighbors, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Stack.

#### 2. Click Neighbors.

The Stack Neighbors window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

	Stack Neighbors
P Monitor	Unit ID Stack-port1 Stack-port2
Arp Cache	1 none none
Device	
Elash	Topology Linear, 1 unit(s), order: 1
Memory	[Home] Site Map][Logout] Save] Frame Enable Disable] TELNET]
Front Panel	Trome Site Map    Logout    Save    Frame Enable Lisable    IELLAB1
MAC Address	
System Log	
🖻 🖼 Stack	
Details	
Module	
Neighbors	
B Stack-Ports	
- Resource	
🖲 Port	
STP	
<u>RSTP</u>	
P P	
* RMON	
Configure     Command	

#### TABLE 9 Description of the fields in the Stack Neighbors window

Field	Description
Unit ID	Displays the number of the unit within the stack.
Stack-port1	Displays the neighbor stack unit for stack-port1 for this unit ID.
Stack-port2	Displays the neighbor stack unit for stack-port2 for this unit ID.
Topology	Displays either <i>Linear</i> or <i>Ring</i> stack topology of the connected devices.
unit(s)	Displays the number of units within the stack.
order	Displays the order of the unit IDs within the stack.

The Stack Neighbors window provides links to configure the stack components:

- To change the stack settings, click **General Stacking Configuration**. For more information, refer to Configuring the general settings for a traditional stack on page 87.
- To configure the priority of units within a stack, click **Configure Stack Priority**. For more information, refer to the "Modifying a stack priority" section.
- To configure a stack port, click Configure Stack Ports . For more information, refer to the "Modifying stack ports" section.
- To configure a stack module, click **Configure Stack Modules** . For more information, refer to "Configuring a stack module" section.

# **Displaying stack ports information**

To display the information of the stack ports, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Stack .

2. Click Stack-Ports and then select Status .

The Stack Port Status window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 15 Monitoring stack port status

Device	Stack Port Status
Monitor	Unit ID Stack-port1 Stack-port2
Arp Cache	1 up (1/2/1) up (1/2/2)
Device	a ab (sum s) lab (sum a)
<ul> <li>Elash</li> </ul>	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable[Disable][TELNET]
Memory	
Front Panel	
MAC Address	
<ul> <li>MAC Address</li> <li>System Log</li> </ul>	
P Stack	
Stack Details	
Module	
<ul> <li>Neighbors</li> </ul>	
Ba Stack-Ports	
<ul> <li>Status</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Statistics</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Interface</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Resource</li> </ul>	
🖻 💼 Port	
- STP	
<u>RSTP</u>	
e 🚔 IP	
🖻 🚍 RMON	
Configure	
Command	

TABLE 10 Description of the fields in the Stack Port Status window

Field	Description
Unit ID	Displays the number of the unit within the stack.
Stack-port1	Displays the port state and the port number for stack-port1 for this unit ID.
	The port states are as follows:
	• <i>up</i> Each end is connected.
	• <i>down</i> Port is configured as a stacking port, but not connected.
	• <i>none</i> Port is not configured as a stacking port.
Stack-port2	Displays the port state and the port number for stack-port2 for this unit ID.
	The port states are:
	• <i>up</i> Each end is connected.
	• <i>down</i> Port is configured as a stacking port, but not connected.
	• <i>none</i> Port is not configured as a stacking port.

The Stack Port Status window provides links to configure the stack components:

- To change the stack settings, click **General Stacking Configuration**. For more information, refer to Configuring the general settings for a traditional stack on page 87.
- To view the priority of units within a stack, click **Configure Stack Priority**. For more information, refer to Viewing stack priority details on page 88.
- To configure a stack port, click Configure Stack Ports . For more information, refer to Modifying stack ports on page 89.
- To configure a stack module, click **Configure Stack Modules** . For more information, refer to Configuring a stack module on page 91.

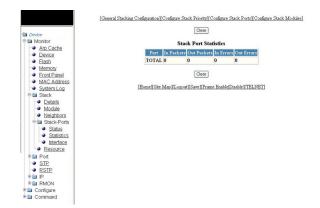
# **Displaying stack port statistics**

To display stack port information for all ports in an IronStack topology, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Stack .
- 2. Click Stack-Ports and then select Statistics .

The Stack Port Statistics window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 16 Monitoring stack port statistics



#### TABLE 11 Description of the fields in the Stack Port Statistics window

Field	Description
Port	Displays the stack identification number for this port.
In Packets	Displays the number of incoming packets on this port.
Out Packets	Displays the number of outgoing packets on this port.
In Errors	Displays the number of errors on the incoming packets on this port.
Out Errors	Displays the number of errors on the outgoing packets on this port.

To clear the information and begin a new monitoring cycle, click **Clear**. The **Stack Port Statistics** window provides links to configure the stack components:

- To change the stack settings, click **General Stacking Configuration**. For more information, refer to Configuring the general settings for a traditional stack on page 87.
- To view the priority of units within a stack, click **Configure Stack Priority**. For more information, refer to Viewing stack priority details on page 88.
- To configure a stack port, click Configure Stack Ports . For more information, refer to Modifying stack ports on page 89.
- To configure a stack module, click Configure Stack Modules. For more information, refer to Configuring a stack module on page 91.

# **Displaying stack port interfaces**

To display information about stack port interfaces, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Stack .

2. Click Stack-Ports and then select Interface .

The Stack Port Interface window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 17 Monitoring stack port interfaces

	[General Stacki	ng Confi	guratio	n][Config	ure Sta	ck Prior	nity][(	Config	ure Stack	Ports][Configure	Stack
🔊 Device	J				Stac	k Port	t Int	erfac	e		
⊡ ⊕ Monitor	Port	Link	State	Duplex	Speed	Trunk	Tag	Pvid	Priority	MAC	Name
Arp Cache	1/2/1	Down				None				748e.f834.2539	
Device	1/2/2	Down	None	None	None	None	No	N/A	0	748e.f834.253a	
I Flash	1/2/3	Down	None	None	None	None	No	N/A	0	748e.f834.253a	·
Memory	1/2/4	Down				None	_			748e.f834.253a	
Front Panel	1/2/5	Down	<u> </u>			None				748e.f834.253a	
MAC Address	1/2/6	Down				None				748e.f834.253b	
System Log	1/2/7	Down				None				748e.f834.253c	
🖻 🍘 Stack	1/2//										
Details	1/2/8	Down	None	None	None	None	No	N/A	0	748e.f834.253c	
Module	<u>1/2/9</u>	Down	None	None	None	None	No	N/A	0	748e.f834.253c	
Neighbors	1/2/10	Down	None	None	None	None	No	N/A	0	748e.f834.253c	
🖻 🃾 Stack-Ports	Port	Link	State	Duplex	Speed	Trunk	Tag	Pvid	Priority	MAC	Name
Status									~		
Statistics		ſHo	mel[S	ite Mapl	Logout	[[Save]]	Fran	ie Ena	bleDisab	le][TELNET]	
Interface											
Resource											
🗉 🛅 Port											
STP											
RSTP											

TABLE 12 Description of the fields in the Stack Port Interface window

Field	Description
Port	Displays the stack identification number for this port.
Link	Displays whether the link is up or down.
State	Displays the state of the stack unit.
Duplex	Displays whether the port is configured as half or full duplex.
Speed	Displays the port speed as 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps.
Trunk	Displays the trunk group number, if the port is a member of a trunk group.
Tag	Displays whether the port is tagged or untagged.
Priority	Displays the port priority.
MAC	Displays the MAC address of the port.
Name	Displays the name assigned to the port.

The Stack Port Interface window provides links to configure the stack components:

• To change the stack settings, click **General Stacking Configuration**. For more information, refer to Configuring the general settings for a traditional stack on page 87.

- To view the priority of units within a stack, click **Configure Stack Priority**. For more information, refer to Viewing stack priority details on page 88.
- To configure a stack port, click Configure Stack Ports . For more information, refer to Modifying stack ports on page 89 .
- To configure a stack module, click **Configure Stack Modules** . For more information, refer to Configuring a stack module on page 91.

# **Monitoring Ports**

•	Displaying Ethernet port statistics	43
•	Displaying Ethernet port attributes	45
•	Displaying Ethernet port utilization	47
•	Displaying the management port information	49
•	Displaying port inline power for Brocade ICX devices	

# **Displaying Ethernet port statistics**

The **ETHERNET Port Statistic** window lists the total number of packets, number of collisions, and number of errors that have occurred on a port. To display the Ethernet port statistics, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Port.
- 2. Click Statistic and then select Ethernet.

The ETHERNET Port Statistic window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

3. Select a unit ID in the Select Stack Unit ID list and click Display to view information about a specific stack unit.

	[ETHERNET Port Configuration	IETHE						ET Port	Utilization][RMON ETHERN]	<u>ET</u>
			2	tatistic	cs Erro	r Histor	y j			
Device		Selec	ct Sta	ck Un	it ID:	1 🗸	Disp	lay		
📾 Monitor	Clear Stop Polling Change Polling Interval ETHERNET Port Statistic - Polling Interval 30 sec									
Arp Cache										
<ul> <li>Device</li> <li>Flash</li> </ul>	ETHE	ERNET	Port	t Stat	tistic -	- Polli	ing In	terval	30 sec	
<ul> <li><u>Memory</u></li> </ul>		Total	Pkts	Col	lision		E	rror		
Front Panel	Port	Rx	Tx	Rx	Tx	Align	FCS	Giant	Short	
MAC Address	1/1/1	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
System Log	1/1/2	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
🖻 🛄 Stack	1/1/3	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ban Port	1/1/4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ethernet	1/1/5	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/6	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ethernet	1/1/7	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Management	1/1/8	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Inline Power	1/1/9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
* <u>STP</u>	1/1/10	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
• <u>RSTP</u>	1/1/11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Configure Command	1/1/14	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Command	1/1/15	368	595	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/16	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/17	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/18	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/19	- beine sources and	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/20	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/21	Sector Contraction (1)	)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
-	1/1/22		)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/1/23		)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/3/24		2779	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	
	1/2/1	0 0	)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1/2/2	0 0	)	0	- )	0	0	0	0	
		Total I			2			rror		
	Port					Align	-		Short	
	Rx       Tx       Rx       Tx       Align       FCS       Giant       Short         Up Time=22 days       17h:22m:37s, Last Clear Time=22 days       16h:03m:09s         Clear       Stop Polling       Change Polling Interval         [ETHERNET Port Configuration][ETHERNET Port Attribute][ETHERNET Port Utilization][RMON ETHERN							<u>3T</u>		
	<u>Statistics[Error[History]</u> [Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]									

TABLE 13 Description of the	fields in the ETHERNET	Port Statistic window
-----------------------------	------------------------	-----------------------

Field	Description
Port	Displays the port number for which the statistics were collected.

Field	Description
Total Packets	Displays the total number of packets received ( <b>Rx</b> ) and transmitted ( <b>Tx</b> ) on the port.
Collision	Shows the number of received $(\mbox{\bf R} {\bf x})$ and transmitted $(\mbox{\bf T} {\bf x})$ collisions on the port.
Error	<ul> <li>Displays the number of errors on the port for the following types:</li> <li>AlignmentPackets with frame alignment errors.</li> <li>FCSPackets with frame check sequence errors.</li> <li>GiantPackets that were longer than the configured MTU.</li> <li>Short Packets that were shorter than the minimum valid length.</li> </ul>

#### TABLE 13 Description of the fields in the ETHERNET Port Statistic window (continued)

To remove the current data and restart the monitoring process, click **Clear**. To stop the polling process, click **Stop Polling**. You can also change the current polling interval by clicking **Change Polling Interval**.

The ETHERNET Port Statistic window provides links to configure the port parameters:

- To configure an Ethernet port, click **ETHERNET Port Configuration**. For more information on how to configure an Ethernet port, refer to the "Configuring an Ethernet port" section.
- To monitor the Ethernet port attributes, click **ETHERNET Port Attribute**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying Ethernet port attributes" section.
- To monitor the Ethernet port utilization, click **ETHERNET Port Utilization**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying Ethernet port utilization" section.
- To monitor Remote Monitoring (RMON) Ethernet statistics, click **RMON ETHERNET Statistics Error**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying RMON Ethernet statistics" section.
- To monitor RMON history, click **RMON ETHERNET Statistics History**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying RMON history" section.

# **Displaying Ethernet port attributes**

The **Port Attributes** window lists the number, state, media, connector, and MAC address of the port. To display the Ethernet port attribute information, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Port .
- 2. Click Statistic and then select Ethernet .
- 3. Click ETHERNET Port Attribute on the ETHERNET Port Statistic window.

 Select a unit ID in the Select Stack Unit ID list and click Display to view information about a specific stack unit. The Port Attributes window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 18 Monitoring Ethernet port attributes

	Select S	Stack Uni	t ID: 1 💽	Display	
tor		Port	Attribute	S:	
<u>p Cache</u>	Port State	Modia	Connector	MAC Address	
<u>evice</u>	1/1/1 None	1000SX		00-e0-52-00-01-00	
<u>ash</u> emory	1/1/2 None	1000SX	1	00-e0-52-00-01-01	
nt Panel	1/1/3 None	1000SX	12.05.05	00-e0-52-00-01-02	
<u>C Address</u>	1/1/4 None	1000SX	The second se	00-e0-52-00-01-03	
item Log	1/1/2 None	1111212123	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-04	
ck.	1/1/6 None		Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-05	
t Statistic	1/1/7 None		Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-06	
Ethernet	1718 None	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-07	
tilization	1/1/9 None	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-08	
Ethernet	1/1/10 None	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-09	
lanagement	1/1/11 None	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-0a	
line Power	None None	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-0b	
2. P	1/1/1 5 None	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-0c	
<u> </u>	171/14 None	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-0d	
NC	10175 Forward	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-0e	
jure	1/1/16 None	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-0f	
hand	1/1/17 None	1000TX		00-e0-52-00-01-10	
	1448 None	1000TX	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-11	
	1/1/13 None	1000TX		00-e0-52-00-01-12	
	1/1/201 None	1000TX		00-e0-52-00-01-13	
	1/1/21 None	panananan	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-14	
	1/1/22 None	1000TX		00-e0-52-00-01-15	
	1/1/23 None	1000TX	March 2, 2, 2, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10	00-e0-52-00-01-16	
	1/1/24 Forward			00-e0-52-00-01-17	
	1/2/1 Forward	processing of the second	Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-19	
	1/2/2 Forward		Copper	00-e0-52-00-01-1a	
	Port State	Media	Connector	MAC Address	

TABLE 14 Descript	ion of the fields i	n the Port Attributes	window
-------------------	---------------------	-----------------------	--------

Field	Description
Port	Displays the port number.
State	Displays the status of the port.
Media	Displays the type of the Ethernet cable used.
Connector	Displays the physical type of connector.

TABLE 14 Description of the fields in the Port Attributes window (continued)

Field	Description
MAC Address	Displays the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the port.

The Port Attributes window provides links to configure the port parameters:

- To configure an Ethernet port, click **ETHERNET Port Configuration**. For more information on how to configure an Ethernet port, refer to Configuring an Ethernet port on page 135.
- To monitor the Ethernet port statistics, click ETHERNET Port Statistic. For more information, refer to Displaying Ethernet port statistics on page 43.
- To monitor the Ethernet port utilization, click ETHERNET Port Utilization . For more information, refer to Displaying Ethernet port utilization on page 47.

# **Displaying Ethernet port utilization**

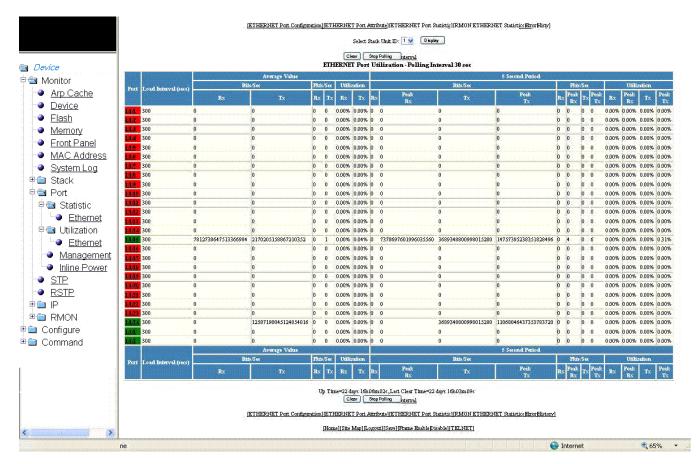
The ETHERNET Port Utilization window lists the traffic that is received and transmitted on a port. To display the Ethernet port utilization information, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Port.
- 2. Click Utilization and then select Ethernet.

The ETHERNET Port Utilization window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

3. Select a unit ID in the Select Stack Unit ID list and click Display to view information about a specific stack unit.

FIGURE 19 Ethernet port utilization



#### TABLE 15 Description of the fields in the ETHERNET Port Utilization window

Field	Description
Port	Displays the port number. Each entry has a link to detailed information about the port.
Load Interval (secs)	Displays the number of seconds for which average port utilization should be calculated. This object can have a value from 30 through 300, in 30-second increments. The default value is 300 seconds.
Average Value	<ul> <li>Displays the following information:</li> <li><i>Bits/Sec</i>The average number of bits per second received and transmitted on the port.</li> <li><i>Pkts/Sec</i>The average number of packets per second received and transmitted on the port.</li> <li><i>Utilization</i> The average percent utilization received and transmitted on the port.</li> </ul>
5 Second Period	This set of columns show the number of bits per second (Bits/Sec), number of packets per second (Pkts/Sec), and utilization percentages (Utilization) received and transmitted on a port at each 5-second interval. Peak activities for each category are also provided.

To remove the current data and restart the monitoring process, click **Clear**. To stop the statistics polling process, click **Stop Polling.** You can also change the current polling interval by clicking **Change Polling Interval**.

The ETHERNET Port Utilization window provides links to configure the port parameters:

- To configure an Ethernet port, click **ETHERNET Port Configuration**. For more information on how to configure an Ethernet port, refer to Configuring an Ethernet port on page 135.
- To monitor the Ethernet port attributes, click **ETHERNET Port Attribute**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying Ethernet port attributes" section.
- To monitor the Ethernet port statistics, click **ETHERNET Port Statistic**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying Ethernet port statistics" section.
- To monitor Remote Monitoring (RMON) statistics, click **RMON ETHERNET Statistics Error**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying RMON Ethernet statistics" section.
- To monitor RMON history, click **RMON ETHERNET Statistics History**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying RMON history" section.

# Displaying the management port information

To display the current management port configuration information, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Port.

#### 2. Click Management.

The Management Port Configuration window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 20 Management port configuration

<u>IETHERNE</u>	Management Port Configuration	
Device Monitor Arp Cache	Port Actual Configured speed/ speed/ mode mode	
Device	mgmtl None Auto Modify	
<ul> <li>Elash</li> <li>Memory</li> <li>Front Panel</li> </ul>	Port Actual Configured speed/ speed/ mode mode	
MAC Address     System Log     IETHERNE	[Port Attribute][ETHERNET Port Statistic][ETHERNET Port Utilization][]	Relative Utilization]
≇	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]	2120420-000000 - 1121222-000
<ul> <li>Statistic</li> <li>Ethernet</li> <li>Utilization</li> <li>Ethernet</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Inline Power</li> </ul>		
Command		
an 💦		

#### TABLE 16 Description of the fields in the Management Port Configuration window

Field	Description
Port	Displays the name of the management port. Each entry has a link to detailed real-time information about the port. Refer to the "Displaying the management port real-time information" section.
Actual speed/mode	Shows whether the actual speed matches the configured speed. If the configured speed is set to <i>Auto</i> , then the speed is set by the software.
Configured speed/mode	The speed duplex set for the port.

To configure a management port or change the configuration of a current management port, click **Modify**. For more information, refer to the "Configuring a management port" section.

The Management Port Configuration window provides links to configure the port parameters:

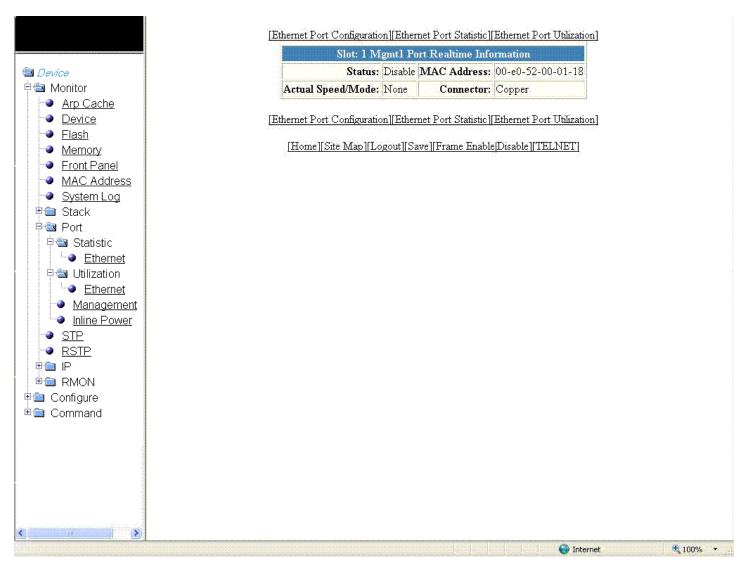
- To monitor the Ethernet port attributes, click **ETHERNET Port Attribute**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying Ethernet port attributes" section.
- To monitor the Ethernet port statistics, click **ETHERNET Port Statistic**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying Ethernet port statistics" section.
- To monitor the Ethernet port utilization, click **ETHERNET Port Utilization**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying Ethernet port utilization" section.
- To configure the port uplink utilization list, click **Relative Utilization**. For more information, refer to the "Configuring the port uplink relative utilization" section.

# Displaying the management port real-time information

To display the real-time information of a port, click on the management port (for example, mgmt1).

The Port Realtime Information window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 21 Monitoring management port real-time information



#### TABLE 17 Description of the fields in the Port Realtime Information window

Field	Description
Status	Displays the status of the port.
MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the port.
Actual Speed/Mode	Shows whether the actual speed matches the configured speed. If the configured speed is set to Auto, then the speed is set by the software.
Connector	Displays the physical type of connector.

The Port Realtime Information window provides links to configure the port parameters:

- To configure an Ethernet port, click **ETHERNET Port Configuration**. For more information on how to configure an Ethernet port, refer to the "Configuring an Ethernet port" section.
- To monitor the Ethernet port statistics, click **ETHERNET Port Statistic**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying Ethernet port statistics" section.
- To monitor the Ethernet port utilization, click **ETHERNET Port Utilization**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying Ethernet port utilization" section .

# Displaying port inline power for Brocade ICX devices

The port inline power statistics allow you to monitor Power over Ethernet (PoE), the ability to transfer electrical power and data to remote devices over standard twisted-pair cable in an Ethernet network. To display the inline power statistics for a PoE stack device, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select Port.
- 2. Click Inline Power.

The port inline power window is displayed.

3. Select a unit ID in the Select Stack POE Unit ID list and click either Inline Power Statistics or Inline Power Details.

FIGURE 22 Monitoring inline power

<ul> <li>Device</li> <li>Monitor</li> <li>Arp Cache</li> <li>Device</li> <li>Elash</li> <li>Memory</li> <li>Front Panel</li> <li>MAC Address</li> <li>System Log</li> <li>Stack</li> <li>Statistic</li> <li>Ethernet</li> <li>Statistic</li> <li>Ethernet</li> <li>Utilization</li> <li>Ethernet</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Inline Power</li> <li>STP</li> <li>RSTP</li> <li>RMON</li> <li>Configure</li> <li>Command</li> </ul>	Image: Configure Inline Power]         Select Stack POE Unit ID:       Image: Inline Power Statistics         Image: Ima
< »	Solution (1996) →

## NOTE

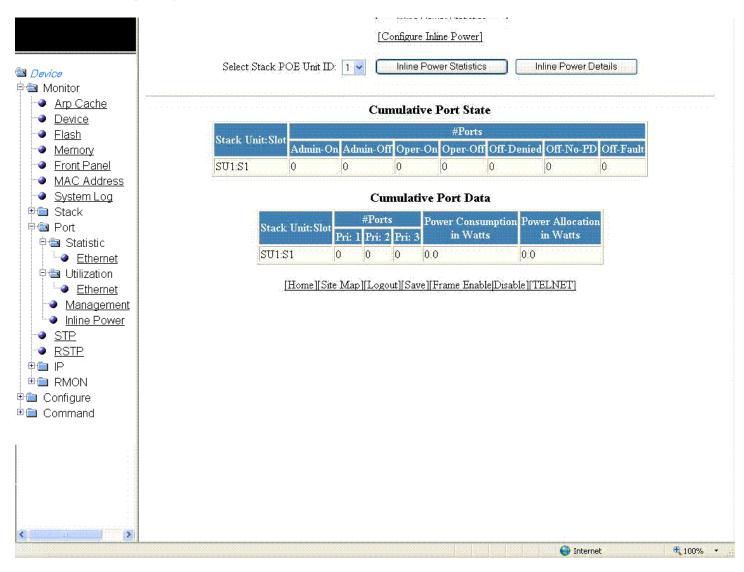
Only PoE-capable units are displayed in the **Select Stack POE Unit ID** list. If there are no PoE units, you will receive No units with POE modules as an error message.

# Displaying inline power details

To display the inline power details, select the unit ID in the Select Stack POE Unit ID list and click Inline Power Details .

The Inline Power Details window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

#### FIGURE 23 Monitoring inline power details



### TABLE 18 Description of the fields in the Inline Power Details window

Field	Description
Cumulative Port State parameters	
Stack Unit: Slot	Displays the stack ID and slot ID (1 or 2).
	The PoE-capable slots are available on PoE stack units.
# Ports Admin-On	Displays the number of ports on the interface module on which the inline power was configured.
# Ports Admin-Off	Displays the number of ports on the interface module on which the inline power was not configured.
# Port Oper-On	Displays the number of ports on the interface module that are receiving inline power from the PoE power supply.
# Port Oper-Off	Displays the number of ports on the interface module that are not receiving inline power from the PoE power supply.

TABLE 18 Description of the fields in the Inline Power Details window (continued)

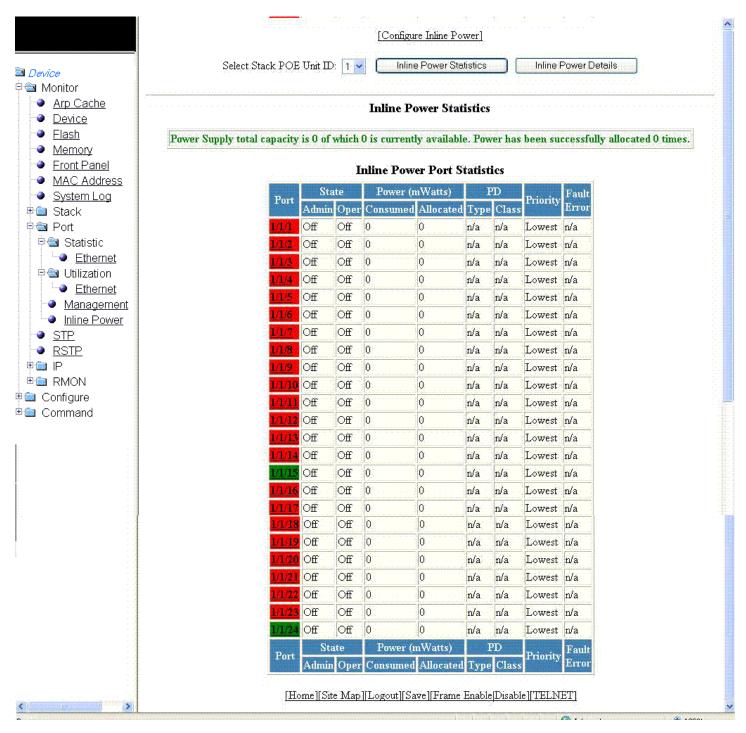
Field	Description
# Ports Off-Denied	Displays the number of ports on the interface module that were denied power because of insufficient power.
# Ports Off No-PD	Displays the number of ports on the interface module to which no powered devices (PDs) are connected.
# Ports Off-Fault	Displays the number of ports on the interface module that are not receiving power because of a subscription overload.
Cumulative Port Data parameters	
Stack Unit: Slot	Displays the stack ID and slot ID (1 or 2).
	The PoE-capable slots are available on PoE stack units.
# Ports	Displays the total number of available ports in each level of priority.
Power Consumption in Watts	Displays the total number of watts consumed by both PoE power- consuming devices and the PoE module (daughter card) attached to the interface module.
Power Allocation in Watts	Displays the number of watts allocated to the interface module PoE ports. This value is the sum of port default or configured maximum power levels, or power classes automatically detected by the PoE device.

# **Displaying inline power statistics**

To display the inline power statistics, select the unit ID in the Select Stack POE Unit ID list and click Inline Power Statistics .

The Inline Power Statistics window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

## FIGURE 24 Monitoring inline power statistics



#### TABLE 19 Description of the fields in the Inline Power Statistics window

Field	Description
Port	Displays the stack port identification of the port as stack#/slot#/port#.

Field	Description
State: Admin	<ul> <li>Specifies whether PoE has been enabled on the port, using one of the following values:</li> <li>ONThe inline power command was issued on the port.</li> <li>OFFThe inline power command has not been issued on the port.</li> </ul>
State: Oper	<ul> <li>Displays the status of inline power on the port, using one of the following values:</li> <li>ONThe PoE power supply is delivering inline power to the powered device.</li> <li>OFFThe PoE power supply is not delivering inline power to the powered device.</li> <li>DENIEDThe port is in standby mode waiting for power because currently there is not enough available power for the port.</li> </ul>
Power (mWatts) Consumed	Displays the amount of current (milliwatts) the powered device is consuming.
Power (mWatts) Allocated	Displays the amount of current (milliwatts) allocated to the port. This value is either the default or configured maximum power level, or the power class that was automatically detected.
	<ul> <li>be one of the following:</li> <li>802.3atThe PD connected to this port is 802.3at-compliant.</li> <li>802.3afThe PD connected to this port is 802.3af-compliant.</li> <li>LEGACYThe powered device connected to this port is a legacy product (not 802.3af-compliant).</li> <li>n/a One of the following is true: <ul> <li>The device connected to this port is a non-powered device.</li> <li>No device is connected to this port.</li> <li>The port is in standby or denied mode (waiting for power).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
PD Class	<ul> <li>Displays the maximum amount of power received by a powered device. This value can be one of the following: <ul> <li>Class1Receives 4 watts maximum.</li> <li>Class2Receives 7 watts maximum.</li> <li>Class3Receives 15.4 watts maximum.</li> <li>Class 4Receives 30 watts maximum.</li> <li>n/aThe device attached to the port cannot advertise its class.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Priority	<ul> <li>Displays the inline power priority of the port, which determines the order in which the port receives power while in standby mode (waiting for power). Ports with a higher priority receive power before ports with a low priority. The value of priority can be one of the following: <ul> <li>1Critical priority</li> <li>2High priority</li> <li>3Low priority</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Fault Error	<ul> <li>Displays the fault or error that occurred on the port, if applicable.</li> <li>Otherwise, n/a is displayed. The value can be one of the following: <ul> <li>critical temperatureThe PoE chip temperature limit rose above the safe operating level, thereby powering down the port.</li> <li>detection failedThe port failed capacitor detection (legacy PD detection) because of a discharged capacitor. This can occur when connecting a non-PD on the port.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## TABLE 19 Description of the fields in the Inline Power Statistics window (continued)

#### TABLE 19 Description of the fields in the Inline Power Statistics window (continued)

Field	Description
	<ul> <li>detection failedThe port failed capacitor detection (legacy PD detection) because of an out-of-range capacitor value. This can occur when connecting a non-PD on the port.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>internal h/w fault A hardware problem has hindered port operation.</li> </ul>
	• <i>lack of power</i> The port has shut down due to lack of power.
	<ul> <li>main supply voltage highThe voltage was higher than the maximum voltage limit, thereby tripping the port.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>main supply voltage lowThe voltage was lower than the minimum voltage limit, thereby tripping the port.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>overload stateThe PD consumed more power than the maximum limit configured on the port, based on the default configuration, user configuration, or CDP configuration.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>over temperatureThe port temperature rose above the temperature limit, thereby powering down the port.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PD DC faultA succession of underload and overload states, or a PDDC/DC fault, caused the port to shutdown.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>short circuitA short circuit was detected on the port delivering power.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>underload stateThe PD consumes less power than the minimum limit specified in the 802.3af standard.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>voltage applied from ext srcThe port failed capacitor detection (legacy PD detection) because the voltage applied to the port was from an external source.</li> </ul>

# **Monitoring STP**

Displaying STP information	
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# **Displaying STP information**

Brocade Layer 2 switches and Layer 3 switches support standard Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) as described in the IEEE 802.1D specification. By default, STP is enabled on Layer 2 switches and disabled on Layer 3 switches. To display the STP information, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select STP .

By default, STP is disabled on Layer 3 switches and therefore the message STP is disabled. Go to system to enable STP is displayed.

 Select a unit ID in the Select Stack Unit ID list and click Display to view information about a specific stack unit. The STP window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 25 Monitoring the STP bridge and port

· · ·					Select Sta	L O UIII O CAL			splay	
Device						STP	Bridge			
Monitor			Ro	oot	N	Iax Hell	o Hold	Fwd	Topology	Bridge
Arp Cache	VLAN		ID	Cost					Last Chng Chg	
Device	1	008000	e052000	0100 0	root 32768 21	) 2	1	15	191867410 0	00e05200010
🔮 <u>Flash</u>										
Memory     Front Panel						STP	Port			
<ul> <li>MAC Address</li> </ul>	VLAN	Port	Priority	Path Cost	State	Fwd T	rans C	ost	Design Root	Design Bridge
<ul> <li>System Log</li> </ul>	1	1/1/1	128	0	DISABLED	0	0	00	0000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Stack	1	1/1/2	128	0	DISABLED	0	0	00	0000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
🖻 📾 Port	1	1/1/3	128	0	DISABLED	0	0	00	0000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
🖻 📾 Statistic	1	1/1/4	128	0	DISABLED	0	0	00	0000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
<u>Ethernet</u>	1	1/1/5	128	0	DISABLED	0	0	00	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
🖻 🃾 Utilization	1	1/1/6	128	0	DISABLED	0	0	00	0000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Management	1		128	0	DISABLED	0	0			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
<ul> <li>Management</li> <li>Inline Power</li> </ul>	1	1/1/8	128	0	DISABLED	0	0	00	0000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
- <u>STP</u>	1		128	0	DISABLED	0	0	00	0000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
<u>RSTP</u>	1	1/1/10		0	DISABLED	0	0		00000000000000000	
e IP	1	1/1/11	63.4N.2461	0	DISABLED	0	0	in the second	00000000000000000	
🖻 🛄 RMON	1	1/1/12		0	DISABLED	0	0	<u></u>	00000000000000000	12/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/
Configure	1	1/1/13		0	DISABLED	0	0		00000000000000000	
Command	1	1/1/14	Contraction of the	0	DISABLED	0	0	<u></u>	000000000000000000	
	1	1/1/15		100	FORWARDIN		0		8000e052000100	
	1	1/1/16	1	0	DISABLED	0	0	<u></u>	00000000000000000	
	1	1/1/17		0	DISABLED	0	0		00000000000000000	
	1	1/1/18		0	DISABLED	0	0		00000000000000000	
	1	1/1/19	13.55.42 <sup>*</sup>	0	DISABLED	0	0		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	1	1/1/20		0	DISABLED	0	0		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	1	1/1/21	1.2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	DISABLED	0	0	<u></u>	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	1	1/1/22		0	DISABLED	0	0			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	1	1/1/23		0	DISABLED	0	0	ne ne di kita il		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	1	1/1/24		100	FORWARDIN	I 5	0			008000e05200010
	-		128	2	FORWARDIN		0	and the second	<u></u>	008000e05200010
	1	1/2/2	128	2	FORWARDIN	and productions	0			008000e05200010
	1 VLAN			2 Path Cost			rans C		Design Root	Design Bridge

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

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Field	Description
STP Bridge parameters (global parameters)	
VLAN	Displays the port-based virtual local area network (VLAN) that contains this spanning tree (instance of STP). VLAN 1 is the default VLAN. If you have not configured port-based VLANs on this device, all STP information is for VLAN 1.
Root ID	Displays the ID assigned by STP to the root bridge for this spanning tree.
Root Cost	Displays the cumulative cost from this bridge to the root bridge. If this device is the root bridge, then the root cost is 0.
Root Port	Displays the port on this device that connects to the root bridge. If this device is the root bridge, then the value is <i>root</i> instead of a port number.
Priority	Displays the STP priority of this device or VLAN. The value is shown in hexadecimal format.
Max Age	Displays the number of seconds this device or VLAN waits for a Hello message from the root bridge before deciding that the root has become unavailable and performing a reconvergence.
Hello Time	Displays the interval between each configuration Bridge Packet Data Unit (BPDU) sent by the root bridge.
Hold Time	Displays the minimum number of seconds that must elapse betweer transmissions of consecutive configuration BPDUs on a port.
Fwd Delay	Displays the number of seconds this device or VLAN waits following a topology change and consequent reconvergence.
Topology Last Chng	Displays the number of seconds since the last time a topology change occurred.
Topology Chg Cntr	Displays the number of times the topology has changed since the device was reloaded.
Bridge Address	Displays the STP address of this device or VLAN.
STP Port parameters	
VLAN	Displays the VLAN that the port is in. This field displays only when port VLAN is enabled.
Port	Displays the port number - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum.
Priority	Displays the STP priority of the port in hexadecimal format.
Path Cost	Displays the STP path cost of the port.
State	<ul> <li>Displays the STP state of the port. The state can be one of the following:</li> <li>BLOCKINGSTP has blocked Layer 2 traffic on this port to prevent a loop. The device or VLAN can reach the root bridge using another port, whose state is FORWARDING. When a port is in the BLOCKING state, the port does not transmit or receive user frames, but the port does continue to receive STP BPDUS.</li> <li>DISABLEDThe port is not participating in STP. This can occur when the port is disconnected or STP is disabled on the port.</li> <li>FORWARDINGSTP is allowing the port to send and receive frames.</li> <li>LISTENINGSTP is responding to a topology change and this</li> </ul>
	port is listening for a BPDU from neighboring bridges in order to determine the new topology. No frames are transmitted or received during this state.

#### TABLE 20 Description of the fields in the STP window

## TABLE 20 Description of the fields in the STP window (continued)

Field	Description
	<ul> <li>LEARNINGThe port has passed through the LISTENING state and will change to the BLOCKING or FORWARDING state depending on the results of STP's reconvergence. The port does not transmit or receive frames during this state. However, the device can learn the MAC addresses of frames that the port receives during this state and make corresponding entries in the MAC table.</li> </ul>
Fwd Trans	Displays the number of times STP has changed the state of this port between BLOCKING and FORWARDING.
Cost	Displays the cost to the root bridge as advertised by the designated bridge that is connected to this port. If the designated bridge is the root bridge itself, then the cost is 0.
Design Root	Displays the root bridge as recognized on this port. The value is the same as the root bridge ID listed in the <b>Root ID</b> field.
Design Bridge	Displays the designated bridge to which this port is connected. The designated bridge is the device that connects the network segment on the port to the root bridge.

# **Monitoring RSTP**

Displaying RSTP information.....

.....63

# **Displaying RSTP information**

To view current Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) information for a device, you must configure RSTP. For more information on how to configure RSTP, refer to Monitoring RSTP on page 63. By default, RSTP is enabled on Layer 2 switches and disabled on Layer 3 switches.

To display RSTP bridge and port information, click Monitor on the left pane and select RSTP .

The RSTP window is displayed as shown in the figure below. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit ID** list and click **Display** to view the RSTP parameters of a specific port.

FIGURE 26 Monitoring the RSTP bridge and port

ROCADE	
	Authorization Me
11 - 11 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Accounting Meth
	Community String
• 1.1	General
	System Log
	Trap
	Trap Receiver
	User Account
1.1	Web Preference
🖻 📾 Po	1.1
1 - <b>-</b>	Ethernet
	Management
	onitor and Mirror
i - a -	Profile
	Bind
🖻 📾 VL	AN
:     -@	Port
🌒 <u>ST</u>	<u>Р</u>
• RS	<u>STP</u>
• • <u>LA</u>	<u>.G</u>
State	atic Station
🖻 🌚 IP	
: - • • <u>•</u>	Address
- 0	Standard ACL
	Extended ACL
	P Access Group

	Select Unit ID: 25 V Display							
			RS	TP Bridge				
VLAN	Priority	Max Age	Hello Time	Forward Delay	Forced Version			
20	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify		
634	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify		
635	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify		
636	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify		
637	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify		
638	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify		
639	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify		
640	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify		
677	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify		

	RSTP Port						
VLAN	Port	Admin Edge Port	Admin Pt2pt Mac	Force Migration Check	Priority	Path Cost	
20	25/1/1	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/2	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/3	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/4	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/5	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/6	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/7	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/8	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify

Field	Description
Select Unit ID	
RSTP Bridge parameters	
VLAN	Displays the port-based VLAN that owns the STP instance. VLAN 1 is the default VLAN. If you have not configured port-based VLANs on this device, all RSTP information is for VLAN 1.

#### TABLE 21 Description of the fields in the RSTP window (continued)

Field	Description
Priority	Displays the configured priority.
Max.Age	Displays the number of seconds this device or VLAN waits for a Hello message from the root bridge before deciding the root has become unavailable and performing a reconvergence.
Hello Time	Displays the duration (secs) between two Hello packets.
Forward Delay	Displays the number of seconds a non-edge designated port waits until it can apply any of the following transitions, if the received RST BPDU does not have an agreed flag:
	Discarding state to learning state
	Learning state to forwarding state
	When a non-edge port receives the RST BPDU, it goes into forwarding state within 4 seconds or after two hello timers expire on the port.
	Forward delay is also the number of seconds that a root port waits for an RST BPDU with a proposal flag before it applies the state transitions listed above.
	If the port is operating in 802.1D-compatible mode, then forward delay functionality is the same as in 802.1D (STP).
Forced Version	Displays the configured force version value, which can be one of the following:
	<ul> <li>OThe bridge has been forced to operate in an STP compatibility mode.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2The bridge has been forced to operate in an RSTP mode. This is the default.</li> </ul>
RSTP Port parameters	
VLAN	Displays the port-based VLAN that owns the STP instance. VLAN 1 is the default VLAN. If you have not configured port-based VLANs on this device, all RSTP information is for VLAN 1.
Port	Displays the port number - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum.
Admin Edge Port	Displays whether the port is configured as an operational edge port:
	<ul> <li>TThe port is configured as an edge port.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>FThe port is not configured as an edge port. This is the default.</li> </ul>
Admin Pt2pt Mac	Displays whether the point-to-point-MAC parameter is configured to be a point-to-point link:
	• <i>T</i> The link is configured as a point-to-point link.
	• <i>F</i> The link is not configured as a point-to-point link. This is the default.
Force Migration Check	Displays whether the port is enabled or disabled to forcefully send one RST BPDU. If only STP BPDUs are received in response to the send RST BPDU, then the port will return to sending STP BPDUs.
Priority	Displays the configured priority of the port. The default is 128 or 0x80.
Path Cost	Displays the configured path cost on a link connected to this port.

# **Monitoring IP**

•	Displaying IP cache6	5
•	Displaying IP traffic information for devices running Layer 2 code	7
•	Displaying IP traffic information for devices running Layer 3 code7	1

# **Displaying IP cache**

## NOTE

The IP cache is specific to Brocade ICX devices running Layer 3 code.

To display the IP forwarding cache information, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select IP .

## 2. Click Cache .

The IP Cache window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 27 Monitoring the IP cache

	IP Cache								
IP Address I	Next Hop	MAC	Туре	Action	Flag Check	Snap	Port	Vlan	Priority
Device 255.255.255.255 0	0.0.0.0	0000.0000.0000	Permanent	For Us	Disabled	Disabled	None		0
	0.0.0.0	0000.0000.0000	Permanent	For Us	Disabled	Disabled	None		0
Arp Cache 172.31.0.255 0	0.0.0.0	0000.0000.0000	Permanent	For Us	Disabled	Disabled	None		0
vice ont Panel 172.31.255.255 0	0.0.0.0	0000.0000.0000	Permanent	For Us	Disabled	Disabled	None		0
C Addres	Next Hop	MAC	Туре	Action	Flag Check	Snap	Port	Vlan	Priorit
<ul> <li>IP</li> <li>Cache</li> <li>Traffic</li> <li>● Routing T<sub>i</sub></li> <li>● OSPF</li> <li>● DVMRP</li> <li>● BGP</li> <li>● Virtual Redu</li> <li>● RMON</li> <li>Configure</li> <li>Command</li> </ul>									

TABLE 22 Description of the fields in the IP Cache window

Field	Description
IP Address	Displays the IP address of the destination.
Next Hop	Displays the IP address of the next hop router to the destination. This field contains either an IP address or the value DIRECT. DIRECT means the destination is either directly attached or the destination is an address on this Brocade device.
MAC	Displays the MAC address of the destination. <b>NOTE</b> If the entry is type Us (indicating that the destination is this Brocade device), the address consists of zeroes.
Туре	<ul> <li>Displays the type of host entry, which can be one of the following:</li> <li>Dynamic</li> <li>Permanent</li> <li>Forward</li> <li>Us</li> <li>Complex Filter</li> <li>Wait ARP</li> </ul>

Field	Description			
	<ul> <li>ICMP Deny</li> <li>Drop</li> <li>Fragment</li> <li>Snap Encap</li> </ul>			
Action	Displays the action the router takes for the packet.			
Flag Check	Displays whether the flag check has been enabled or disabled.			
Snap	Displays whether the snap encapsulation has been enabled or disabled.			
Port	Displays the port through which this device reaches the destination. For destinations that are located on this device, the port number is shown as "n/a".			
Vlan	Displays the VLAN the port is in.			
Priority	Displays the Quality of Service (QoS) priority of the port or the VLAN.			

TABLE 22 Description of the fields in the IP Cache window (continued)

# Displaying IP traffic information for devices running Layer 2 code

To display the IP traffic statistics for Brocade ICX devices running Layer 2 code, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select IP.

### 2. Click Traffic.

The IP Traffic window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 28 Monitoring the IP traffic for devices running Layer 2 code

IP St	tatis	tics	
Packets Received: 1	167	Packets Sent:	233
Fragmented: 0	0	Reassembled:	0
Bad Header: 0	0	No Route:	0
Unknown Protocols: 0	0	No Buffer:	0
Other Errors: 0	0		
ICMP	Stat	tistics	
Total Received: 0	0	Total Sent:	0
Received Errors: 0	0	Sent Errors:	0
Received Unreachable: 0	0	Sent Unreachable:	0
Received Time Exceed: 0	0	Sent Time Exceed:	0
Received Parameter: 0	0	Sent Parameter:	0
Received Source Quench: 0	0	Sent Source Quench:	0
Received Redirect: 0	0	Sent Redirect:	0
Received Echo: 0	0	Sent Echo:	0
Received Echo Reply: 0	0	Sent Echo Reply:	0
Received Timestamp: 0	0	Sent Timestamp:	0
Received Timestamp Reply: 0	0	Sent Timestamp Reply:	0
Received Address Mask: 0	0	Sent Address Mask:	0
Received Address Mask Reply: 0	0	Sent Address Mask Reply:	0
Received IRDP Advertisment: 0	0	Sent IRDP Advertisment:	0
Received IRDP Solicitation: 0	0	Sent IRDP Solicitation:	0
UDP S	Stati	istics	
Received: 0	0	Sent:	0
No Port: 0	0	Input Errors:	0
TCP S		istics	
Active Opens: 0	0	Passive Opens:	0
Failed Attempts: 0	0	Active Resets:	0
Passive Resets: 0	laine and a	Input Errors:	0
In Segments: 1	167	Out Segments:	233
Retransmission: 0	0		
Current Active TCBs: 1	1	TCBs Allocated:	10
TCBs Freed: 3	3		
Keepalive Close Connection: 0	0	Keepalive Failure Callback:	0
TCP Connect Connection Exist: 0		TCP Connect Out of TCB:	0
[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save	e ll Ft	ame EnableIDisable1[TEI NET]	ŀ

Field	Description
IP Statistics parameters	
Packets Received	Displays the number of IP packets received by the device.

Field	Description
Packets Sent	Displays the number of IP packets originated and sent by the device
Fragmented	Displays the number of IP packets fragmented by this device before sending or forwarding them.
Reassembled	Displays the number of fragmented IP packets received and re- assembled by the device.
Bad Header	Displays the number of IP packets dropped because they had a bad header.
No Route	Displays the number of packets dropped by the device because they had no route information.
Unknown Protocols	Displays the number of packets dropped by the device because the value in the protocol field of the packet header is unrecognized by this device.
No Buffer	Displays the number of packets dropped because the device ran our of buffer space.
Other Errors	Displays the number of packets dropped due to errors other than the ones already indicated in the <b>IP Statistics</b> parameters.
ICMP Statistics parameters	
Total Received	Displays the number of Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) packets received by the device.
Total Sent	Displays the number of ICMP packets sent by the device.
Received Errors	Displays the number of errors received by the device. This information is used by Brocade customer support.
Sent Errors	Displays the number of errors sent by the device. This information is used by Brocade customer support.
Received Unreachable	Displays the number of Destination Unreachable messages received by the device.
Sent Unreachable	Displays the number of Destination Unreachable messages sent by the device.
Received Time Exceed	Displays the number of Time Exceeded messages received by the device.
Sent Time Exceed	Displays the number of Time Exceeded messages sent by the device.
Received Parameter	Displays the number of Parameter Problem messages received by the device.
Sent Parameter	Displays the number of Parameter Problem messages sent by the device.
Received Source Quench	Displays the number of Source Quench messages received by the device.
Sent Source Quench	Displays the number of Source Quench messages sent by the device.
Received Redirect	Displays the number of Redirect messages received by the device.
Sent Redirect	Displays the number of Redirect messages sent by the device.
Received Echo	Displays the number of Echo messages received by the device.
Sent Echo	Displays the number of Echo messages sent by the device.
Received Echo Reply	Displays the number of Echo Reply messages received by the device.
Sent Echo Reply	Displays the number of Echo Reply messages sent by the device.

TABLE 23 Description of the fields in the IP Traffic window (continued)

## TABLE 23 Description of the fields in the IP Traffic window (continued)

Field	Description
Received Timestamp	Displays the number of Timestamp messages received by the device.
Sent Timestamp	Displays the number of Timestamp messages sent by the device.
Received Timestamp Reply	Displays the number of Timestamp Reply messages received by the device.
Sent Timestamp Reply	Displays the number of Timestamp Reply messages sent by the device.
Received Address Mask	Displays the number of Address Mask Request messages received by the device.
Sent Address Mask	Displays the number of Address Mask Request messages sent by the device.
Received Address Mask Reply	Displays the number of Address Mask Reply messages received by the device.
Sent Address Mask Reply	Displays the number of Address Mask Reply messages sent by the device.
Received IRDP Advertisement	Displays the number of ICMP Router Discovery Protocol (IRDP) Advertisement messages received by the device.
Sent IRDP Advertisement	Displays the number of IRDP Advertisement messages sent by the device.
Received IRDP Solicitation	Displays the number of IRDP Solicitation messages received by the device.
Sent IRDP Solicitation	Displays the number of IRDP Solicitation messages sent by the device.
UDP Statistics parameters	
Received	Displays the number of User Datagram Protocol (UDP) packets received by the device.
Sent	Displays the number of UDP packets sent by the device.
No Port	Displays the number of UDP packets dropped because the packet did not contain a valid UDP port number.
Input Errors	Displays the number of errors on the incoming packets. This information is used by Brocade customer support.
TCP Statistics parameters	
Active Opens	Displays the number of Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections opened by this device by sending a TCP SYN to anothe device.
Passive Opens	Displays the number of TCP connections opened by this device in response to connection requests (TCP SYNs) received from other devices.
Failed Attempts	Displays the number of failed attempts. This information is used by Brocade customer support.
Active Resets	Displays the number of TCP connections this device reset by sending a TCP RESET message to the device at the other end of the connection.
Passive Resets	Displays the number of TCP connections this device reset because the device at the other end of the connection sent a TCP RESET message.
Input Errors	Displays the number of incoming errors. This information is used by Brocade customer support.
In Segments	Displays the number of TCP segments received by the device.

TABLE Lo Desemption of the fields in the first mane window (continued)							
Field	Description						
Out Segments	Displays the number of TCP segments sent by the device.						
Retransmission	Displays the number of segments that this device retransmitted because the retransmission timer for the segment had expired before the device at the other end of the connection had acknowledged receipt of the segment.						
Current Active TCBs	Displays the number of TCP Control Blocks (TCBs) that are currently active.						
TCBs Allocated	Displays the number of TCBs that have been allocated.						
TCBs Freed	Displays the number of TCBs that have been freed.						

TABLE 23 Description of the fields in the IP Traffic window (continued)

# Displaying IP traffic information for devices running Layer 3 code

To display the IP traffic statistics for Brocade ICX devices running Layer 3 code, perform the following steps.

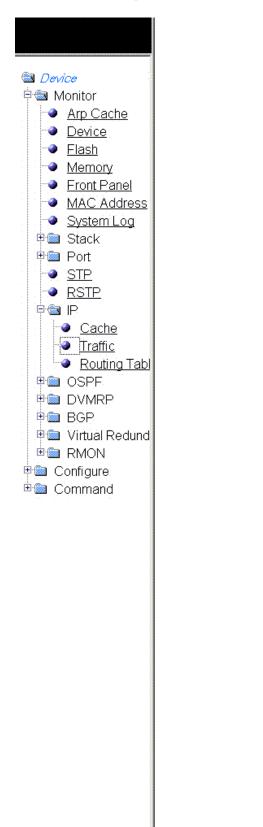
1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select IP .

Displaying IP traffic information for devices running Layer 3 code

2. Click Traffic

The IP Traffic window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 29 Monitoring the IP traffic information for devices running Layer 3 code



IP Traffic							
IP St	atis	tics					
Packets Received:	61	Packets Sent:	79				
Packets Forwarded:	0	Filtered:	0				
Fragmented:	0	Reassembled:	0				
Bad Header:	0	No Route:	0				
Unknown Protocols:	0	No Buffer:	0				
Other Errors:	0						
ICMP	Stat	istics					
Total Received:	0	Total Sent:	0				
Received Errors:	0	Sent Errors:	0				
Received Unreachable:	0	Sent Unreachable:	0				
Received Time Exceed:	0	Sent Time Exceed:	0				
Received Parameter:	0	Sent Parameter:	0				
Received Source Quench:	0	Sent Source Quench:	0				
Received Redirect:	0	Sent Redirect:	0				
Received Echo:	0	Sent Echo:	0				
Received Echo Reply:	0	Sent Echo Reply:	0				
<b>Received Timestamp:</b>	0	Sent Timestamp:	0				
Received Timestamp Reply:	0	Sent Timestamp Reply:	0				
Received Address Mask:	0	Sent Address Mask:	0				
Received Address Mask Reply:	0	Sent Address Mask Reply:	0				
Received IRDP Advertisment:	0	Sent IRDP Advertisment:	0				
Received IRDP Solicitation:	0	Sent IRDP Solicitation:	0				
UDP S	tati	stics					
Received:	0	Sent:	0				
No Port:	0	Input Errors:	0				
TCP S	tati	stics					
Active Opens:	0	Passive Opens:	0				
Failed Attempts:	0	Active Resets:	0				
Passive Resets:	0	Input Errors:	0				
In Segments:	61	Out Segments:	81				
Retransmission:	0		•				
RIP S	tati	stics					
Requests Sent:	0	Requests Received:	0				
Responses Sent:	0	Responses Received:	0				
Unrecognized:	0	Bad Version:	0				
Bad Address Family:	0	Bad Request Format:	0				
Bad Metrics:	0	Bad Response Format:					
Response Not from RIP Port:	0	Response from Loopback:					
Packets Rejected:			•1				

Brocade FastIron Web Management Interface User Guide, 08.0.50 53-1004462-01

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[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

#### TABLE 24 Description of the fields in the IP Traffic window

Field	Description
IP Statistics parameters	
Packets Received	Displays the number of IP packets received by the device.
Packets Sent	Displays the number of IP packets originated and sent by the device.
Packets Forwarded	Displays the total number of IP packets received by the device and forwarded to other devices.
Filtered	Displays the total number of IP packets filtered by the device.
Fragmented	Displays the number of IP packets fragmented by this device before sending or forwarding them.
Reassembled	Displays the number of fragmented IP packets received and re- assembled by the device.
Bad Header	Displays the number of IP packets dropped because they had a bad header.
No Route	Displays the number of packets dropped by the device because they had no route information.
Unknown Protocols	Displays the number of packets dropped by the device because the value in the protocol field of the packet header is unrecognized by this device.
No Buffer	Displays the number of packets dropped because the device ran out of buffer space.
Other Errors	Displays the number of packets dropped due to errors other than the ones already indicated in the <b>IP Statistics</b> parameters.
ICMP Statistics	Refer to Displaying IP traffic information for devices running Layer 2 code on page 67.
UDP Statistics	Refer to Displaying IP traffic information for devices running Layer 2 code on page 67.
TCP Statistics parameters	
Active Opens	Displays the number of TCP connections opened by this device by sending a TCP SYN to another device.
Passive Opens	Displays the number of TCP connections opened by this device in response to connection requests (TCP SYNs) received from other devices.
Failed Attempts	Displays the number of failed attempts. This information is used by Brocade customer support.
Active Resets	Displays the number of TCP connections this device reset by sending a TCP RESET message to the device at the other end of the connection.
Passive Resets	Displays the number of TCP connections this device reset because the device at the other end of the connection sent a TCP RESET message.
Input Errors	Displays the number of incoming errors. This information is used by Brocade customer support.
In Segments	Displays the number of TCP segments received by the device.
Out Segments	Displays the number of TCP segments sent by the device.
Retransmission	Displays the number of segments that this device retransmitted because the retransmission timer for the segment had expired before the device at the other end of the connection had acknowledged receipt of the segment.

Field	Description
Requests Sent	Displays the number of requests this device has sent to another Routing Information Protocol (RIP) Layer 3 switch for all or part of its RIP routing table.
Requests Received	Displays the number of requests this device has received from another RIP Layer 3 switch for all or part of this device's RIP routing table.
Responses Sent	Displays the number of responses this device has sent to another RIP Layer 3 switch's request for all or part of this device's RIP routing table.
Responses Received	Displays the number of responses this device has received to requests for all or part of another RIP Layer 3 switch's routing table.
Unrecognized	Displays the number of RIP packets that were not recognized by the device.
Bad Version	Displays the number of RIP packets dropped by the device because the RIP version was either invalid or is not supported by this device.
Bad Address Family	Displays the number of RIP packets dropped because the value in the Address Family Identifier field of the packet's header was invalid.
Bad Request Format	Displays the number of RIP request packets this Layer 3 switch dropped because the format was bad.
Bad Metrics	Displays the number of responses to RIP request packets this Layer 3 switch dropped because of the bad metric value. This information is used by Brocade customer support.
Bad Response Format	Displays the number of responses to RIP request packets this Layer 3 switch dropped because the format was bad.
Response Not from RIP Port	Displays the number of RIP responses received from non-RIP ports. This information is used by Brocade customer support.
Response from Loopback	Displays the number of RIP responses received from loopback interfaces.
Packets Rejected	Displays the number of RIP packets rejected by the device.

TABLE 24 Description of the fields in the IP Traffic window (continued)

# **Monitoring RMON**

•	Displaying RMON history
•	Displaying RMON Ethernet statistics
•	Changing polling interval
•	Displaying RMON Ethernet error statistics

## **Displaying RMON history**

By default, all active ports generate two history control data entries per active port. An active port is defined as one with a link up. If the link goes down, the two history entries are automatically cleared.

The following history entries are generated for each device:

- A sampling of statistics every 30 seconds
- A sampling of statistics every 30 minutes

To display Remote Monitoring (RMON) history, perform the following steps.

1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select RMON .

2. Click History .

The RMON Ethernet History window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 30 Monitoring the RMON Ethernet history

	RMON Ethernet History
🕲 Device	Port     Time Stamp     Utiliza- tion(%)     Drop Events     Octes     Packets     Pkts     CRC     Size     Frag- Align     Frag- ments     Jabbers     Colli- sions
<ul> <li>➡ Monitor</li> <li>→ Arp Cache</li> <li>→ Device</li> </ul>	Port     Time tion(%)     Drop Events     Octes     Packets     Pkts     CRC     Size Pkts     Frag- Under     Jabbers     Colli- sions
<ul> <li>● Flash</li> <li>● Memory</li> </ul>	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]
⊕	
P R <u>STP</u> ■ ■ IP	
RMON     History     Statistic	
€ © Configure € © Command	

#### TABLE 25 Description of the fields in the RMON Ethernet History window

Field	Description
Port	Displays the port for which the history data is being presented - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum.
Time Stamp	Displays the day and time when the data was collected.
Utilization(%)	Displays the percentage of the port that was being utilized when the data was taken.
Drop Events	Displays the total number of events in which packets were dropped by the RMON probe due to lack of resources. This number is not necessarily the number of packets dropped, but is the number of times an overrun condition has been detected.
Octets	Displays the total number of octets of data received on the network. This number includes octets in bad packets. This number does not include framing bits but does include Frame Check Sequence (FCS) octets.
Packets	Displays the total number of packets received. This number includes bad packets, broadcast packets, and multicast packets.
Packets: Broadcast	Displays the total number of good packets received that were directed to the broadcast address. This number does not include multicast packets.

Field	Description
Packets: Multicast	Displays the total number of good packets received that were directed to a multicast address.
	This number does not include packets directed to the broadcast address.
CRC Alignment Errors	Displays the total number of packets received that were from 64 through 1518 octets long, but had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a non-integral number of octets (Alignment Error).
	The packet length does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Size Packets: Under	Displays the total number of packets received that were less than 64 octets long and were otherwise well formed.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Size Packets: Over	Displays the total number of packets received that were longer than 1518 octets and were otherwise well formed.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Fragments	Displays the total number of packets received that were less than 64 octets long and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a non-integral number of octets (Alignment Error).
	It is normal for this counter to be incremented, because it counts both runts (which are normal occurrences due to collisions) and noise hits.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Jabbers	Displays the total number of packets received that were longer than 1518 octets and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a non-integral number of octets (Alignment Error).
	<b>NOTE</b> This definition of jabber is different from the definition in IEEE-802.3 section 8.2.1.5 (10BASE5) and section 10.3.1.4 (10BASE2). These documents define jabber as the condition where any packet exceeds 20 ms. The allowed range to detect jabber is between 20 ms and 150 ms.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Collisions	Displays the best estimate of the total number of collisions on this Ethernet segment.

#### TABLE 25 Description of the fields in the RMON Ethernet History window (continued)

### **Displaying RMON Ethernet statistics**

RMON statistics provide count information on multicast and broadcast packets. This information includes total packets sent, undersized and oversized packets, CRC alignment errors, jabbers, collisions, fragments, and dropped events for each port on the system. RMON statistics collection is activated automatically during system startup, and requires no configuration.

To display RMON statistics, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Monitor on the left pane and select RMON.
- 2. Click Statistic.

3. Select a unit ID in the Select Stack Unit ID list and click Display to view information about a specific stack unit.

The RMON Ethernet Statistics window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 31 Monitoring RMON Ethernet statistics

Port	Octets	Packets	Pk	ts		in an	0	ctets Pkt	s		Owner	S'4-4-
Furt	Juleis	rackets	Broadcast	Multicast	64	65-127	128-255	256-511	512-1023	1024-1518	Owner	Status
1/1/1 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/2 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/3 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/4 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/5 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/6 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/7 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/8 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/9 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/10 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/11 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/12 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/13 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/14 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/15 31	189692	35340	966	32675	32831	1267	314	394	7	527	monitor	Active
1/1/16 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/17 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/18 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	monitor	Active
1/1/19 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		monitor	
1/1/20 0	Sector Contraction of the	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		monitor	
1/1/21 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	monitor	
1/1/22 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		monitor	
1/1/23 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	monitor	
	222862		~ 978	° 32710	32722		174	91	0		monitor	
1/2/1 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	monitor	
1/2/2 0	(Anna and a state of the state	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		monitor	
		• •	Pk		•			ctets Pkt	-			110400
Port (	Octets	Packets	Broadcast	A Company of the second second	64	65.127	president of the state of the state of			1024-1518	Owner	Status

#### TABLE 26 Description of the fields in the RMON Ethernet Statistics window

Field	Description
Port	Displays the port number - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum.

Field	Description
Octets	Displays the total number of octets of data received on the network.
	This number includes octets in bad packets.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include Frame Check Sequence (FCS) octets.
Packets	Displays the total number of packets received.
	This number includes bad packets, broadcast packets, and multicas packets.
Packets: Broadcast	Displays the total number of good packets received that were directed to the broadcast address.
	This number does not include multicast packets.
Packets: Multicast	Displays the total number of good packets received that were directed to a multicast address.
	This number does not include packets directed to the broadcast address.
Octet Packets: 64	Displays the total number of packets received that were 64 octets long.
	This number includes bad packets.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Octet Packets: 65 - 127	Displays the total number of packets received that were from 65 through 127 octets long.
	This number includes bad packets.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Octet Packets: 128 - 255	Displays the total number of packets received that were from 128 through 255 octets long.
	This number includes bad packets.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Octet Packets: 256 - 511	Displays the total number of packets received that were from 256 through 511 octets long.
	This number includes bad packets.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Octet Packets: 512 - 1023	Displays the total number of packets received that were from 512 through 1023 octets long.
	This number includes bad packets.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Octet Packets: 1024 - 1518	Displays the total number of packets received that were from 1024 through 1518 octets long.
	This number includes bad packets.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Owner	Displays the owner of the packets.

### TABLE 26 Description of the fields in the RMON Ethernet Statistics window (continued)

#### TABLE 26 Description of the fields in the RMON Ethernet Statistics window (continued)

Field	Description
Status	Displays the status of the port.
Up Time	Displays the length of time the device has been available.
Last Clear Time	Displays the length of time data has been accumulating in the current table.

To remove the current data in the table and restart monitoring, click Clear. To stop reporting the statistics, click Stop Polling.

The RMON Ethernet Statistics window contains the following links:

- To change the polling interval, click **Change Polling interval**. For more information, refer to the "Changing polling interval" section.
- To display the RMON Ethernet error statistics, click **RMON Ethernet Error Statistics**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying RMON Ethernet error statistics" section.

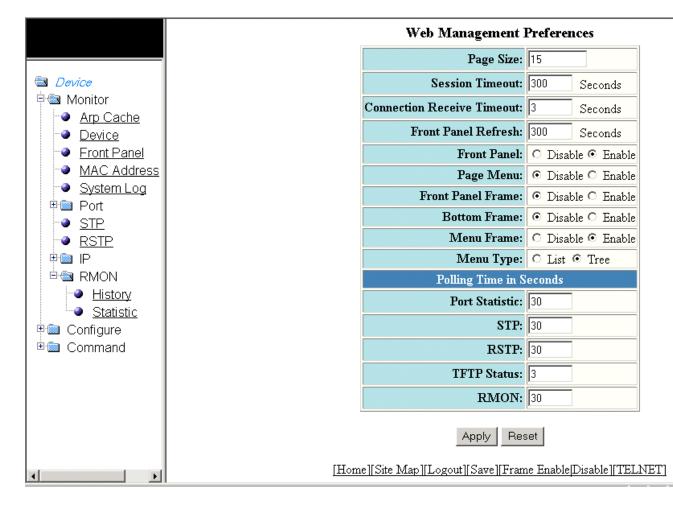
# **Changing polling interval**

To change the number of seconds between reporting the RMON Ethernet statistics, perform the following steps.

1. Click Change Polling interval on the RMON Ethernet Statistics window.

The Web Management Preferences window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 32 Modifying web management preferences



- 2. Specify the RMON polling interval in the **RMON** field.
- 3. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed at the top of the window. To undo the changes, click **Reset**. For more information on web management preferences, refer to Configuring the web management preferences on page 131.

# **Displaying RMON Ethernet error statistics**

To display RMON error information, perform the following steps.

1. Click RMON Ethernet Error Statistics on the RMON Ethernet Statistics window.

2. Select a unit ID in the **Select Stack Unit ID** list and click **Display** to view information about a specific stack unit.

The RMON Ethernet Error Statistics window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 33 Monitoring the RMON Ethernet error statistics

			Clear Stop Polling	[Change Polling	Interval][RMO1	I Ethernet Stat	istics]	
			RMON Ethernet	Error Statistic	s - Polling In	iterval 30 se	ec	
Device	Port	Drop Events	CRC Alignment Errors	Undersize Pkts	Oversize Pkts	Fragments	Jabbers	Collisions
🖻 📾 Monitor	1/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arp Cache	1/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Device     Front Panel	1/3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAC Address	1/4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li><u>System Log</u></li> </ul>	1/5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port	1/6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
🖻 📾 Statistic	1/7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ethernet	1/8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
🗉 🛅 Utilization	1/9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Managemen	1/10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
● <u>STP</u> ● <u>RSTP</u>	1/11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1/12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1/13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Itistory	1/14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statistic	1/15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
🖻 🛅 Configure	1/16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
🗄 🛅 Command	1/17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1/18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1/19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1/20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1/21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1/22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1/23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1/24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	mgmt 1	2576980184	2576980184	2576980184	2576980184	2576980184	2576980184	2576980184
	Port	Drop Events	CRC Alignment Errors	Undersize Pkts	Oversize Pkts	Fragments	Jabbers	Collisions
Up Time=00 days 00h:20m:13s, Last Clear Time=00 days 00h:00m:00s Clear Stop Polling [Change Polling Interval][RMON Ethernet Statistics]								
<b> </b>			[Home][Site Map][I	Logout][Save][Fra	ame Enable Disat	ole][TELNET]		

#### TABLE 27 Description of the fields in the RMON Ethernet Error Statistics window

Field	Description
Port	Displays the port number - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum.
Drop Events	Displays the total number of events in which packets were dropped by the RMON probe due to lack of resources. This number is not necessarily the number of packets dropped, but is the number of times an overrun condition has been detected.

Field	Description
CRC Alignment Errors	Displays the total number of packets received that were from 64 through 1518 octets long, but had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a non-integral number of octets (Alignment Error).
	The packet length does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Undersize Pkts	Displays the total number of packets received that were less than 64 octets long and were otherwise well formed.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Oversize Pkts	Displays the total number of packets received that were longer than 1518 octets and were otherwise well formed.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Fragments	Displays the total number of packets received that were less than 64 octets long and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a non-integral number of octets (Alignment Error).
	It is normal for this counter to increment, because it counts both runts (which are normal occurrences due to collisions) and noise hits.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Jabbers	Displays the total number of packets received that were longer than 1518 octets and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a non-integral number of octets (Alignment Error).
	<b>NOTE</b> This definition of jabber is different from the definition in IEEE-802.3 section 8.2.1.5 (10BASE5) and section 10.3.1.4 (10BASE2). These documents define jabber as the condition where any packet exceeds 20 ms. The allowed range to detect jabber is between 20 ms and 150 ms.
	This number does not include framing bits but does include FCS octets.
Collisions	Displays the best estimate of the total number of collisions on this Ethernet segment.
Up Time	Displays the length of time the device has been available.
Last Clear Time	Displays the length of time data has been accumulating in the current table.

#### TABLE 27 Description of the fields in the RMON Ethernet Error Statistics window (continued)

To remove the current data in the table and restart monitoring, click Clear . To stop reporting the statistics, click Stop Polling .

The RMON Ethernet Error Statistics window contains the following links:

- To change the polling interval, click **Change Polling interval**. For more information, refer to Changing polling interval on page 84.
- To display the RMON statistics, click **RMON Ethernet Statistics**. For more information, refer to Displaying RMON Ethernet statistics on page 79.

# **Configuring Stack Components**

•	Configuring the general settings for a traditional stack	87
•	Viewing stack priority details	
•	Modifying stack ports	
•	Configuring a stack module	

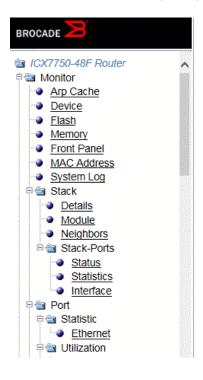
### Configuring the general settings for a traditional stack

To change the stack settings to improve performance and reliability of the device, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **Stack**.
- 2. Click General.

The General Stacking Configuration window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 34 General stacking configuration



[Show Stack Details][Show Stack Modules]

General Stacking Configuration

MAC Address:	748e.f8f9.5580	Apply
MAC Persistent Timer:	Disable      Enable	Apply
		Apply

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

3. Enter the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the device in the MAC Address field and then click Apply.

4. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for **MAC Persistent Timer** and then click **Apply**.

If you click **Enable**, type the time delay before the stack MAC address changes in the **MAC Persistent Timer** field and then click **Apply**.

The General Stacking Configuration window provides links to monitor stack parameters:

- To display the current stack information, click **Show Stack Details**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying the stack details" section.
- To display the current information about the stack modules, click **Show Stack Modules**. For more information, refer to the "Displaying a stack module" section.

# Viewing stack priority details

The stack unit with the highest priority is the Active Controller (128 by default). The stack unit with the second highest priority is the Standby Controller, which takes over if the current Active Controller fails.

It is possible to assign the same priority for Active and Standby Controllers, or different priorities (Active highest and Standby secondhighest). When the Active and Standby Controllers have the same priority, if the Active Controller fails, the Standby Controller takes over. If the original Active Controller becomes operational again, it will not be able to resume its original role.

When the priorities of the Active and Standby Controllers are different, if the Active Controller fails, the Standby Controller takes over. If the original Active Controller becomes operational again, the old Active Controller regains its role and resets the other units.

You can assign the same priority to the Active and Standby Controllers after the stack is formed. This prevents the intended Standby Controller from becoming the Active Controller during stack construction.

To view the priority of the units within a stack, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select Stack .

#### 2. Click Priority .

The Stack Unit Priority window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 35 Stack unit priority



To add a new stack module, click **Add Module**. For more information on how to configure a stack module, refer to Configuring a stack module on page 91.

### Modifying stack ports

### NOTE

You cannot change the stack ports for the Brocade ICX devices.

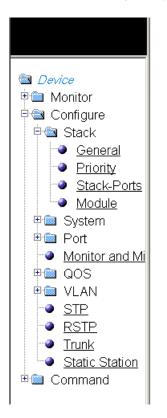
To modify the stack ports, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **Stack**.

2. Click Stack-Ports.

The Stack Ports window is displayed.

FIGURE 36 Modifying stack ports



[Show Stack Details][Show Stack Modules]
--

Stack	Ports
-------	-------

Unit ID	Stack-port1	Stack-port2	
1	up (1/2/1)	up (1/2/2)	Modify

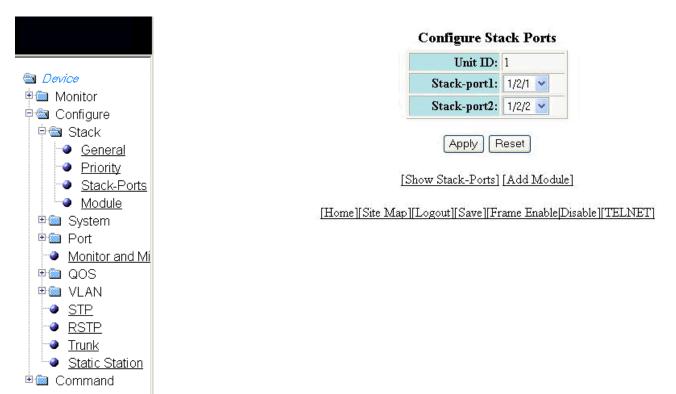
[Add Module]

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

#### 3. Click Modify.

The Configure Stack Ports window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





- 4. Select a port in the Stack-port1 list.
- 5. Select a port in the Stack-port2 list.
- 6. Click Apply.

The stack ports are modified and the Stack Ports window is displayed.

To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset . To display the configured stack port, click Show Stack-Ports.

To configure a stack module, click **Add Module**. For more information on how to configure a stack module, refer to the "Configuring a stack module" section.

### Configuring a stack module

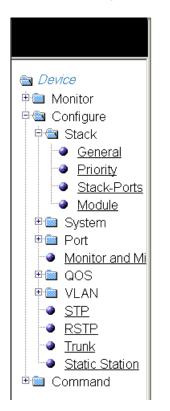
To configure a stack module, perform the following steps.

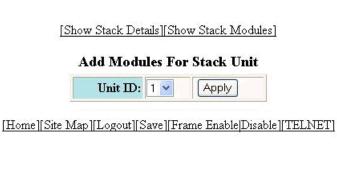
1. Click Configure on the left pane and select Stack .

2. Click Module .

The Add Modules For Stack Unit window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 38 Adding modules for a stack unit





3. Select a stack unit identifier in the Unit ID list.

4. Click Apply.

The Configure Stack Unit Modules window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 39 Adding and deleting a stack unit module

ICX7450-48F Rout		Configure Stack Unit M	odules			
Monitor Configure	Unit ID:Module	Module	Status	Ports	Starting MAC	Action
🖻 🖻 Stack	S3:M1	ICX7450-24P POE 24-port Management Modu	e CFG	24	0000.0000.0000	Delete
General	S3:M2	icx7400-ipsec-fpga-module 🗸				Add
Priority     Stack-Ports	\$3:M3	icx7400-ipsec-fpga-module 🗸				Add
Module	S3:M4	icx7400-ipsec-fpga-module -				Add
■ ULAN ● STP						

5. Select a stack module in the list on the Module column and then click Add .

To display current stack details, stack port status, and stack neighbors information, click **Show Stack Details**. For more information, refer to Displaying the stack details on page 33. Click **Delete** to delete a stack unit module. You cannot delete the active modules.

To display the stack unit modules, click **Show Stack Modules**. For more information, refer to Displaying a stack module on page 35.

# **Configuring System Components**

•	Configuring the system clock	
•	Configuring the system clock Configuring the system DNS	97
•	Configuring the general system settings	
•	Configuring the system identification	
•	Configuring the system IP address	
•	Configuring a standard ACL	
•	Configuring an extended ACL	
•	Configuring an IP access group	
•	Configuring the system MAC filter	
•	Configuring the maximum system parameter value	
•	Configuring a system module	
•	Configuring a RADIUS server	
•	Configuring a TACACS/TACACS+ server	
•	Configuring management authentication	
•	Configuring management authorization	
•	Configuring management accounting	
•	Configuring an SNMP community string	
•	Configuring the general management parameters	
•	Configuring a management system log	
•	Configuring a trap	
•	Configuring a trap receiver	
•	Configuring a management user account	
•	Configuring the web management preferences	

# Configuring the system clock

To configure the system clock, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .

2. Click Clock .

The **Clock** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 40 Configuring the system clock

	lock	
Time Zone:		<b>*</b>
Daylight Saving Time:	💿 Disable	🔘 Enable
Date (mm-dd-yyyy):	0 0	0
Time (hh:mm:ss):	0 0	0 AM
Арріу	Reset	
UPP D		
[Home][Site Map][Logout][Say	ell'Erame Er	nahlelDisahle]
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- 3. Select the GMT time zone that you want to configure for the device in the Time Zone list.
- 4. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for **Daylight Saving Time**. Daylight Saving Time applies to the US time zone only.
- 5. Type the date in mm-dd-yyyy format in the **Date (mm-dd-yyyy)** field.
- 6. Type the time in hh:mm:ss format in the Time (hh:mm:ss) field and select AM or PM in the list.
- 7. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

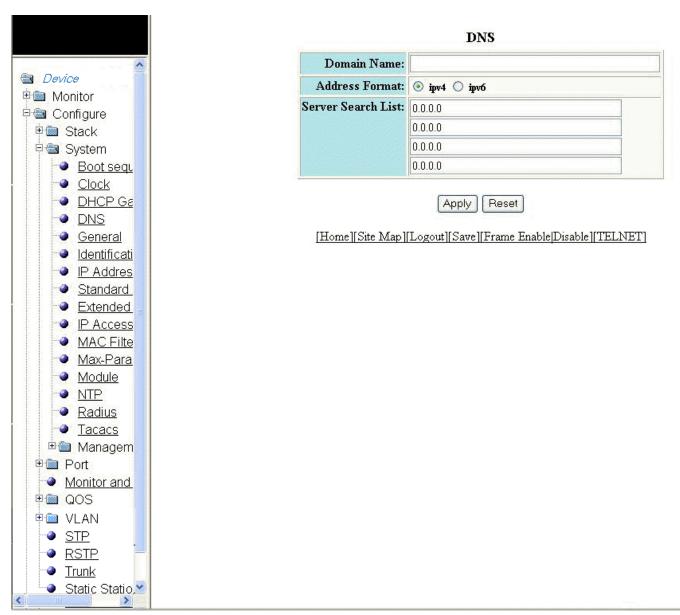
# Configuring the system DNS

To configure the system Domain Name System (DNS), perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .
- 2. Click DNS .

The  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DNS}}$  window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 41 Configuring the system DNS



- 3. Type the name of the domain that can be used to resolve host names in the Domain Name field.
- 4. Select ipv4 or ipv6 for the Address Format .

5. Type the server IP addresses in the Server Search List fields.

You can configure a Brocade device to recognize up to four DNS servers. The first entry serves as the primary default address. If a query to the primary address fails to be resolved after three attempts, the next DNS address is queried (also up to three times). This process continues for each defined DNS address until the query is resolved. The order in which the default DNS addresses are polled is the same as the order in which you enter them.

6. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

### Configuring the general system settings

To configure the general system settings, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.
- 2. Click General.

The General System Configuration window is displayed.

FIGURE 42 Configuring the general system

🔏 Brocade Communication Systems Device Management - Internet Expl	orer provided by HCL Infosystems Limit	ed		
() . http://172.26.67.84/Home			• 4 🗙 🛃 Google	۰ م
😸 • 🏉 TeemTrack - Quality Mana 🏉 Brocade Communicati :		ook Web App 🛃 Google 🔁 Suggested Sites 🔹 🔊 Get more Add-ons 🕯	• 🔊 Status Sheet 🔄 • 🔯 • 🖙 🖶 • Beg	pe• Safety• Tools• 🕢• "
BROCADE	Identification IP Address Cools Mac Parent Cooling Module Mac Parameter RADUS TACACS Management	General System Configuration Policy Based VLANs  Policy Based VLANs  Policy Based VLANs  Policy Based VLANs  Policy Based  Source Development CONFIGURATION Policy Based CONFIGURATION Policy P	5 Fast	
		and 🚱	enet   Protected Mode: On	√a • ₹,105 •

- 3. Select the Port check box for Policy based VLANs to enable configuration of port-based VLANs.
- 4. Click Disable or Enable for Spanning Tree . If you click Enable, select the Single or Fast check box.
- 5. Click Strict or Weighted for QOS.
- 6. Click Disable or Enable for ACL Per Port Per VLAN.

7. Click Advance to configure additional system parameters.

The **System** window is displayed.

FIGURE 43 Advance system information

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🙀 Favorites 🙀 👩 Team Documents 😰 psynch 🏶 CMWeb 😰 Qms 🐑 M	ly HCL Login 🧧 Outlook Web App 🔝 Google 😇 Suggested Ster	s 👻 👩 Get more Add-o	ons • 👔 Status Sheet	
S 🔹 🌈 TeamTrack - Quality Mana 🌈 Brocade Communicati			🏠 • 🗊 • 🖙 👼 • Beg	e 🔹 Şəfety 🕶 Tgols 🔹 😥 🖛
	System			
	Tag Type:	\$100		
a dut.2	Mac Age Time:			
a Monitor	Default VLAN ID:	1		
8 🖆 System	Chassis Poll Interval (sec):	5		
Boot sequence     Clock	Gig Port Default:	Neg-Full-Auto +		
General	Route Only:	· Disable O Enabl	le	
<ul> <li>Identification</li> </ul>	Jumbo Frame:	Disable      Enable	le	
	Appy R	Second and	TELNET]	

- 8. Type the VLAN tag type in hexadecimal format from 0 through ffff in the Tag Type field. The default is 0081.
- 9. Type the number of seconds a port address remains active in the address table in the Mac Age Time field.
- 10. Type the default VLAN ID number in the Default VLAN ID field.
- 11. Type the interval, in seconds, in which the chassis is polled in the Chassis Poll Interval (sec) field.
- 12. Select a negotiation mode in the Gig Port Default list.
- 13. Click Disable or Enable for Route Only. If you click Enable , Layer 2 switching is disabled globally.
- 14. Click Disable or Enable for Jumbo Frame.

Jumbo frames are Ethernet frames with more than 1,500 bytes MTU.

#### 15. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset.

The General System Configuration window provides the following links to configure the system parameters:

- Identification
- IP Address
- · DNS
- DHCP Gateway
- Clock
- MAC Filter
- Module
- Max-Parameter
- · RADIUS
- TACACS
- Management

## Configuring the system identification

To configure the system identification information, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .

#### 2. Click Identification .

The **Identification** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 44 Configuring the system identification

		Identification
	Name:	Device
	Contact:	
	Location:	
	rocation:	
		Apply Reset
	[Home][Site Man][] (	ogout][Save][Frame Enable Di:
ε	TITOILE II She Map II TO	vgourill save ll traine maoie
<b>~</b>		

- 3. Type the name of the device in the Name field.
- 4. Type the contact information of the device in the Contact field.
- 5. Type the location of the device in the **Location** field.
- 6. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

# Configuring the system IP address

To configure the IP address of the system, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .
- 2. Click IP Address . The Router IP address window is displayed.
- 3. Click Add IP Address.

The Router IP address window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 45 Configuring the system IP address



Router IP Address					
Select Unit:	28 ✓ Get Ports	Port:	28/1/1	~	
IP Address:	0.0.0.0				
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0				
Type:	Secondary				

Add Delete Reset

[Show]

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable|Disable][TELNET]

- 4. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 5. Select a port from the **Port** list.
- 6. Type the IP address of the device in the IP Address field.
- 7. Type the network mask for the IP address in the **Subnet Mask** field.
- 8. Select the Secondary check box for Type if you have already configured an IP address within the same subnet on the interface.
- 9. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

# Configuring a standard ACL

To configure a standard Access Control List (ACL), perform the following steps.

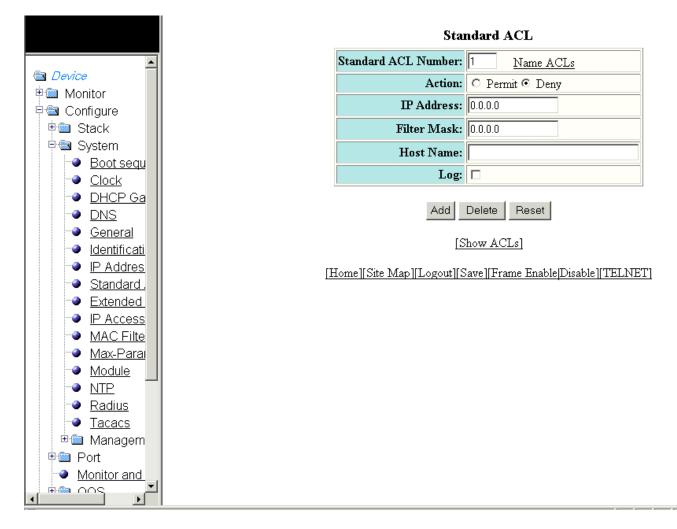
- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .
- 2. Click Standard ACL .

The **Standard ACL** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

NOTE

Web GUI does not have ACL Sequence number support.

FIGURE 46 Configuring a standard ACL



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- 3. Type the standard ACL number from 1 through 99 in the **Standard ACL Number** field. If you want to type an ACL name, click **Name ACLs**. The field label changes to **Standard ACL Name**.
- 4. Click **Permit** or **Deny** for **Action** so that the ACL forwards or drops the packets that match the policy in the ACL.
- 5. Type the IP address of the route's destination in the **IP Address** field.

- 6. Type the masking bits in the **Filter Mask** field. This allows you to specify a range of IP addresses to include or exclude based on mask matching.
- 7. Type the host name in the Host Name field. The host name enables you to perform Telnet, ping, and trace route commands.
- 8. Select the Log check box to log the entries.
- 9. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured standard ACL, click **Show ACLs**. To delete the configured ACL, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

### Configuring an extended ACL

To configure an extended Access Control List (ACL), perform the following steps.

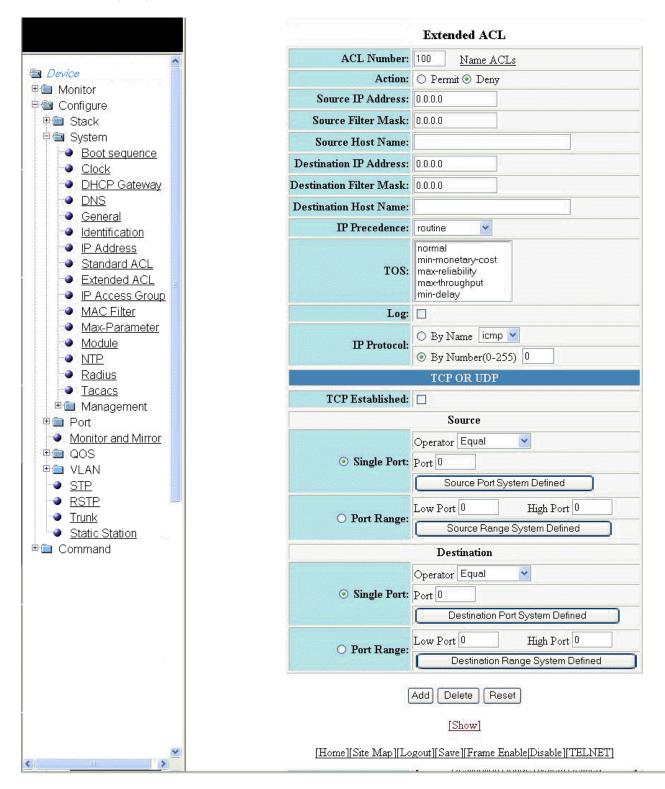
1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.

Configuring an extended ACL

#### 2. Click Extended ACL.

The **Extended ACL** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 47 Configuring an extended ACL



Configuring an extended ACL

- 3. Type the extended ACL number (from 100 through 199) in the ACL Number field. If you want to specify an extended ACL name, click Name ACLs. The field label changes to ACL Name.
- 4. Click **Permit** or **Deny** for **Action** so that the packets that match the policy are forwarded or dropped.
- 5. Type the source IP address in the **Source IP Address** field.
- 6. Type the source mask in the Source Filter Mask field.
- 7. Type the source host name in the Source Host Name field.
- 8. Type the destination IP address in the Destination IP Address field.
- 9. Type the destination mask in the Destination Filter Mask field.
- 10. Type the destination host name in the **Destination Host Name** field.
- 11. Select one of the following options in the IP Precedence list:
  - routine --The ACL matches packets that have the routine precedence.
  - priority --The ACL matches packets that have the priority precedence.
  - immediate --The ACL matches packets that have the immediate precedence.
  - **flash** --The ACL matches packets that have the flash precedence.
  - flash-override --The ACL matches packets that have the flash override precedence.
  - critical --The ACL matches packets that have the critical precedence.
  - internet --The ACL matches packets that have the internetwork control precedence.
  - **network** --The ACL matches packets that have the network control precedence.
- 12. Select one of the following options in the TOS list:
  - normal --The ACL matches packets that have the normal Type of Service (ToS).
  - min-monetary-cost --The ACL matches packets that have the minimum monetary cost ToS.
  - max-reliability --The ACL matches packets that have the maximum reliability ToS.
  - max-throughput -- The ACL matches packets that have the maximum throughput ToS.
  - min-delay --The ACL matches packets that have the minimum delay ToS.
- 13. Select the Log check box to enable generation of SNMP traps and syslog messages for packets denied by the ACL.
- 14. Click **By Name** for I**P Protocol** to select the IP protocol by name or click **By Number** to specify the number (from 0 through 255).
- 15. Select the **TCP Established** check box so that the policy applies to TCP packets that have the ACK (Acknowledgment) or RST (Reset) bits set on (set to "1") in the Control Bits field of the TCP packet header. The policy applies only to the established TCP sessions, not to the new sessions.

#### NOTE

This field applies only to the destination TCP ports, not the source TCP ports.

- 16. Enter the following information for **Source**:
  - a) To configure a single port, click **Single Port**.

Select one of the following options for **Operator**:

- Equal --The policy applies to the TCP or UDP port number or name you enter.
- NotEqual -- The policy applies to all the TCP or UDP port numbers except the port number or port name you enter.
- LessThan --The policy applies to the TCP or UDP port numbers that are less than the port number or the numeric equivalent of the port name you enter.
- GreaterThan --The policy applies to the TCP or UDP port numbers greater than the port number or the numeric equivalent of the port name you enter.

#### Click Source Port System Defined.

b) To configure a range of ports, click Port Range.

Type the lower port number in the Low Port field and the highest port number in the High Port field.

#### Click Source Range System Defined.

- 17. To configure the destination port settings under **Destination**, follow the procedure explained in step 16.
- 18. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured extended numbered ACL, click Show.

To delete the configured extended numbered ACL, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

#### NOTE

Web GUI does not have ACL Sequence number support.

### Configuring an IP access group

To configure an IP access group, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.

### 2. Click IP Access Group.

The  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IP}}$  Access Group window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 48 Configuring IP access groups



- 3. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 4. Select a port in the **Port** list.
  - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum
- 5. Select the In Bound check box for Direction to enable incoming traffic on the interface to which you apply the ACL.
- 6. Type the ACL number in the ACL Number list. If you want to type an ACL name, click Select Name ACLs. The field label changes to ACL Name . Now, you can type the ACL name up to 256 alphanumeric characters.
- 7. Click Add.

The message  ${\tt The \ change \ has \ been \ made is displayed}.$  To display the configured IP access group, click Show.

To delete the configured IP access group, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring the system MAC filter

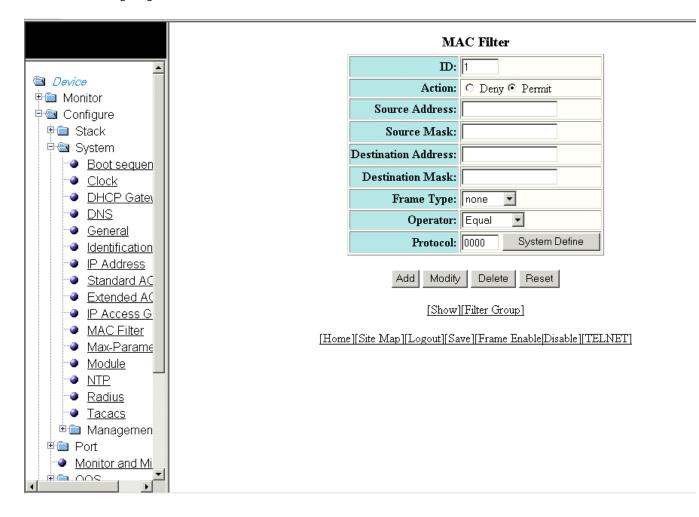
To configure the system MAC filter, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.

2. Click MAC Filter.

The MAC Filter window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 49 Configuring a MAC filter



- 3. Type the filter number in the ID field.
- 4. Click **Deny** or **Permit** for **Action**.
- 5. Type the source MAC address in xx.xx.xx.xx.xx format in the Source Address field.
- 6. Type the source mask in the **Source Mask** field.
- 7. Type the destination MAC address in xx.xx.xx.xx.xx format in the Destination Address field.
- 8. Type the destination mask in the Destination Mask field.
- 9. Select the type of frame in the **Frame Type** list.
- 10. Select the comparison operator in the Operator list.
- 11. Type the protocol identifier in the Protocol field. To select the system-defined protocol, click System Define.

### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

#### 12. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured MAC filter, click Show.

To change the configured MAC filter, click **Modify**. You can also delete the MAC filter by clicking **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

To configure a filter group, click **Filter Group**. For more information on how to configure a filter group, refer to the "Configuring a filter group" section.

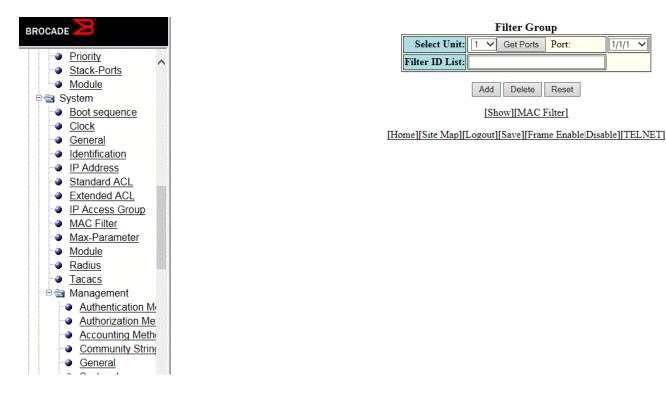
### Configuring a filter group

To configure a system filter group, perform the following steps.

1. Click Filter Group on the right pane of the MAC Filter window.

The Filter Group window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 50 Configuring a filter group



2. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.

- 3. Select a port number in the Port list.
  - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum
- 4. Type the filter identifier in the **Filter ID List** field.

5. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured filter group, click **Show**. To delete the configured filter group, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

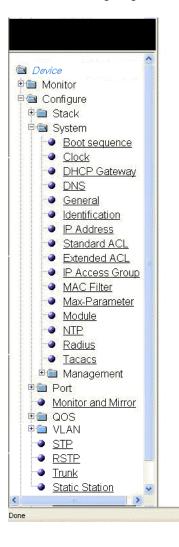
## Configuring the maximum system parameter value

To configure the maximum system parameter value, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .
- 2. Click Max-Parameter .

The Configure System Parameter Maximum Value window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 51 Configuring the maximum system parameter



Name	Range	Default	Current Max Value	
igmp-max-group-addr	64-1024	255	255	Modify
ip-filter-sys	64-4096	2048	2048	Modify
13-vlan	0-1024	32	32	Modify
mac	32768-32768	32768	32768	Modify
vlan	1-4095	64	64	Modify
spanning-tree	1-255	32	32	Modify
mac-filter-port	4-256	32	32	Modify
mac-filter-sys	8-512	64	64	Modify
view	10-65535	10	10	Modify
rmon-entries	128-32768	1024	1024	Modify
mld-max-group-addr	256-32768	8192	8192	Modify
igmp-snoop-mcache	256-8192	512	512	Modify
mld-snoop-mcache	256-8192	512	512	Modify
Name	Range	Default	Current Max Value	

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

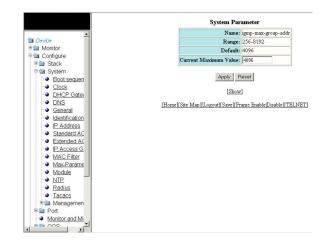
😝 Internet

🔍 100% 🔹

3. To change the values for each system parameter, click Modify .

The **System Parameter** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 52 Modifying the maximum parameter value



- 4. Type the maximum value in the Current Maximum Value field.
- 5. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured maximum system value, click **Show**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring a system module

To configure a system module, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **System**.

### 2. Click Module.

The **Module** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 53 Configuring system modules

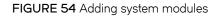
Unit ID: Module	Slo	Module	Statu	s Ports	Starting MAC	
\$1.M1	1	ICX7750-48XGF 48-port Management Module	OK	4\$	609c 9f20.0680	Delet
\$1:M2	2	ICX7750-QSFP 6-port QSFP 240G Module	OK	24	609c.9f20.06b1	Delet
\$1:M3	3	None		1		Delet
\$1:M4	4	None		Î		Delet
\$2:M1	5	None		Î		Delet
\$2 M2	6	None		1		Delet
\$2:M3	7	None		i –		Delet
\$2-M4	3	None		<u> </u>		Delet
\$3:MI	9	None	<u> </u>	1		Delet
\$3-M2	10	None		1-		Delet
\$3:M3	11	None		<u> </u>		Delet
\$3-M4	12	None				Delet
\$4:M1	13	None		-		Delet
\$4:M2	14	None	-	-		Delet
\$4:M3	15	None		<u>}</u>		Delet
\$4:M4	16	None				Delet
\$4:M4	10	None	-	-		Delet
Constantion of the	(and		<u> </u>			1000000
\$5:M2	18	None				Delet
\$5:M3	19	None		Ļ		Delet
\$5:M4	20	None	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Delet
\$6:M1	21	Nose				Delet
\$6:M2	22	None		<u> </u>		Delet
\$6:M3	23	None	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Delet
\$6:M4	24	None				Delet
\$7.M1	25	None	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Delet
\$7:M2	26	None	ļ			Delet
\$7:M3	27	None	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Delet
\$7:M4	28	None	<u> </u>	Į		Delet
\$\$:M1	29	None		Į		Delet
\$\$:M2	30	None		<u> </u>		Delet
\$\$.M3	31	None				Delet
\$\$'M4	32	None				Delet
\$9.MI	33	None	199	1000		Delet
\$9:M2	34	None				Delet
\$9:M3	35	None	122	1223		Delet
\$9.M4	36	None				Delet
\$10:M1	37	None				Delet
\$10:M2	38	None				Delet
\$10:M3	39	None				Delet
\$10:M4	40	None		1		Delet
\$11:MI	41	None	-			Delet
\$11:M2	42	None			COLUMN TRACTOR	Delet
\$11:M3	43	None	-	1		Delet
\$11:M4	44	None		1		Delet
\$12:M1	45	None	-	1	And and a second s	Delet
\$12-M2	46	None	-	1		Delet
\$12:M3	47	None	-	1		Delet
\$12:M4	48	None	-	-		Delet

### Module

### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

### 3. Click Add Module.

The **Module** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.



	Module
	Slot: 1
Device	Module Type: xtp-2-port-10g-module
🗉 🛅 Monitor	
🖻 📾 Configure	Add Delete Reset
🖻 🛅 Stack	
🖻 📾 System	[Show]
Boot sequen	
Olock	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]
DHCP Gate	
General	
Identification	
IP Address     Chan dand 4C	
Standard AC	
Extended AC     P Access G	
MAC Filter	
Max-Parame	
Module	
NTP	
- Radius	
Tacacs	
e time nagement	
Monitor and Mi	

- 4. Select a slot number in the **Slot** list.
- 5. Select a chassis module type in the **Module Type** list.
- 6. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured module, click **Show**. To delete the configured module, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring a RADIUS server

To configure a Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) server, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .

2. Click Radius .

The **RADIUS** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 55 Configuring a RADIUS server

	RADIUS
	Retransmit: 3
Device	Timeout: 3
🗉 🛅 Monitor	
🖻 📾 Configure	Dead Time: 3
🖻 🕮 Stack	Key:
🖻 🃾 System	
Boot sequen	Apply Reset
Clock	
DHCP Gate	[RADIUS Server]
DNS	
General	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable Disable][TELNET]
Identification	
IP Address	
Standard AC	
Extended AC	
MAC Filter	
MAC Filter Max-Parame	
Module	
NTP	
Tacacs	
Port	
Monitor and Mi	
•	1

- 3. Type the retransmission interval, which specifies how many times the Brocade device resends an authentication request when the RADIUS server does not respond, in the **Retransmit** field. The range is from 1 through 5 times. The default is 3 times.
- 4. Type the timeout interval, which specifies how many seconds the Brocade device waits for a response from a RADIUS server before either retrying the authentication request or determining that the RADIUS servers are unavailable and moving on to the next authentication method in the authentication method list, in the **Timeout** field. The range is from 1 through 15 seconds. The default is 3 seconds.
- 5. Type the dead interval, which specifies how long the Brocade device waits for the primary authentication server to reply before deciding the server is dead and trying to authenticate using the next server, in the **Dead Time** field. The range is from 1 through 5 seconds. The default is 3 seconds.
- 6. Type the RADIUS key in the **Key** field. This is used to encrypt RADIUS packets before they are sent over the network. The value for the key parameter on the Brocade device should match the one configured on the RADIUS server. The key can be from 1 through 32 characters in length and cannot include any space characters.

#### 7. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured RADIUS server, click **RADIUS Server**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

### NOTE

Web management interface does not support RADIUS configuration using ssl-auth-port.

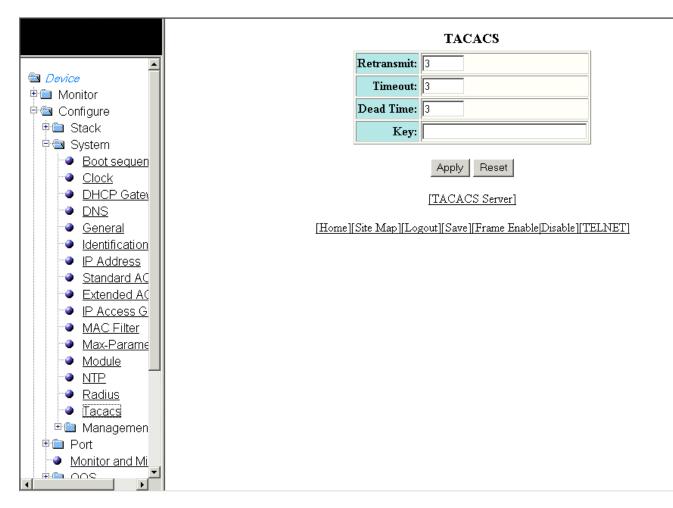
## Configuring a TACACS/TACACS+ server

To configure a TACACS/TACACS+ server, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .
- 2. Click Tacacs .

The TACACS window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 56 Configuring a TACACS/TACACS+ server



- 3. Type the retransmission interval, which specifies how many times the Brocade device resends an authentication request when the TACACS/TACACS+ server does not respond, in the **Retransmit** field. The range is from 1 through 5 times. The default is 3 times.
- 4. Type the timeout interval, which specifies how many seconds the Brocade device waits for a response from a TACACS/ TACACS+ server before either retrying the authentication request or determining that the TACACS/TACACS+ servers are unavailable and moving on to the next authentication method in the authentication method list, in the **Timeout** field. The range is from 1 through 15 seconds. The default is 3 seconds.
- 5. Type the dead interval, which specifies how long the Brocade device waits for the primary authentication server to reply before deciding the server is dead and trying to authenticate using the next server, in the **Dead Time** field. The range is from 1 through 5 seconds. The default is 3 seconds.
- 6. Type the TACACS/TACACS+ key in the Key field. This is used to encrypt TACACS/TACACS+ packets before they are sent over the network. The value for the key parameter on the Brocade device should match the one configured on the TACACS/ TACACS+ server. The key can be from 1 through 32 characters in length and cannot include any space characters.
- 7. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured TACACS/TACACS+ server, click **TACACS Server**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## **Configuring management authentication**

To configure management authentication, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.

2. Click Management and select Authentication Methods.

The Authentication Method window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 57 Configuring management authentication



- 3. Select one of the following types of authentication in the Type list:
  - Login
  - Enable
  - Web Server
  - SNMP Server
- 4. Click one of the following servers:
  - Enable
  - Radius
  - Line
  - Local
  - TACACS+
  - TACACS
  - None

5. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed and the configured authentication method is listed in the Login Authentication Sequence pane. Click Show Sequence to display the list of authentication methods added. To remove the configured management authentication, click Delete.

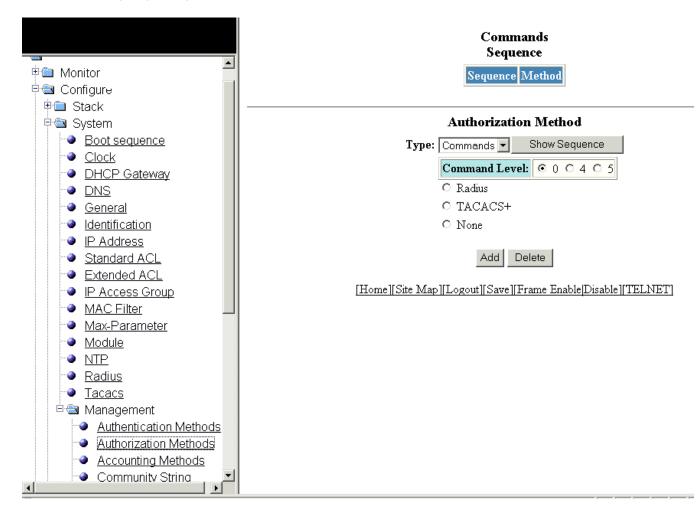
## **Configuring management authorization**

To configure management authorization, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.
- 2. Click Management and select Authorization Methods.

The Authorization Method window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 58 Configuring management authorization



- 3. Select either of the following modes of authorization in the Type list:
  - Commands
  - Exec
- 4. Click 0 or 4 or 5 for Command Level.
- 5. Click one of the following servers:
  - Radius
  - TACACS+
  - None
- 6. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed and the configured authorization method is listed in the **Commands** Sequence pane. Click Show Sequence to display the list of authentication methods added. To delete the configured management authorization, click **Delete**.

## Configuring management accounting

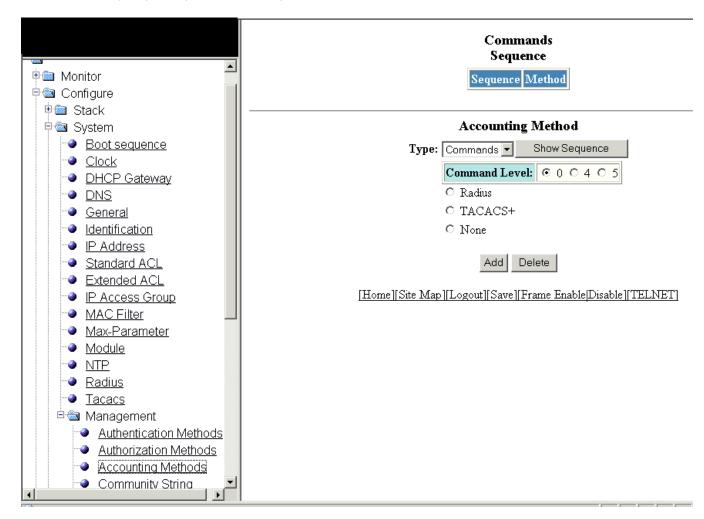
To configure management accounting, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.

2. Click Management and select Accounting Methods.

The Accounting Method window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 59 Configuring management accounting methods



- 3. Select one of the following modes of authorization:
  - Commands
  - Exec
  - System
- 4. Click 0 or 4 or 5 for Command Level .
- 5. Click one of the following servers:
  - Radius
  - TACACS+
  - None

6. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed and the configured accounting method is listed in the **Commands** Sequence pane. To delete the configured accounting method, click Delete.

## Configuring an SNMP community string

To configure an SNMP community string, perform the following steps.

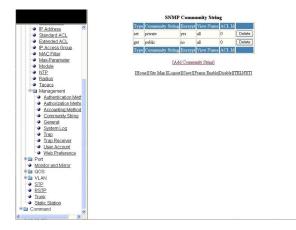
### NOTE

SNMP community string is not supported if FIPS mode is enabled.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .
- 2. Click Management and select Community String.

The SNMP Community String window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 60 Configuring an SNMP community string



3. Click Add Community String .

The SNMP Community String window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 61 Adding community strings

D Address	Type:	· Get	O Set	
P Address     Standard ACL	Community String:		1.5.000	
Extended ACL	Encrypt:	53		
P Access Group				
MAC Filter	View Name:			
Max-Parameter	ACL Id:	0		
Module				
- NTP	Add	Delete	Reset	
Radius				
Tacacs		[Show]		
🖻 📾 Management	[Home][Site Map][Logout	I Same Thron	a Ecoble/Dicable VTET N	TETTI
Authentication Mether	Frome Lone weap Troopda	Care La real	C Latitude (Lossificite ) A Later	Are I
Authorization Metho				
Accounting Method				
Community String				
General				
System Log				
<ul> <li>Trap</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Trap Receiver</li> </ul>				
User Account				
Web Preference     Port				
Monitor and Mirror				
Pa QOS				
P VLAN				
A STP				
STP     pstp				
<u>RSTP</u>				

- 4. Click Get or Set for Type .
- 5. Type the user name to open a web management session in the Community String field.
- 6. Select the Encrypt check box to enable encryption for a particular string.
- 7. Type the name of the community string in the View Name field.
- 8. Type the ACL number in the ACL Id field.
- 9. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured community string, click **Show**. To delete the community string, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring the general management parameters

To configure the general management parameters, perform the following steps.

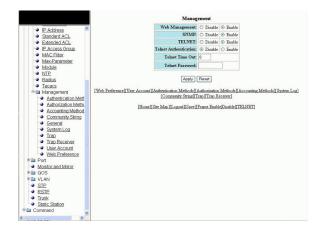
1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .

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2. Click Management and select General.

The **Management** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 62 Configuring general management parameters



- 3. Click Disable or Enable for Web Management .
- 4. Click Disable or Enable for SNMP .
- 5. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for **TELNET**.
- 6. Click Disable or Enable for Telnet Authentication .
- 7. Type the timeout interval in seconds to wait for a response in the Telnet Time Out field.
- 8. Type an alphanumeric password in the Telnet Password field.
- 9. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

The Management window provides links to configure other management parameters:

- To configure the web management preferences, click **Web Preference**. For more information, refer to Configuring the web management preferences on page 131.
- To configure a management user account, click User Account. For more information, refer to Configuring a management user account on page 130.
- To configure management authentication, click **Authentication Methods**. For more information, refer to Configuring management authentication on page 118.
- To configure management authorization, click **Authorization Methods**. For more information, refer to Configuring management authorization on page 120.
- To configure management accounting, click **Accounting Methods**. For more information, refer to Configuring management accounting on page 121.
- To configure a system module, click System . For more information, refer to Configuring a system module on page 113.
- To configure an SNMP community string, click **Community String**. For more information, refer to Configuring a system module on page 113.
- To configure a trap, click Trap. For more information, refer to Configuring a trap on page 128.
- To configure a trap receiver, click Trap Receiver . For more information, refer to Configuring a trap receiver on page 129.

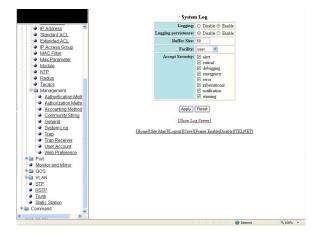
## Configuring a management system log

To configure a management system log, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.
- 2. Click Management and select System Log.

The System Log window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 63 Configuring a system log



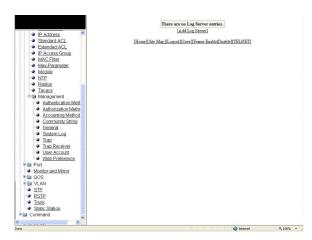
- 3. Click Disable or Enable for Logging. By default, the syslog buffer is enabled.
- 4. Click Disable or Enable for Logging persistence. By default, logging persistence is disabled.
- 5. Type the number of messages in the **Buffer Size** field.
- 6. Select a facility in the Facility list.
- 7. Select one of the following severity levels for Accept Severity:
  - alert
  - critical
  - debugging
  - emergency
  - error
  - informational
  - notification
  - warning

#### 8. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display log server entries, click **Show Log Server**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

If there are no log servers, the message There are no Log Server entries is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 64 Viewing log server entries



To add extra log servers to your system log configuration, perform the following steps.

### Adding a log server

To add a log sever, perform the following steps.

1. Click Add Log Server.

The System Log Server window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 65 Adding a Log Server



- 2. Click ipv4 or ipv6 and then type the IPv4 or IPv6 address in the Server IP Address field.
- 3. Type the application port that can be used for the syslog facility in the Server Udp Port field. The default value is 514.

4. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the log server entries, click **Show Log Server**. To display the system log window, click **Show System Log**.

To delete the changes made, click Delete. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane Reset.

## Configuring a trap

To configure a trap, perform the following steps.

#### NOTE

Trap cannot be configured if FIPS mode is enabled.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System .
- 2. Click Management and select Trap .

The Trap window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 66 Configuring a trap

BROCADE	Trap		
SNMP /	Authentication:	O Disable	۲
🖻 🔄 System	Power Supply:	O Disable	۲
Boot sequence	Fan:	O Disable	۲
<u>Clock</u>	Cold Start:		<u> </u>
General			<u> </u>
- Identification	Link Up:		<u> </u>
IP Address	Link Down:	O Disable	•
	idge New Root:	O Disable	•
Extended ACL     Bridge Top	ology Change:	O Disable	۲
IP Access Group  Locked Add	lress Violation:	Oisable	0
MAC Filter	Module Insert:		۲
	odule Remove:		<u> </u>
Module     Radius			<u> </u>
	OSPF:	O Disable	<u> </u>
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	BGP:	O Disable	•
Authentication Meth	VRRP:	O Disable	
Authorization Metho	VRRPE:	Oisable	0
Accounting Methods	IKEv2:	O Disable	۲
Community String	IPsec:	O Disable	
General	VSRP:		<u> </u>
System Log	MRP:		<u> </u>
		O Disable	
Trap Receiver	VRF:		
User Account     Redundant	t State Change:	O Disable	۱
Web Preference	Temperature:	O Disable	۱
🖻 🔄 Port 🛛 👘 🖬 🖬 🖬 🖬 🖬	Speed Change:	O Disable	۲
Ethernet		J	
Inline Power	Apply F	Reset	

- 3. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for each trap.
- 4. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

Enable Enable

## Configuring a trap receiver

To configure a trap receiver, perform the following steps.

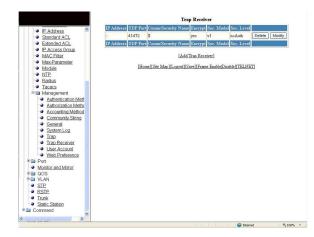
#### NOTE

Trap receiver cannot be configured if FIPS mode is enabled.

- 1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **System**.
- 2. Click Management and select Trap Receiver.

The Trap Receiver window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

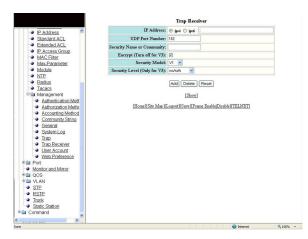
FIGURE 67 Configuring a trap receiver



3. Click Add Trap Receiver to configure a new trap receiver.

The Trap Receiver window is displayed as shown here.

FIGURE 68 Adding a new trap receiver



4. Click ipv4 or ipv6 and then type the IP address of the destination of the route in the IP Address field.

### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

- 5. Type the UDP port number of the host that will receive the trap in the UDP Port Number field.
- 6. Type an arbitrary value made of two five-digit integers joined by a colon in the **Security Name or Community** field. Each string in the community name can be a number from 0 through 65535.
- 7. Select the Encrypt (Turn off for V3) check box to enable or disable encryption for a particular string. It is turned off for V3.
- 8. Select one of the following options in the Security Model list:
  - V1
  - V2C
  - V3
- 9. For V3 only, select one of the following options in the Security Level (Only for V3) list:
  - noAuth --Allow all packets.
  - authNoPriv --Allow only authenticated packets.
  - authPriv -- A password is required.
- 10. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To view the trap receiver entries, click Show.

To delete the trap receiver, click Delete. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset.

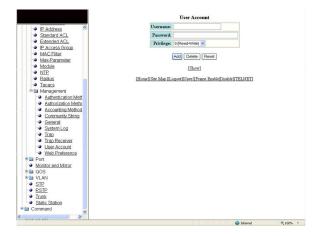
### Configuring a management user account

To configure a management user account, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.
- 2. Click Management and select User Account.

The User Account window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 69 Configuring a management user account



- 3. Type the user identifier in the Username field.
- 4. Type the login password in the Password field.

- 5. Select one of the following options in the Privilege list:
  - 0 (Read-Write)
  - 4 (Port-Config)
  - 5 (Read-Only)
- 6. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To view the configured user account, click Show.

To delete the configured user account, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring the web management preferences

To configure the web management preferences, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select System.

2. Click Management and select Web Preference.

The Web Management Preferences window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 70 Configuring the web management preferences

		Web Management I	Preferei	ıces
		Page Size:	15	
		Session Timeout:	300	Seconds
⊡ 📾 Monitor I 🕑 <u>Arp Cache</u>		Connection Receive Timeout:	3	Seconds
<ul> <li><u>Device</u></li> </ul>		Front Panel Refresh:	300	Seconds
Front Panel		Front Panel:	O Disal	ole 💿 Enable
MAC Address     System Log		Page Menu:		ole O Enable
♥ <u>System Log</u> 		Front Panel Frame:	💿 Disal	ole O Enable
● <u>STP</u>		Bottom Frame:		ole O Enable
PII I RSTP		Menu Frame:		
₽® P		Menu Type:		Tree
⊡ ·  RMON → ● <u>History</u>		Polling Time in S		
Statistic		Port Statistic:	30	
Configure		STP:	30	
Command		RSTP:	30	
		TFTP Status:	3	
		RMON:	30	]
	L	Apply Res	set	
	[Hom/	e][Site Map][Logout][Save][Fran	ne Enable	Disable][TEL

- 3. Type the page size in the **Page Size** field.
- 4. Type the console session timeout value in seconds in the **Session Timeout** field.
- 5. Type the wait time interval after getting disconnected from the application in the Connection Receive Timeout field.
- 6. Type the number of seconds after which the front panel gets refreshed in the Front Panel Refresh field.
- 7. Click Disable or Enable for Front Panel. By default, it is enabled and the ports are labelled on the front panel of the devices.
- 8. Click Disable or Enable for Page Menu.
- 9. Click Disable or Enable for Front Panel Frame.
- 10. Click Disable or Enable for Bottom Frame.
- 11. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for **Menu Frame**.
- 12. Click List or Tree for Menu Type.
- 13. Type the port statistics polling time in the Port Statistic field.
- 14. Type the STP statistics polling time in the STP field.

### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

- 15. Type the TFTP polling time in seconds in the TFTP Status field.
- 16. Type the polling time for Remote Monitoring in the **RMON** field.
- 17. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset.

# **Configuring Port Parameters**

•	Configuring an Ethernet port	135
•	Configuring port inline power	137
•	Configuring a management port	138
•	Configuring the port uplink relative utilization	139

## **Configuring an Ethernet port**

To configure an Ethernet port, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **Port**.
- 2. Click Ethernet.

The ETHERNET Port Configuration window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 71 Configuring an Ethernet port

							ETHER	NET Po	rt Confi	guration					
<ul> <li>⊕ Stack</li> <li>A System</li> <li>Boot sequer</li> </ul>	Port	Actual speed/ mode		QOS	Lock Addr	Tag	STP/RSTP	Fast STP	Fast Uplink	BroadCast limit	Flow Ctrl	Gig Default	DHCP ID	Trunk	
<ul> <li><u>Clock</u></li> <li>General</li> </ul>	1/1/1	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
<ul> <li>Identification</li> <li>IP Address</li> </ul>	<u>1/1/3</u>	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
<ul> <li>Standard AC</li> <li>Extended AC</li> </ul>	<u>1/1/4</u>	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
<ul> <li>IP Access G</li> <li>MAC Filter</li> </ul>	<u>1/1/5</u>	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
Max-Parame	<u>1/1/6</u>	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
<ul> <li>NTP</li> <li>Radius</li> </ul>	<u>1/1/7</u>	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
- ● <u>Tacacs</u> 	<u>1/1/8</u>	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
⊡	<u>1/1/9</u>	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
<ul> <li>Inline Power</li> <li>Managemen</li> </ul>	1/1/10	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
→ Monitor and Mi ⊕ (a) QOS	1/1/11	None	Auto	0	Disable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modify
A000	1442	None	Auto	n	Dicable	No	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	n	Enabled	Neg-Full-Auto	None	None	Modif

3. Select a unit ID in the Select Stack Unit ID list and click Display to display the information about a specific stack unit.

4. Click **Modify** to modify the respective Ethernet port.

The Configure ETHERNET Port window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 72 Modifying the port settings

		Configure ETHERNET Port
		Port: 1/1/1 MAC:74-8e-f8-34-25-20
a Device	Name:	
🖻 🧰 Monitor	Speed Duplex:	○ 10-full ○ 10-half ○ 100-full ○ 100-half ○ 1G-full-master ○ 1G-full-slave ⊙ auto
		○ Disable ③ Enable
🗉 🛅 Stack		<ul> <li>○ Disable ⊙ Enable ○ Enable with neg-on</li> </ul>
⊕		
	Lock Address:	⊙ Disable ○ Enable Addr-count 0
Ethernet     Inline Power	Route Only:	⊙ Disable ○ Enable
Management	QOS:	0 🗸
Monitor and Mirror Monitor and Mirror QOS ULAN STP RSTP Static Station F P P Static Station F P P Static Station F P P Static Station F P P Static Station F P P Static Station F Static Station F COSPF F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP F SGP SGP SGP STP Static Station SGP SGP SGP SGP SGP SGP STP STP STP STP STP STP STP ST		Apply       Reset         [Show ETHERNET Port Configuration]         [Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

- 5. Type the name of the Ethernet port in the **Name** field.
- 6. Select the type of the port speed for **Speed Duplex**, which can be one of the following:
  - **10-full** --10 Mbps, full duplex
  - 10-half --10 Mbps, half duplex
  - 100-full -- 100 Mbps, full duplex
  - 100-half -- 100 Mbps, half duplex
  - 1G-full-master --1 Gbps, full duplex master
  - 1G-full-slave --1 Gbps, full duplex slave
  - auto --Auto-negotiation
- 7. Click Disable or Enable for Status to disable or enable an Ethernet port.
- 8. Click Disable or Enable or Enable with neg-on for Flow Control . By default, flow control is enabled.
- 9. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for **Lock Address**. If you click **Enable**, type the number of devices that can have access to a specific port in the **Addr-count** field.
- 10. Click Disable or Enable for Route Only. If you click Enable , Layer 2 switching is disabled globally.
- 11. Select the QoS priority for the port in the QOS list.

### 12. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**. To display the **ETHERNET Port Configuration** window, click **Show ETHERNET Port Configuration**.

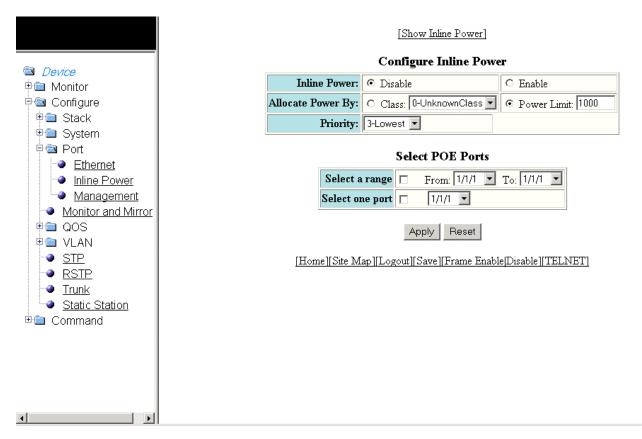
## Configuring port inline power

To configure port inline power, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select Port.
- 2. Click Inline Power.

The **Configure Inline Power** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 73 Configuring port inline power



- 3. Click Disable or Enable for Inline Power .
- 4. Click **Class** for **Allocate Power By** and then select a power class in the **Class** list, or click **Power Limit** and then type the maximum power level for a power-consuming device in the **Power Limit** field.
- 5. Select an inline power priority for a Power over Ethernet (PoE) port in the Priority list.
- 6. To select the PoE ports, select the **Select a range** check box and select the range of ports in the **From** and **To** lists, or select the **Select one port** check box and select the port in the list.

### 7. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

To display the inline power statistics and details, click **Show Inline Power**. For more information, refer to Displaying port inline power for Brocade ICX devices on page 52.

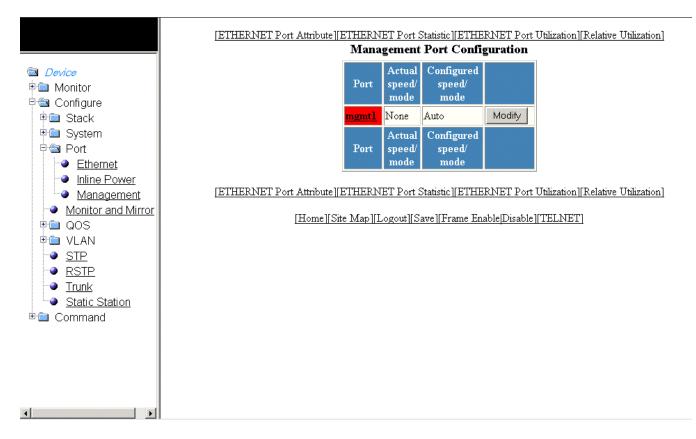
## Configuring a management port

To configure a management port, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select Port .
- 2. Click Management .

The Management Port Configuration window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 74 Management port configuration



3. Click Modify.

The Configure Management Port window is displayed as shown in the figure below.



BROCADE	Configure Management Port Port: mgmt1 MAC:00-e0-52-00-01-18
<ul> <li>Device</li> <li>⊕ <ul> <li>■ Monitor</li> <li>■ <ul> <li>■ <ul> <li>■ <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	Status: O Disable O Enable
ট⊜ Configure টি ি Stack টি ি System	[Show Inline Power]
⊡	[Show Management Port Configuration]
<ul> <li>Inline Power</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Monitor and Mirror</li> </ul>	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]
■ © QOS ■ © VLAN	
-•• <u>STP</u> -•• <u>RSTP</u> -•• <u>Trunk</u>	
<u>Static Station</u>	

- 4. Click Disable or Enable for Status .
- 5. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

To display the configured management port information, click Show Management Port Configuration .

To display the inline power statistics and details, click **Show Inline Power**. For more information, refer to Displaying port inline power for Brocade ICX devices on page 52.

### Configuring the port uplink relative utilization

To configure the port uplink utilization list, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select Port.

2. Click Relative Utilization on the ETHERNET Port Configuration, Configure Inline Power, or Management Port Configuration window.

The Port Uplink Relative Utilization window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 76 Configuring the port uplink relative utilization

	Port Upli	nk Relative Utilization
^	ID:	1
📾 Device	Uplink Port Members:	
🖽 🛅 Monitor		Select Uplink Port Members
🖻 📾 Configure	Downlink Port Members:	
⊞ 🏛 System		Select Downlink Port Members
🖻 🏛 Module		
⊡⊛ Port	Add	lodify Delete Reset
──● Ethernet ──● Inline Pov		
Managem		[Show]
<ul> <li>Monitor and</li> </ul>		
	[Home][Site Map][Logou	t][Save][Frame Enable Disable][TELNET]
🕀 🍙 VLAN		
STP		
I RSTP		
Trunk		
Static Statio		
🗎 🗄 🕮 IP		
🖻 🕮 OSPF		
🗏 🖻 🕮 RIP		
🖻 🛅 DVMRP		
PIM ─		
BGP		
🗉 🗎 Virtual Redu		

- 3. Type the uplink utilization list number (from 1 through 4) in the ID field.
- 4. Click Select Uplink Port Members to select the uplink ports.
- 5. Click Select Downlink Port Members to select the downlink ports.
  - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum

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### 6. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured port uplink utilization list, click Show.

To modify the configured port uplink utilization list, click **Modify**. You can also delete the configured port uplink utilization list by clicking **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

# **Configuring Monitor and Mirror Port**

•	Configuring a mirror port	143	3
•	Configuring a monitor port	145	5

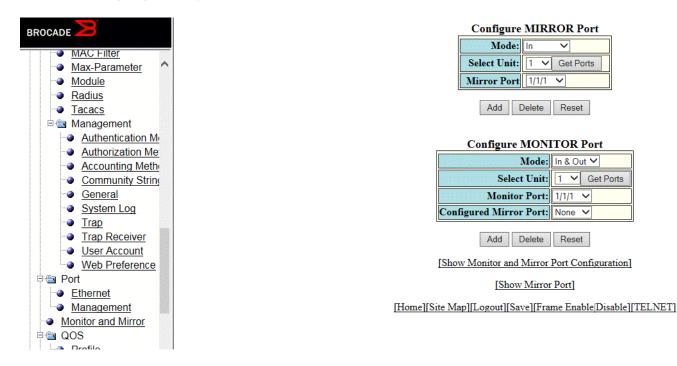
### Configuring a mirror port

To configure port monitoring, first configure the mirror port. The mirror port is the port to which the monitored traffic is copied. To configure a mirror port, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select Monitor and Mirror.

The Configure MIRROR Port window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 77 Configuring a mirror port



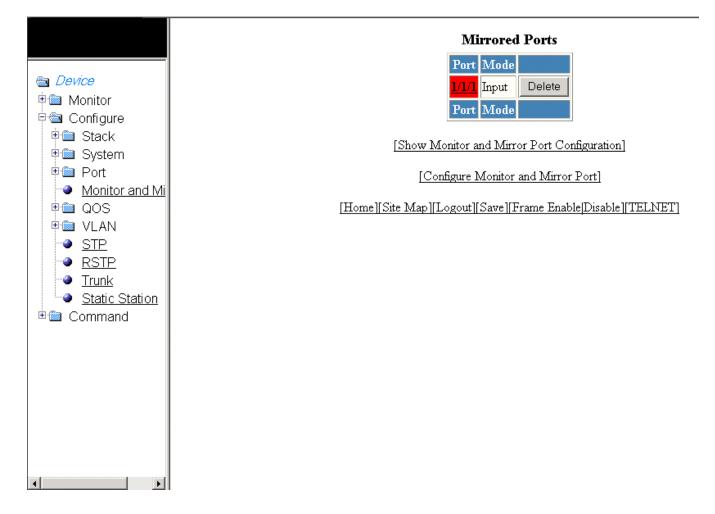
- 2. Select the mode in which the port operates in the Mode list, which can be one of the following:
  - In
  - Out
  - In & Out
- 3. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 4. Select a port to which the monitored traffic must be copied in the Mirror Port list.
  - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum

#### 5. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured mirror port, click **Show Mirror Port**. The figure below shows the **Mirrored Ports** window with the configured mirror port information.

To delete the configured mirror port, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset** .

FIGURE 78 Monitoring mirror ports



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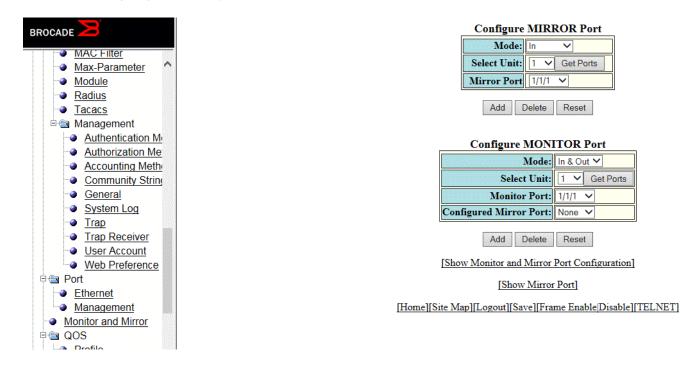
### Configuring a monitor port

To configure port monitoring on an individual port on a Brocade device, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select Monitor and Mirror.

The Configure MONITOR Port window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 79 Configuring the monitor port



- 2. Select one of the following modes in which the port operates in the Mode list:
  - In
  - Out
  - In & Out
- 3. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 4. Select a port for which you want to monitor the traffic in the Monitor Port list.
  - - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum
- 5. Select a mirror port that you have configured in the Configured Mirror Port list.
- 6. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured monitor port, click Show Monitor and Mirror Port Configuration. To display the mirror port, click Show Mirror Port.

To delete the configured monitor port, click Delete. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset.

# **Configuring QoS**

•	Configuring the QoS profile	. 14	47
•	Configuring the QoS profile bind	. 14	18

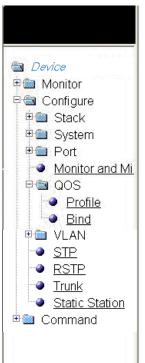
## Configuring the QoS profile

To configure the Quality of Service (QoS) profile, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **QOS** .
- 2. Click Profile .

The **QOS Profile** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 80 Configuring a QoS profile



	Committed E	Priority	
Name	Requested	Calculated	Friority
qospO	3	3	Priority0(Lowest)
qosp1	3	3	Priority1
qosp2	3	3	Priority2
qosp3	3	3	Priority3
qosp4	3	3	Priority4
qosp5	3	3	Priority5
qosp6	7	7	Priority6
qosp7	75	75	Priority7(Highest)

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- 3. The default queue names are qosp0, qosp1, qosp2, qosp3, qosp4, qosp5, qosp6, and qosp7. You can change one or more of the names, if desired. Type the QoS name in the Name field.
- 4. The **Committed Bandwidth (%)** is the percentage of the device outbound bandwidth that is allocated to the queue. Brocade QoS queues require a minimum bandwidth of 3 percent for each priority. Type the percentage of bandwidth you want for the queue in the **Requested** field.

### NOTE

The total of the percentages you enter must be equal to 100. The Brocade device does not adjust the bandwidth percentages you enter.

5. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed and the committed bandwidth is changed to the configured value in the **Calculated** field. The **Priority** field shows the default priority of the individual QoS from lowest to highest (0 through 7).

To clear the entered data in the fields, click **Reset**. To configure the QoS profile bind, click **Bind**. For more information on how to configure a QoS profile bind, refer to Configuring the QoS profile bind on page 148.

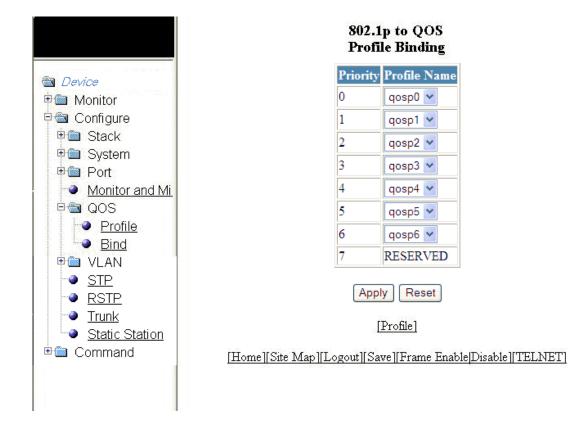
## Configuring the QoS profile bind

To bind an 802.1p priority to a hardware forwarding queue, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select QOS .
- 2. Click Bind .

The 802.1p to QOS Profile Binding window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 81 802.1p to QoS profile binding



- 3. Select a hardware forwarding queue to which you are reassigning the priority in the Profile Name lists.
- 4. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

To configure the Quality of Service (QoS) profile, click **Profile**. For more information, refer to Configuring the QoS profile on page 147.

# **Configuring VLAN**

•	Configuring a port VLAN	. 149
•	Modifying a port VLAN	153

## **Configuring a port VLAN**

To configure a port-based Virtual LAN (VLAN), perform the following steps.

- 1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **VLAN** .
- 2. Click Port.

The **Port VLAN** window is displayed as shown in the figure below. You can limit the number of VLANs displayed per page using the **VLANs per page** list.

FIGURE 82 Configuring port VLANs

VLAN ID	STP	802.1W	Rt Int	Port Members	10
10:DEFAULT-VLAN	Disabled	Disabled	None	1/1/8 Untagged 1/1/9 Untagged 1/1/10 Untagged 1/1/11 Untagged 1/1/12 Untagged 1/1/13 Untagged 1/1/15 Untagged 1/1/15 Untagged 1/1/16 Untagged 1/1/17 Untagged 1/1/18 Untagged 1/1/19 Untagged	Delete VLAN Modify VLAN
12:Test	Disabled	Disabled	None	1/1/1 Tagged + 1/1/2 Tagged = 1/1/3 Tagged = 1/1/4 Tagged + 1/1/5 Tagged +	Delete VLAN Modify VLAN

#### 3. Click Add Port VLAN .

The Add Port VLAN window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

#### NOTE

Port-based VLAN cannot be configured, if the VLAN does not have any ports assigned to it.

### NOTE

Web management interface displays only the active VLANs with port members.

### FIGURE 83 Adding port VLANs

	А	dd Port V	LAN	
	Vlan Id:	1		
Device	Name:			
⊕ 🏛 Monitor ⊡ 📾 Configure	Spanning Tree:	O Disable	O Enable	
		O Disable		
🗉 💷 System	Router Interface:			
🗉 🕮 Port				
Monitor and Mirror		Add Can	cel	
单值 QOS ₽€ VLAN	 Level Step Men III		ame Enable Disable] TELNET	ויז
Port	tome    Site Iviap    Logo	out  Save  FI		<u>-</u>
Protocol				
• • <u>STP</u>				
RSTP				
Trunk Static Station				
Static Station ⊡  ☐ Command				
<u>۱</u>				

- 4. Type the VLAN identifier of the port in the Vlan Id field.
- 5. Type the port VLAN name in the **Name** field.
- 6. Click Disable or Enable for Spanning Tree .
- 7. Click Disable or Enable for 802.1W .
- 8. Select a virtual routing interface in the Router Interface list.

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9. Click Add .

The Add Ports to VLAN window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 84 Adding ports to VLANs

	Add Ports to VLAN 1
BROCADE	Add Ports to VLAN I         Select Unit: 1          Select Unit: 1        Get Ports         Select a range       From: 1/1/1 Untagged        Tagged          Select one port       1/1/1 Untagged        Tagged        Untagged         Add
Management     Monitor and Mirror	

- 10. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 11. To select the VLAN ports, select the **Select a range** check box, select the range of VLAN ports in the **From** and **To** lists, and click **Tagged** or **Untagged**, or select the **Select one port** check box, select a port-based VLAN in the list, and click **Tagged** or **Untagged**.

### 12. Click Add .

The **Selected VLAN Ports** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 85 Selected VLAN ports

	Selected VLAN P	orts				
	<ul> <li>Select ports to delete:</li> <li>To make a multiple selection, hold CTRL key and click on each VLAN port.</li> <li>No selection is required to delete all ports.</li> </ul>	1/1/1 Tagged A 1/1/2 Tagged 1/1/3 Tagged 1/1/4 Tagged 1/1/5 Tagged *				
Select a range	Remove Ports Ren Select VLAN Po From: 1/1/1 Tagged • To: 1/1		Tagged O Untagged			
Select one port	1/1/1 Tagged	i raggeu 🔹	<ul> <li>Tagged</li> <li>Tagged</li> <li>Untagged</li> </ul>			
Add     Cancel Finish     Configure Selected Ports for Dual Mode and Uplink: Continue						
	][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame E					

13. The selected VLAN ports are displayed in the Selected VLAN Ports list. Click Remove Ports or Remove All to delete the VLAN ports.

### NOTE

The VLAN configuration is retained even if the last port member is deleted.

14. You can add more VLAN ports from the **Select VLAN Ports** pane. To do so, complete step 10 and step 11.

15. Click **Finish** to return to the **Port VLAN** window with the configured port-based VLAN displayed, or click **Continue** to configure selected ports for dual mode and uplink. The **Configure Selected Ports for VLAN** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 86 Configuring dual mode and uplink for ports

- 16. To configure dual mode and uplink for the ports, perform the following steps.
  - a) Select the ports for which you want to configure the dual mode in the **From** and **To** lists for **Dual Mode**. Click **Disable** or **Enable** and then click **Apply**. The configured ports are displayed in the **Dual Mode Ports** list.
  - b) Select the ports for which you want to configure uplink in the From and To lists for Uplink Switch. Click Disable or Enable and then click Apply. The configured ports are displayed in the Uplink Ports list.
  - c) Click Finish .

The configured port VLAN is displayed in the **Port VLAN** window. To cancel the VLAN port configuration and return to the **Port VLAN** window, click **Cancel**.

# Modifying a port VLAN

To modify a port VLAN, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **VLAN** .

2. Click Port .

The **Port VLAN** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 87 Configuring port VLANs

VLAN ID	STP	802.1W	Rt Int	Port Members	au
10:DEFAULT-VLAN	Disabled	Disabled	None	1/1/8 Untagged 1/1/9 Untagged 1/1/10 Untagged 1/1/11 Untagged 1/1/12 Untagged 1/1/13 Untagged 1/1/14 Untagged 1/1/15 Untagged 1/1/16 Untagged 1/1/17 Untagged 1/1/18 Untagged 1/1/19 Untagged	Delete VLAN Modify VLAN
12:Test	Disabled	Disabled	None	1/1/1 Tagged + 1/1/2 Tagged = 1/1/3 Tagged = 1/1/4 Tagged + 1/1/5 Tagged +	Delete VLAN Modify VLAN

### 3. Click Modify.

The Modify Port VLAN window is displayed as shown in the figure below .

FIGURE 88 Modifying port VLANs

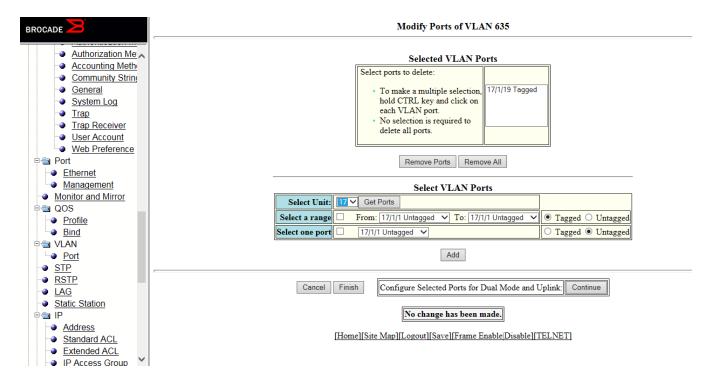
M	odify Port VLAN						
Vlan Id:	12						
Name:	Test						
Spanning Tree:	Disable      Enable     E						
802.1W:	Disable      Enable     E						
Router Interface:	None 🔻						
Port Members:	1/1/1 Tagged ▲ 1/1/2 Tagged 1/1/3 Tagged 1/1/4 Tagged 1/1/5 Tagged ▼						
Modify Ports	Modify Ports Finish Delete VLAN Cancel						
[Home][Site Map][Logo	ut][Save][Frame Enable Disable][TELNET]						

- 4. Type the VLAN identifier of the port in the Vlan Id field.
- 5. Type the port VLAN name in the **Name** field.
- 6. Click Disable or Enable for Spanning Tree .
- 7. Click Disable or Enable for 802.1W .
- 8. Select the VLAN ports in the **Port Members** list.
- 9. To delete the configured port VLAN, click **Delete VLAN**. To undo your changes and go back to the **Port VLAN** window, click **Cancel**.

10. Click Modify Ports to modify VLAN ports.

The Modify Ports of VLAN window is displayed as shown in the figure below .





11. The selected VLAN ports are displayed in the Selected VLAN Ports list. Click Remove Ports or Remove All to delete the VLAN ports.

### NOTE

The VLAN configuration is retained even if the last port member is deleted.

- 12. You can add more VLAN ports from the Select VLAN Ports pane.
- 13. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 14. To select the VLAN ports, select the **Select a range** check box, select the range of VLAN ports in the **From** and **To** lists, and click **Tagged** or **Untagged**, or select the **Select one port** check box, select a port-based VLAN in the list, and click **Tagged** or **Untagged**.
- 15. Click Add to add more VLAN ports.
- 16. Click **Finish** to return to the **Modify Port VLAN** window with the configured port-based VLAN displayed, or click **Continue** to configure selected ports for dual mode and uplink.
- 17. Click **Finish** to complete the port modifying operation.

# **Configuring STP**

# **Configuring STP parameters**

Brocade Layer 2 switches and Layer 3 switches support standard Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) as described in the IEEE 802.1D specification.

Each port-based VLAN on a Brocade device runs a separate spanning tree. A Brocade device has one port-based VLAN (VLAN 1) that contains all the device ports. However, if you configure additional port-based VLANs on a Brocade device, then each of those VLANs on which STP is enabled and the VLAN 1 run separate spanning trees.

If you configure a port-based VLAN on the device, the VLAN has the same STP state as the default STP state on the device. Thus, by default on Layer 2 switches, new VLANs have STP enabled and on Layer 3 switches, new VLANs have STP disabled. You can enable or disable STP in each VLAN separately and also on individual ports.

Using the Web Management Interface, you can change the default STP bridge and port parameters.

### Changing STP bridge parameters

The table below lists the default STP bridge parameters.

### TABLE 28 Default STP bridge parameters

Parameter	Default value
Forward Delay	15 seconds
Maximum Age	20 seconds
Hello Time	2 seconds
Priority	32768

### NOTE

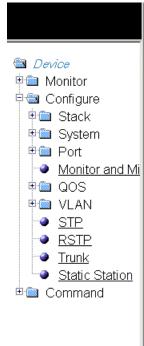
To change STP bridge timers, you must stay within the following ranges:2 \* (Forward Delay-1) >= Maximum Age >= 2 \* (Hello Time +1)

To change the default STP bridge values, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **STP** .

The STP Bridge window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

### FIGURE 90 Configuring the STP bridge



Select Stack Unit ID: 1 🔽



### STP Bridge

VLAN	Priority	Max Age	Hello Time	Forward Delay	
1	32768	20	2	15	Modify

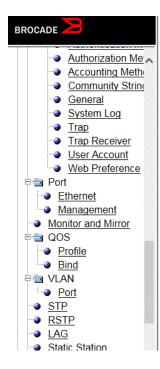
### **STP Port**

TTT A BT	п.,	<b>D</b> • •	D d O	
VLAN	Port		Path Cost	
1	1/1/1	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/2	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/3	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/4	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/5	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/6	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/7	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/8	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/9	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/10	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/11	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/12	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/13	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/14	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/15	128	100	Modify
1	1/1/16	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/17	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/18	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/19	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/20	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/21	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/22	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/23	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/24	128	100	Modify
1	1/2/1	128	2	Modify
1	1/2/2	128	2	Modify
VLAN	Port	Priority	Path Cost	

- 2. Select a unit ID in the Select Stack Unit ID list and click Display to display the information about a specific stack unit.
- 3. To change the default values of the STP bridge, click **Modify** .

The STP window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 91 Configuring STP bridge parameters



S	ТР
VLAN	<b>ID:</b> 10
Br	idge
Forward Delay (Seco	nds): 15
Maximum Age (Seco	nds): 20
Hello Time (Seco	nds): 2
Prio	ority: 32768
A	pply
P	ort
Prio	rity: 128
Path (	Cost: 0
Select	Unit: 1 🗸 Get Ports
1	Port: 1/1/1 V
Apply Port STP	Apply To All Ports

[Show][Statistic] [Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

- 4. Type the VLAN identifier of the port in the VLAN ID field.
- 5. Type the forward delay time, which is the period of time spent by a port in the listening and learning state before moving on to the learning or forwarding state, in the **Forward Delay (Seconds)** field. The range is from 4 through 30 seconds.
- 6. Type the maximum amount of time the device waits before a topology change in the **Maximum Age (Seconds)** field. The range is from 6 through 40 seconds.
- 7. Type the hello time, which is the interval of time between each configuration BPDU sent by the root bridge, in the **Hello Time** (Seconds) field. The range is from 1 through 10 seconds.
- 8. Type the priority used to identify the root bridge in a spanning tree in the **Priority** field. The range is from 0 through 65535.
- 9. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed and the configured values are displayed in the **STP Bridge** window. To display the **STP Bridge** window, click **Show**. To display STP information, click **Statistic**. For more information on the field descriptions, refer to Displaying STP information on page 59.

### **Changing STP port parameters**

The table below lists the default STP port parameters.

### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

### TABLE 29 Default STP port parameters

Parameter	Default value
Priority	128
Path Cost	The default path cost depends on the port type. <ul> <li>10 Mbps - 100</li> <li>100 Mbps - 19</li> <li>1 Gbps - 4</li> </ul>
	• 10 Gbps - 2

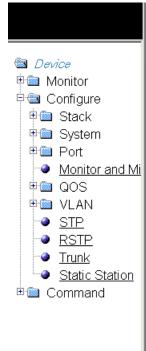
To change the default STP port values, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **STP**.

The STP Port window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

2. Select a unit ID in the Select Stack Unit ID list and click Display to display the information about a specific stack unit.

### FIGURE 92 Configuring the STP port



Select Stack Unit ID: 1 🔽



### STP Bridge

VLAN	Priority	Max Age	Hello Time	Forward Delay	
1	32768	20	2	15	Modify

### **STP Port**

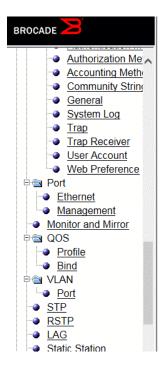
VLAN	Port	Priority	Path Cost	
1	1/1/1	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/2	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/3	128	0	Modify
<u> </u>				
1	1/1/4	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/5	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/6	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/7	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/8	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/9	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/10	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/11	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/12	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/13	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/14	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/15	128	100	Modify
1	1/1/16	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/17	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/18	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/19	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/20	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/21	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/22	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/23	128	0	Modify
1	1/1/24	128	100	Modify
1	1/2/1	128	2	Modify
1	1/2/2	128	2	Modify
VLAN	Port	Priority	Path Cost	

Brocade FastIron Web Management Interface User Guide, 08.0.50 53-1004462-01 [Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

3. Click Modify to change the default values of individual STP ports.

The **STP** window is displayed.

FIGURE 93 Configuring STP port parameters



S	TP
VLAN	<b>ID:</b> 10
Br	idge
Forward Delay (Seco	nds): 15
Maximum Age (Seco	nds): 20
Hello Time (Seco	nds): 2
Prio	rity: 32768
A	pply
P	ort
Prio	rity: 128
Path (	Cost: 0
Select	Unit: 1 🗸 Get Ports
j	Port: 1/1/1 V
Apply Port STP	Apply To All Ports



- 4. Type the VLAN identifier of the port in the VLAN ID field.
- 5. Type the preference that STP should give to this port relative to other ports for forwarding traffic out of the spanning tree in the **Priority** field. The range is from 0 through 240.
- 6. Type the cost of using the port to reach the root bridge in the Path Cost field. The range is from 0 through 65535.
- 7. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 8. Select a port number in the **Port** list.
  - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum
- 9. Click **Apply Port STP** to configure the entered values only to the specified port. Click **Apply To All Ports** to configure the entered values to all the ports.

The message The change has been made is displayed and the configured values are displayed in the STP Port window. To display the STP Port window, click Show.

To display STP information, click **Statistic**. For more information on the field descriptions, refer to the "Displaying STP information" section.

# **Configuring RSTP**

• Cc	onfiguring RSTP	parameters	5
------	-----------------	------------	---

# **Configuring RSTP parameters**

You can change the RSTP default bridge and port parameters using the Web Management Interface.

### Changing RSTP bridge parameters

The table below lists the default RSTP bridge parameters.

### TABLE 30 Default RSTP bridge parameters

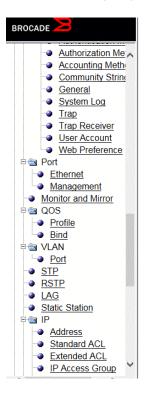
Parameter	Default value
Forward Delay	15 seconds
Maximum Age	20 seconds
Hello Time	2 seconds
Priority	32768
Force Version	RSTP Default Mode

To change the default RSTP bridge values, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **RSTP**.

The RSTP Bridge window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 94 Configuring RSTP parameters



VT AN	Priority	Max Ano	Hollo Timo	Forward Delay	Forced Version	
C. Concentration			ineno inne			
20	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify
634	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify
635	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify
636	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify
637	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify
638	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify
639	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify
640	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify
677	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify

Select Unit ID: 25 🗸 Display

	RSTP Port						
VLAN	Port	Admin Edge Port	Admin Pt2pt Mac	Force Migration Check	Priority	Path Cost	
20	25/1/1	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/2	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/3	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/4	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/5	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/6	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/7	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify
20	25/1/8	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify

2. Select a Unit ID from the Select Unit ID list and click Display to view the ports configured with RSTP.

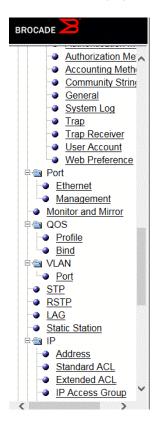
#### Brocade FastIron Web Management Interface User Guide, 08.0.50 53-1004462-01

### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

### 3. Click Modify.

The RSTP window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 95 Changing RSTP bridge values



RSTP				
VLAN ID:	20			
	Bridge			
Forward Delay (Seconds):	15			
Maximum Age (Seconds):	20			
Hello Time (Seconds):	2			
Priority:	32768			
Force Version:	○ STP Compatibility Mode			
	Apply			
	Port			
Admin Edge Port:	● Disable ○ Enable			
Admin Pt2pt Mac:	● Disable ○ Enable			
Force Migration Check:	● Disable ○ Enable			
Priority:	128			
Path Cost:	0			
Select Unit:	25 ✓ Get Ports			
Port:	25/1/1 🗸			
Apply	Port RSTP Apply To All Ports			

[Show][Statistic]

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

- 4. Type the VLAN identifier of the port in the VLAN ID field.
- 5. Type the forward delay, which specifies how long a port waits before it forwards an RST BPDU after a topology change, in the **Forward Delay (Seconds)** field. The range is from 4 through 30 seconds.
- 6. Type the maximum age, which specifies the amount of time the device waits to receive a Hello packet before it starts a topology change, in the **Maximum Age (Seconds)** field. The range is from 6 through 40 seconds.
- 7. Type the hello time, which specifies the interval between two Hello packets, in the **Hello Time (Seconds)** field. The range is from 1 through 10 seconds.
- 8. Type the priority of the bridge in the **Priority** field. The range is from 0 through 65535.
- 9. Click STP Compatibility Mode or RSTP Default Mode for Force Version . By default, RSTP Default Mode is enabled.
- 10. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed and the configured values are shown in the RSTP Bridge window.

### **Changing RSTP port parameters**

The table below lists the default RSTP port parameters.

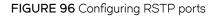
### TABLE 31 Default RSTP port parameters

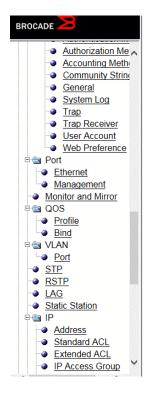
Parameter	Default value
Admin Edge Port	Disable
Admin Pt2pt Mac	Disable
Force Migration Check	Disable
Priority	128
Path Cost	0

To change the default RSTP port values, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select RSTP

The **RSTP Port** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





Select Unit ID: 25 V Display											
	RSTP Bridge										
VLAN	Priority	Max Age	Hello Time	Forward Delay	Forced Version						
20	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify					
634	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify					
635	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify					
636	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify					
637	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify					
638	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify					
639	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify					
640	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify					
677	32768	20	2	15	RSTP Default Mode	Modify					

RSTP Port										
VLAN	Port	Admin Edge Port	Admin Pt2pt Mac	Force Migration Check	Priority	Path Cost				
20	25/1/1	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify			
20	25/1/2	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify			
20	25/1/3	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify			
20	25/1/4	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify			
20	25/1/5	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify			
20	25/1/6	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify			
20	25/1/7	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify			
20	25/1/8	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	128	0	Modify			

2. Select a Unit ID from the Select Unit ID list and click Display to view the ports configured with RSTP.

3. Click **Modify** to change the default values for an individual RSTP ports.

The **RSTP** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 97 Changing RSTP port values

BROCADE
Authorization Me     Accounting Meth
Community String
<ul> <li>General</li> </ul>
System Log
• Trap
Trap Receiver
User Account
Web Preference
🖻 📾 Port
Ethernet
Management
Monitor and Mirror
© ∰ QOS
Profile
Bind
Port
• <u>STP</u> • RSTP
LAG
<ul> <li>Static Station</li> </ul>
■ IP
Address
Standard ACL
Extended ACL
IP Access Group
< <u> </u>

RSTP							
VLAN ID:	20						
Bridge							
Forward Delay (Seconds):	15						
Maximum Age (Seconds):	20						
Hello Time (Seconds):	2						
Priority:	32768						
Force Version:	O STP	Compatibility Mode  RSTP Default Mode					
		Apply					
	nd sigere	Port					
Admin Edge Port:	O Disa	ble 🔿 Enable					
Admin Pt2pt Mac:	O Disa	ble 🔿 Enable					
Force Migration Check:	O Disa	ble $\bigcirc$ Enable					
Priority:	128						
Path Cost:	0						
Select Unit:	25 ~	Get Ports					
Port:	25/1/1	✓					
Apply	Port RST	P Apply To All Ports					

[Show][Statistic]

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

- 4. Click Disable or Enable for Admin Edge Port. If you click Enable , the port becomes an edge port in the domain.
- 5. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for **Admin Pt2pt Mac**. If you click **Enable**, a port will be connected to another port through a point-topoint link.
- 6. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for **Force Migration Check**. If you click **Enable**, the specified port will be forced to send one RST BPDU. If only STP BPDUs are received in response to the sent RST BPDU, then the port returns to sending STP BPDUs.
- 7. Type the priority, which is the preference that RSTP gives to this port relative to other ports for forwarding traffic out of the topology, in the **Priority** field. The range is from 0 through 240.
- 8. Type the cost of the port path to the root bridge in the **Path Cost** field. The range is from 1 through 20,000,000.
- 9. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 10. Select a port from the **Port** list.
  - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum
- 11. Click Apply Port RSTP to configure the values only to the specified port, or click Apply To All Ports to configure the values to all the ports.

The message The change is made is displayed and the configured RSTP port values are reflected in the **RSTP Port** window.

# **Configuring LAGs**

•	Configuring a static dynamic or keep-alive LAG171
•	Displaying a configured LAG

### Configuring a static dynamic or keep-alive LAG

You can configure a static, dynamic, or keep-alive link aggregation group (LAG).

### NOTE

sFlow and rate-limiting commands are not supported in the Web Management interface.

To configure a LAG, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **LAG**.

The Link Aggregation Group window is displayed.

🏉 Brocade Communication Systems Device Management - Internet Explorer provide	d by HCL Inforystems Limited	
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🚖 Favorites 🛛 🙀 🔁 Suggested Sites 🔹 🔊 Get more Add-ons 🔹		
💋 Brocade Communication Systems Device Manag	A + B + □ A	🔹 + Page + Safety + Took + 😝 +
BROCADO	Link Aggregation Group Log Type: O Static + Dynamic O KeepAlive Agory Reset [Home/ISsie Mag/ILogon/ISsie/IFrame Enable/Disable/ITELNET]	
cne .	Internet   Protected Mode: 0	n 👍 = 🔍 100% =

You can select among the LAG types: static, dynamic, or keep-alive.

- 2. Click Apply.
  - If you select a static LAG, this window is displayed:

Brocade Communication Systems Device Management - Internet Explorer pro	ovided by HCL Inforystems Limited		
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🚖 Favorites 🛛 🙀 🔁 Suggested Sites 🔹 🔊 Get more Add-ons 🔹			
Brocade Communication Systems Device Manag.		§ • 0	= 🖂 🖮 = Eage = Safety = Tgols = 🔮 = '
BROCADE 😕	Configure Static	Lag	
	Lag Name:	Red	
Similar CX6450-24 Router Similar Monitor	Lag Id:	256 -	
Stack     Stack     Stack     Mainteen     Mainteen     Monitor and Mintee     Mainteen     Mainteen	Hold CTRL key and click on each port to select. • For static Dynamic LAGs select up to 12 ports. • For Keyn-Alex Lag, only select our port.	1/17 1/17	
● SIP ● RSIP	Primary Port:	1/1/1 •	
LAG	Trunk Threshold:	1	
Static Station     Bin     IP     Bin     RIP     Command	Add Modify Delete	Reset	
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• If you select a dynamic LAG, this window is displayed:

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🖕 Favorites 🌼						
🟉 Brocade Communication Systems Device Manag			<b>∆</b> • ⊕	• 🖄 • 🐼 B	age • Safety •	Tgols 🕶 😧 🕶
BROCADE	Configure Dy	namic	Lag			
	Lag Name:					
Mixed8-stk-45	Lag Id:	2047				
Configure  Stack  Solution  Monitor and Mirror  Configure  Configure Con	Hold CTRL key and click on each port to select. <ul> <li>For static Dynamic LAGs select upto 8 ports.</li> <li>For Keep-Alive Lag, only select one port.</li> </ul>	1/1/1 1/1/2 1/1/3 1/1/4 1/1/5 1/1/6 1/1/7 1/1/8 1/1/9 1/1/10	(21)			
→ <u>STP</u>	Primary Port:	1/1/1	•			
RSTP     LAG	LACP Timeout:	• No	one	O Long	O Short	
Static Station  Sea IP  Sea RP  Command	[Add] [Modify] D [Sheen [Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Fr	d	Reset	[TELNET]		
e		- 01	nternet   Protec	ad Made Off		• • 105%

• If you select a keep-alive LAG, this window is displayed:

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6 Brocade Communication Systems Device Manag			() • ()	ē•&•⊡ (	Cage • Safety • Tools • 🔞 • 🥂
BROCADE	Configure Kee	p-Alive Lag			
and the second second	Lag Name:				
역 MixedS 454-45 응급 Monito 응급 Stack 응급 Stack 응급 System 유럽 Port · <u>Monitor and Ma</u> 응급 OOS	Hold CTRL key and click on each port to select. • For staticDynamic LAGs select upto 8 port • For Keep-Alive Lag, only select one port.	1/1/1 * 1/1/2 (III) 1/1/3 1/1/4 1/1/6 1/1/7 1/1/8 1/1/9 1/1/9 1/1/10 *			
R 🚔 VLAN	LACP Timeout:	None	⊖ Long	Short	
STP     Command	[Add] [Moddy] [ [Sho [Home]]Site_Map][Logent][Save]]	Sector sectors	MelTELNET)		
< m +		i.	🧿 🕒 Internet   Prot	ected Mode: Off	<i>4</i> <sub>0</sub> • €,105% •

3. Enter the LAG name in the Lag Name field.

You can enter up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

4. Enter the LAG ID in the Lag Id field.

Hold down the CTRL key and, for static and dynamic LAGs only, select ports from the list. The number of ports you can select for static and dynamic LAGs depends on the platform. You can select only one port for keep-alive LAGs.

### NOTE

If you do not select a LAG ID, an ID is automatically generated.

#### 5. **NOTE**

This step applies only to static and dynamic LAGs.

Select the primary port.

The Primary Port list displays a list of the ports you selected for the LAG; you can select a primary port from it.

#### 6. NOTE

This step applies only to static LAGs.

Configure the trunk threshold.

### 7. **NOTE**

This step applies only to dynamic and keep-alive LAGs.

Configure the LACP timeout.

### 8. Click Add.

The LAG is added.

# **Displaying a configured LAG**

You can display information for a configured link aggregation group (LAG). You can also deploy, undeploy, modify, or delete configured LAGs.

To display LAG information, perform the following step.

Click **Show** in the **Configure LAG** window.

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Ele Edit View Egyorites × Google	Toos	Deb			- M Sean	ch - 👪 Share	More 39						Sign In 4
🚖 Favorites 🙀													
Brocade Communication Syst	terns Dev	ice Manag	-						1		• & • 🐼 B	age 🕶 Safet	y • Tgols • 🔞 •
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Mared8-stk-45	Lag Id	Lag Name	Lag Type	Port Members	Primary Port	Trunk Threshold	LACP Timeout	Port Count	LACP Key	Trunk Type	Status	j	
Monitor     Configure     Stack	60	d8	Dynamic	8/1/1, 8/1/2, 8/1/3, 8/1/4, 8/1/5, 8/1/6, 8/1/7, 8/1/8	8/1/7	1	long	8	20060	hash- based	Undeployed	Deploy Delete	UnDeploy Modify
System     System     Port     Monitor and Mir		keep- peri	KeepAlive	1/3/5	1/3/5		long	1	9867	hash- based	Deployed	Deploy Delete	UnDeploy Modily
COS COS COS COS COS COS COS COS COS COS	512	kh512	Dynamic	5/1/1, 5/1/2, 5/1/3	5/1/1	1	none	3	20512	hash- based	Deployed	Deploy Delete	UnDeploy Modify
RSTP     LAG     Static Station	1	lagl	Static	2/1/1, 2/1/2, 2/1/3	2/1/1	1	-	3	-	hash- based	Deployed	Deploy Delete	UnDeploy Modify
* IP * RIP Command	2	12	Static	5/1/4, 5/1/5, 5/1/6, 5/1/7	non	1	-	4		hash- based	Undeployed	Deploy Delete	UnDeploy Modify
	Lag Id	Lag Name	Lag Type	Port Members	Primary Port	Trunk Threshold	LACP Timeout	Pert Count	LACP Key	Truak Type	Status		

This window has information fields for all LAG types; the fields are populated according to the LAG type, as follows:

- For static LAGs, the LACP Timeout and LACP Key fields display "-" because these parameters do not apply to static LAGs.
- For dynamic LAGs, the Trunk Threshold field displays "-" because this parameter does not apply to dynamic LAGs.

You can perform the following actions in this window:

- You can select the Modify button to display the Link Aggregation Group configuration window.
- You can select the Add LAG link to configure a new LAG.

# **Configuring a Static Station**

•	Adding a static station
•	Modifying a static station

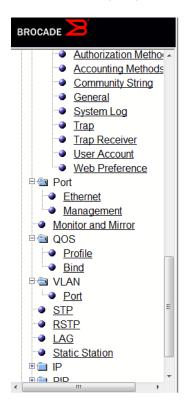
## Adding a static station

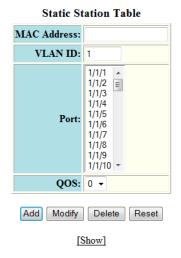
To configure a static MAC entry and assign the traffic priority (QoS) and VLAN membership (VLAN ID) to the entry, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select Static Station.

The Static Station Table window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 98 Configuring the static station





[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

- 2. Type the MAC address of the device in xx-xx-xx-xx-xx format in the MAC Address field.
- 3. Type the port-based VLAN identifier in the VLAN ID field. VLAN 1 is the default VLAN.
- 4. Select a port number or multiple port numbers in the Port list.
- 5. Select a QoS priority in the **QOS** list. A static MAC entry can be assigned a priority from 0 through 7.

6. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured static station, click Show.

To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**. You can also delete the configured static station entry by clicking **Delete**.

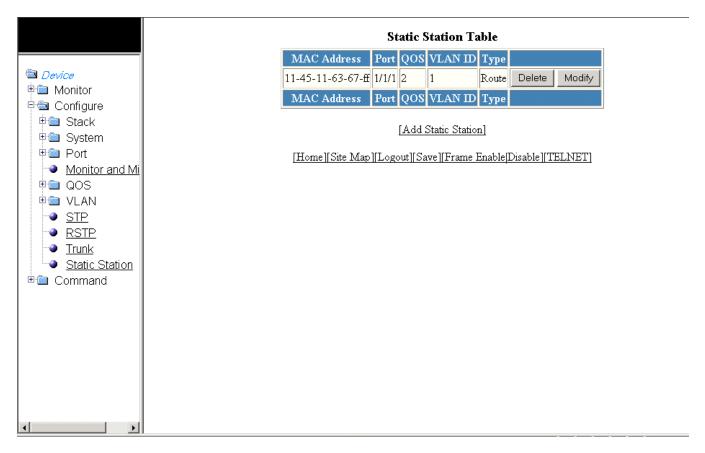
## Modifying a static station

After you configure a static station, you can modify the port number, QoS priority, VLAN ID, and device type of the entry by performing the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select Static Station.

The Static Station Table window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 99 Modifying the static station

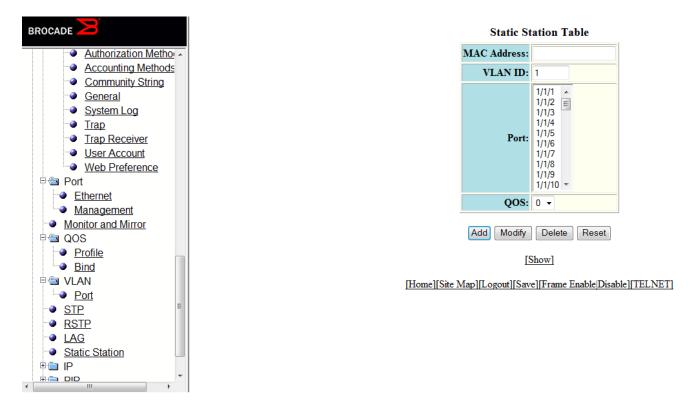


### FOR BROCADE CONTROLLED RELEASE ONLY

### 2. Click Modify.

The Static Station Table window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





- 3. Type the port-based VLAN identifier in the VLAN ID field. VLAN 1 is the default VLAN.
- 4. Select a port number or multiple port numbers in the Port list.
- 5. Select a QoS priority in the QOS list. A static MAC entry can be assigned a priority from 0 through 7.
- 6. Click **Modify**.

The message The change has been made is displayed and the configured values are reflected in the Static Station window. To display the modified static station, click **Show**.

To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset . You can also delete the static station entry by clicking Delete.

# **Configuring IP**

•	Configuring the router IP address Configuring a standard ACL Configuring an extended ACL	
•	Configuring a standard ACL	
•	Configuring an extended ACL	
•	Configuring an IP access group	
•	Configuring an IP Autonomous System-path access list	
•	Configuring an IP community list	
•	Configuring an IP prefix list	
•	Configuring a DNS entry	
•	Configuring the general IP settings	
•	Configuring IP interfaces	
•	Configuring a static ARP	
•	Configuring a static ARP Configuring a static RARP	
•	Configuring a static route	
•	Configuring a UDP helper	200

The IP feature is specific to Brocade ICX devices running Layer 3 code.

### NOTE

The terms "Layer 3 switch" and "router" are used interchangeably in this chapter.

# Configuring the router IP address

To configure an IP address to an interface, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP.
- 2. Click Address. The Router IP Address window is displayed.

#### 3. Click Add IP Address.

The Router IP Address window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 101 Configuring router IP addresses

	Router IP Address
	Select Unit: 28 V Get Ports Port: 28/1/1 V
Priority	IP Address: 0.0.0
Stack-Ports	Subnet Mask: 0.0.0
Module	
🖻 🌚 System	Type: Secondary
Boot sequence	Add Datas David
Clock	Add Delete Reset
General	[Show]
Identification	
IP Address	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNE]
Standard ACL	
Extended ACL	
IP Access Group	
MAC Filter	
Max-Parameter	
Module	
• <u>Radius</u>	
• <u>Tacacs</u>	
🖻 📾 Management	
Authentication M	
Authorization Me	
Accounting Meth	
Community String	
General	
System Log	

- 4. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 5. Select a port in the **Port** list.
  - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum
- 6. Type the IP address of the device in the IP Address field.
- 7. Type the IP subnet mask in the **Subnet Mask** field.
- 8. Select the Secondary check box for Type if you have already configured an IP address within the same subnet on the interface.
- 9. Click Add.

The message The change has been made is displayed and the specified IP address is assigned to the interface. To display the configured router IP address, click **Show**.

To delete the configured IP address, click Delete. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset.

# Configuring a standard ACL

To configure a standard ACL, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .

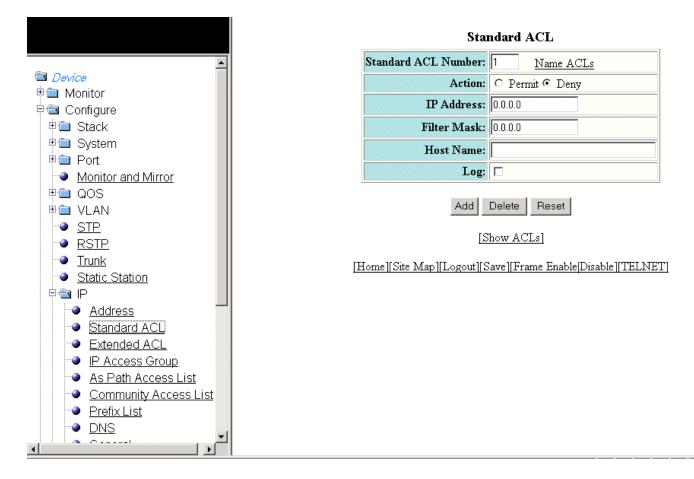
### 2. Click Standard ACL .

The Standard ACL window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

#### NOTE

Web GUI does not have ACL Sequence number support.

FIGURE 102 Configuring standard ACLs



- Type the ACL number from 1 through 99 in the Standard ACL Number field. If you want to type an ACL name, click Name ACLs. The field label changes to Standard ACL Name. Now you can type an ACL name up to 256 alphanumeric characters in length.
- 4. Click **Permit** or **Deny** for **Action** so that the packets that match a policy in the ACL can be permitted (forwarded) or denied (dropped).
- 5. Type the host IP address in the IP Address field.
- 6. Type the IP subnet mask in the Filter Mask field.
- 7. Type the host name in the Host Name field.
- 8. Select the Log check box so that the device generates syslog entries and SNMP traps for the packets that are denied by the access policy.

9. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed and the ACL is added. To display the configured ACL, click Show ACLs .

To delete the configured ACL, click **Delete** . To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset** .

## Configuring an extended ACL

To configure an extended numbered ACL, perform the following steps.

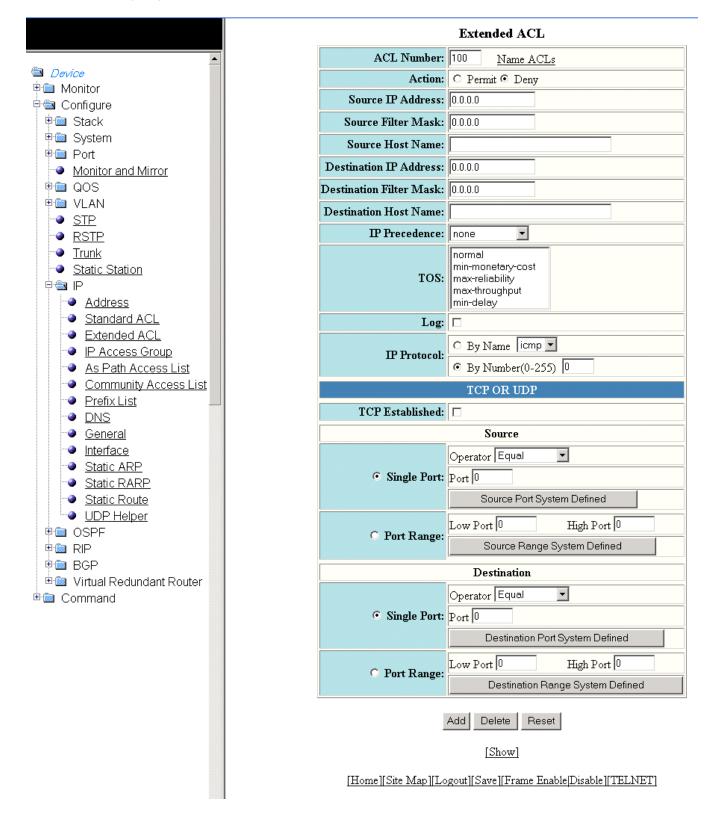
1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **IP** .

Configuring an extended ACL

### 2. Click Extended ACL.

The **Extended ACL** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 103 Configuring an extended ACL



Configuring an extended ACL

- 3. Type the extended ACL number from 100 through 199 in the ACL Number field. If you want to specify the extended ACL name, click Name ACLs . The field label is changed to ACL Name .
- 4. Click **Permit** or **Deny** for **Action** so that the packets that match the policy can be forwarded or dropped.
- 5. Type the source IP address in the **Source IP Address** field.
- 6. Type the source mask in the Source Filter Mask field.
- 7. Type the source host name in the Source Host Name field.
- 8. Type the destination IP address in the Destination IP Address field.
- 9. Type the destination mask in the Destination Filter Mask field.
- 10. Type the destination host name in the **Destination Host Name** field.
- 11. Select one of the following options in the IP Precedence list:
  - routine --The ACL matches packets that have the routine precedence.
  - priority --The ACL matches packets that have the priority precedence.
  - **immediate** --The ACL matches packets that have the immediate precedence.
  - flash --The ACL matches packets that have the flash precedence.
  - flash-override -- The ACL matches packets that have the flash override precedence.
  - critical --The ACL matches packets that have the critical precedence.
  - internet --The ACL matches packets that have the internetwork control precedence.
  - **network** --The ACL matches packets that have the network control precedence.
- 12. Select one of the following options in the TOS list:
  - **normal** --The ACL matches packets that have the normal ToS.
  - min-monetary-cost -- The ACL matches packets that have the minimum monetary cost ToS.
  - max-reliability --The ACL matches packets that have the maximum reliability ToS.
  - max-throughput --The ACL matches packets that have the maximum throughput ToS.
  - min-delay -- The ACL matches packets that have the minimum delay ToS.
- 13. Select the Log check box to enable generation of SNMP traps and syslog messages for packets denied by the ACL.
- 14. Click **By Name** for **IP Protocol** to select the IP protocol by name or click **By Number** to specify the number (from 0 through 255).
- 15. Select the **TCP Established** check box so that the policy applies to the TCP packets that have the ACK (Acknowledgment) or RST (Reset) bits set on (set to "1") in the Control Bits field of the TCP packet header. The policy applies only to the established TCP sessions, not to the new sessions.

### NOTE

This field applies only to the destination TCP ports, not the source TCP ports.

- 16. Enter the following information for **Source** :
  - a) To configure a single port, click Single Port .

Select one of the following for Operator :

- **Equal** --The policy applies to the TCP or UDP port name or number you enter.
  - **NotEqual** --The policy applies to all the TCP or UDP port numbers except the port number or port name you enter.
  - **LessThan** --The policy applies to the TCP or UDP port numbers that are less than the port number or the numeric equivalent to the port name you enter.
  - **GreaterThan** --The policy applies to the TCP or UDP port numbers greater than the port number or the numeric equivalent to the port name you enter.

#### Click Source Port System Defined

b) To configure a range of ports, click Port Range .

Type the lower port number in the Low Port field and the highest port number in the High Port field.

### Click Source Range System Defined .

- 17. To configure the destination port settings under **Destination**, follow the procedure explained in step 16.
- 18. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured extended numbered ACL, click Show .

To delete the configured extended numbered ACL, click **Delete** . To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset** .

### NOTE

Web GUI does not have ACL Sequence number support.

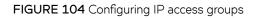
## Configuring an IP access group

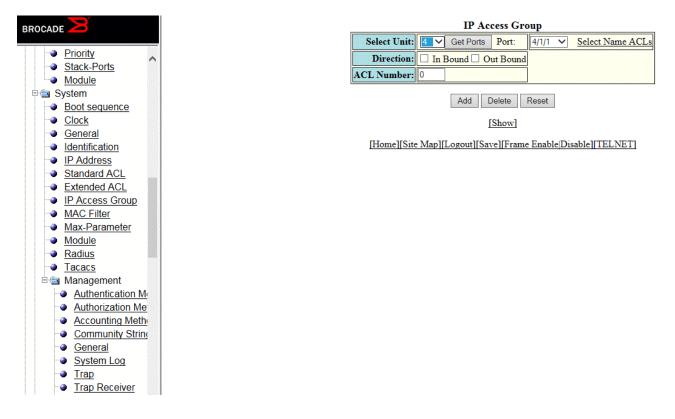
To configure an IP access group, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .

### 2. Click IP Access Group .

The  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IP}}$  Access Group window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





- 3. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 4. Select a port in the Port list.
  - - stack-unit/slotnum/portnum
- 5. Select the **In Bound** check box for **Direction** to enable incoming traffic on the interface to which you apply the ACL.
- 6. Type the ACL number in the ACL Number field. If you want to type an ACL name, click Select Name ACLs. The field label changes to ACL Name. Now you can type the ACL name up to 256 alphanumeric characters in length.
- 7. Click Add .

The message  ${\tt The \ change \ has \ been \ made is displayed}.$  To display the configured IP access group, click Show .

To delete the configured IP access group, click **Delete** . To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset** .

## Configuring an IP Autonomous System-path access list

To configure an Autonomous System-path access list, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **IP** .
- 2. Click Autonomou System Path Access List .

The IP Autonomous System Path Access List window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 105 Configuring the IP Autonomous System-path access list

	IP As Par	th Access List
	Name:	
	Sequence (0 - System Set):	0
🕀 🛄 Monitor	Action:	○ Deny ⊙ Permit
🗎 🗎 Stack	Regular Expression:	
B System		
Port	Add Modify	Delete Reset
Monitor and Mirror		
		Show]
	[Home][Site Man][] ogout][Sat	re][Frame Enable Disable][TELNET]
STP		
RSTP		
<u>Trunk</u>		
● <u>Static Station</u> □ □ □ □ □		
Address		
Standard ACL		
Extended ACL		
IP Access Group		
As Path Access List		
<u>Community Access List</u>		
Prefix List		
DNS		
<b>▲</b>		

- 3. Type the ACL name in the Name field.
- 4. Type the Autonomous System-path list sequence number in the **Sequence (0 System Set)** field. You can configure up to 199 entries in an Autonomous System-path list.

If you do not specify a sequence number, the software numbers the entries in increments of five, beginning with number 5. The software interprets the entries in an Autonomous System-path list in numerical order, beginning with the lowest sequence number.

5. Click Deny or Permit for Action .

- 6. Type the Autonomous System-path information you want to permit or deny to routes that match any of the match statements within the ACL in the **Regular Expression** field.
- 7. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured Autonomous System-path list, click Show .

To modify the Autonomous System-path list, click **Modify**. You can also delete the Autonomous System-path list by clicking **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring an IP community list

To configure an IP community list, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .
- 2. Click Community Access List .

The IP Community List window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 106 Configuring the IP community list

	IP	Community List
	Name:	
	Sequence (0 - System Set):	0
	Action:	O Deny 💿 Permit
eoningalo ₽		🗖 Internet 🗖 No Advertise 🗖 No Export 🗖 Local As
🗉 💼 System	Community List (123:345, 9:567):	
🖻 🛅 Port		p
Monitor and Mirror	Add	lodify Delete Reset
🖻 🖿 VLAN		[Show]
→ <u>STP</u>		
→ <u>RSTP</u>	[Home][Site Map][Logou	t][Save][Frame Enable Disable][TELNET]
Trunk		
Static Station		
P		
Address		
Standard ACL		
Extended ACL		
IP Access Group		
As Path Access List		
Community Access List		
Prefix List		

3. Type the ACL name in the Name field.

4. Type the community list sequence number in the **Sequence (0 - System Set)** field. You can configure up to 199 entries in a community list.

If you do not specify a sequence number, the software numbers the entries in increments of five, beginning with number 5. The software interprets the entries in a community list in numerical order, beginning with the lowest sequence number.

- 5. Click Deny or Permit for Action .
- 6. Select one of the following options for Set Community :
  - Internet --The Internet community.
    - No Advertise -- Routes with this community cannot be advertised to any other BGP Layer 3 switches.
    - No Export --The community of sub-Autonomous Systems within a confederation. Routes with this community can be exported to other sub-Autonomous Systems within the same confederation but cannot be exported outside the confederation to other Autonomous Systems or otherwise sent to EBGP neighbors.
    - Local Autonomous System --The local sub-Autonomous System within the confederation. Routes with this community can be advertised only within the local sub-Autonomous System.
- 7. Type the community number in *num* :*num* format in the **Community List** field.
- 8. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured community list, click Show .

To modify the community list, click **Modify**. You can also delete the community list by clicking **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring an IP prefix list

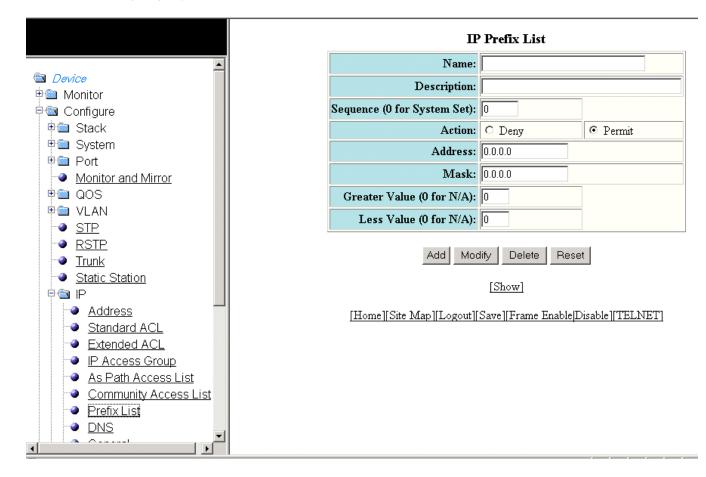
To configure an IP prefix list, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .

### 2. Click Prefix List .

The IP Prefix List window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 107 Configuring IP prefix lists



- 3. Type the prefix list name in the Name field.
- 4. Type a text string describing the prefix list in the Description field.
- 5. Type the IP prefix list sequence number in the **Sequence (0 for System Set)** field. You can configure up to 100 prefix list entries.

If you do not specify a sequence number, the software numbers the entries in increments of five, beginning with prefix list entry 5. The software interprets the prefix list entries in numerical order, beginning with the lowest sequence number.

- 6. Click Deny or Permit for Action .
- 7. Type the network IP address in the Address field.
- 8. Type the network mask address in the Mask field.
- 9. Type the maximum value of the mask length in the Greater Value (O for N/A) field.
- 10. Type the least value of the mask length in the Less Value (O for N/A) field.

### NOTE

The Greater Value (0 for N/A) or Less Value (0 for N/A) values you specify must meet the following condition:Length < Greater Value <= Less Value <= 32

### 11. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured IP prefix list, click Show .

To modify the IP prefix list, click **Modify**. You can also delete the IP prefix list by clicking **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring a DNS entry

You can configure the Brocade device to recognize up to four Domain Name System (DNS) servers. The first entry serves as the primary default address. If a query to the primary address fails to be resolved after three attempts, the next DNS address is queried (also up to three times). This process continues for each defined DNS address until the query is resolved. The order in which the default DNS addresses are polled is the same as the order in which you enter them.

To configure DNS, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .
- 2. Click DNS.

The DNS window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

·	-
Device	
🗎 🧰 Monitor	
⊡  Stack	
🖻 🛅 System	
🖻 🕮 Port	
Monitor and Mirror	
🖻 🛅 QOS	
🗉 🕮 VLAN	
STP	
- V RSTP	
•• <u>Trunk</u>	
Static Station	
P IP	
Address	
Standard ACL	
Extended ACL	
IP Access Group	
As Path Access List	
Community Access List	
Prefix List	
	•

Domain Name:	
Address Format:	📀 іри4 С іриб
Server Search List:	0.0.0.0
	0.0.0.0
	0.0.0.0
	0.0.0.0

DNS

Apply Reset

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable|Disable][TELNET]

- 3. Type the domain name in the **Domain Name** field.
- 4. Click ipv4 or ipv6 for Address Format .
- 5. Type the IPv4 or IPv6 address of the DNS in the Server Search List fields.
- 6. Click Apply.

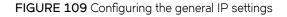
The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

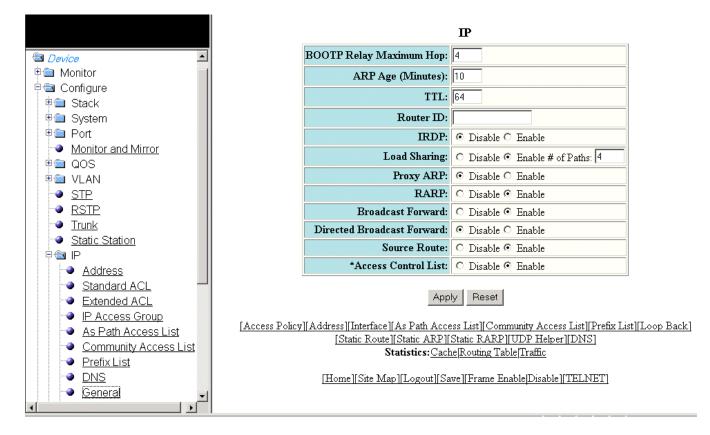
## Configuring the general IP settings

To configure the general IP settings, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .
- 2. Click General .

The **IP** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





- 3. Type the maximum number of hops away a BootP server can be located from a Layer 3 switch and still be used by the router clients for network booting in the **BOOTP Relay Maximum Hop** field. The range is from 1 through 15. The default value is 4 hops.
- Type the amount of time the device should keep a MAC address learned through ARP in the device ARP cache in the ARP Age (Minutes) field. The range is from 0 through 240 minutes. The default is 10 minutes.

- 5. Type the maximum number of Layer 3 switches (hops) through which a packet can pass before being discarded in the TTL field. The range is from 1 through 255 hops. The default is 64 hops.
- 6. Type the Layer 3 switch identifier in the Router ID field.
- 7. Click Disable or Enable for IRDP . By default, this protocol is disabled.

ICMP Router Discovery Protocol (IRDP) is an IP protocol a Layer 3 switch can use to advertise the IP addresses of its interfaces to the directly attached hosts.

- 8. Click Disable or Enable for Load Sharing . If you click Enable , type the number of load sharing paths in the # of Paths field.
- 9. Click Disable or Enable for Proxy ARP.

Proxy ARP is an IP mechanism a Layer 3 switch can use to answer an ARP request on behalf of a host, by replying with the Layer 3 switch's own MAC address instead of the host.

10. Click Disable or Enable for RARP .

Reverse ARP (RARP) is an IP mechanism a host can use to request an IP address from a directly attached Layer 3 switch when the host boots.

- 11. Click Disable or Enable for Broadcast Forward .
- 12. Click Disable or Enable for Directed Broadcast Forward .

A directed broadcast is a packet containing all ones (or in some cases, all zeros) in the host portion of the destination IP address. When a Layer 3 switch forwards such a broadcast, it sends a copy of the packet to each of its enabled IP interfaces.

- 13. Click Disable or Enable for Source Route .
- 14. Click Disable or Enable for Access Control List .
- 15. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

## **Configuring IP interfaces**

To configure an IP interface, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .

### 2. Click Interface .

The IP Interface window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

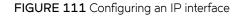


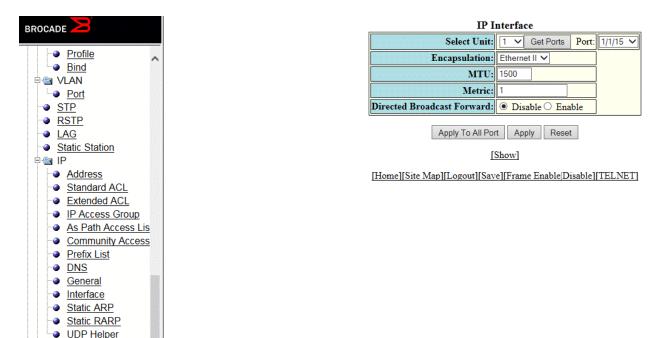
BROCADE	IP Interface					
	Select Unit ID:	1 V Display				
Profile						
• • • Bind	Port #	Encapsulation	MTU	Metric	Directed Broadcast Forward	
	1/1/15	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
•••• <u>Port</u> •••• STP	1/1/16	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
• <u>RSTP</u>	1/1/17	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
• LAG	1/1/18	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
● <u>Static Station</u> ⊡	1/1/19	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
Address	1/1/20	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
Standard ACL	1/1/21	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
<ul> <li>Extended ACL</li> <li>IP Access Group</li> </ul>	1/1/22	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
<ul> <li>As Path Access Lis</li> </ul>	1/1/23	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
Community Access	1/1/24	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
<ul> <li>Prefix List</li> <li>DNS</li> </ul>	1/1/25	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
General	1/1/26	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
Interface	1/1/27	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
Static ARP     Static RARP	1/1/28	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
UDP Helper	1/1/29	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
⊡  RIP	1/1/30	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
General	1/1/31	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
<ul> <li>Interface</li> <li>Neighbor Filter</li> </ul>	1/1/32	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify
	1/1/33	Ethernet II	1500	1	Disabled	Modify

3. Select a Unit ID from the Select Unit ID list and click Display to view the IP properties table.

### 4. Click Modify.

The IP Interface window is displayed in which stack unit and ports can be specified.





- 5. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 6. Select the format of the Layer 2 packets in the Encapsulation list.
- 7. Type the maximum size of the IP packet when encapsulated in a Layer 2 packet, in the MTU field.
- 8. Type the cost in the **Metric** field.
- 9. Click Disable or Enable for Directed Broadcast Forward .
- 10. Click **Apply** to configure the IP interface to the specified port or click **Apply To All Ports** to configure the IP interface on all the ports.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured IP interface, click **Show**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## **Configuring a static ARP**

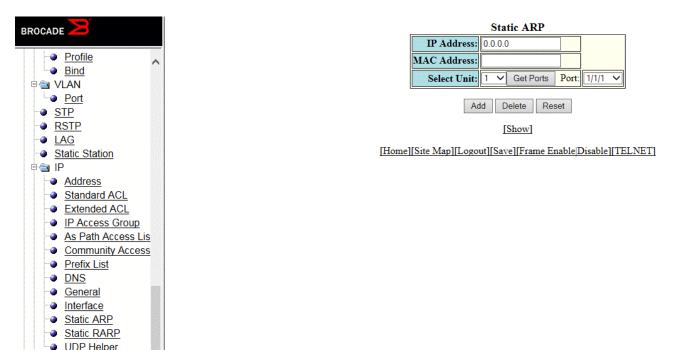
To configure a static Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) entry, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP.

### 2. Click Static ARP.

The Static ARP window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





- 3. Type the IP address of the directly connected device in the IP Address field.
- 4. Type the MAC address of the device in xx-xx-xx-xx-xx format in the MAC Address field.
- 5. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 6. Select a port from the **Port** list.
- 7. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured static ARP entry, click Show .

To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

#### NOTE

The delete operation is not supported in 08.0.20 and later releases.

## Configuring a static RARP

The Reverse Address Resolution Protocol (RARP) provides a simple mechanism for directly attached IP hosts to boot over the network. RARP allows an IP host that does not have a means of storing its IP address across power cycles or software reloads to query a directly attached Layer 3 switch for an IP address.

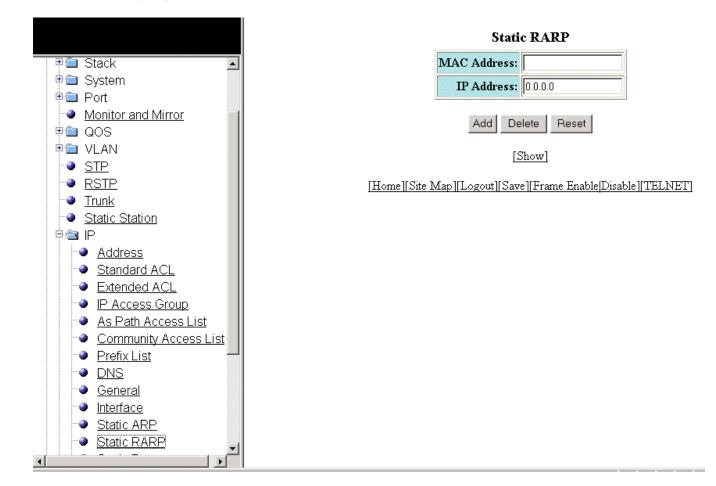
To configure a static IP RARP entry for static routes on a Brocade Layer 3 switch, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .

### 2. Click Static RARP.

The Static RARP window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





- 3. Type the MAC address of the boot client in xx-xx-xx-xx-xx format in the MAC Address field.
- 4. Type the IP address you want the Layer 3 switch to give to the client in the IP Address field.
- 5. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured static IP RARP entry, click **Show**. To delete the configured static IP RARP entry, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring a static route

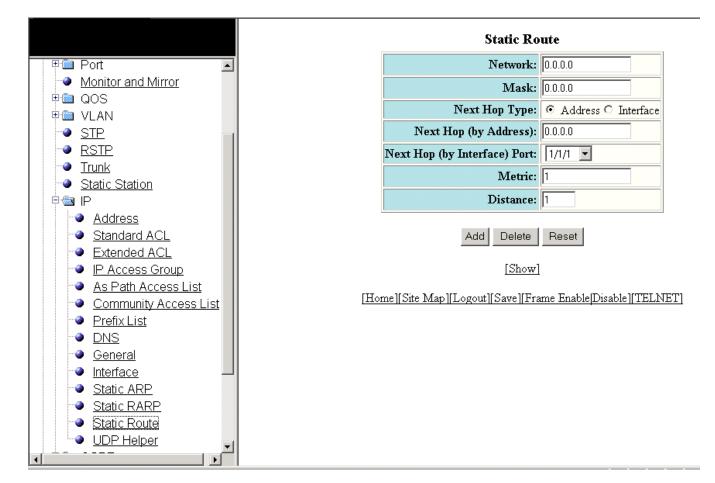
To configure an IP static route, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .

### 2. Click Static Route .

The Static Route window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





- 3. Type the route destination IP address in the **Network** field.
- 4. Type the network mask in the **Mask** field.
- 5. Click Address for Next Hop Type and type the IP address of the next hop router (gateway) for the route in the Next Hop (by Address) field.

Or

Click Interface for Next Hop Type and select an Ethernet port in the Next Hop (by Interface) Port list.

- 6. Type the metric value from 1 through 16 in the **Metric** field. The default is 1.
- 7. Type the administrative distance of the route in the **Distance** field. The default is 1.
- 8. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured static route, click Show .

To delete the configured static route, click **Delete** . To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset** .

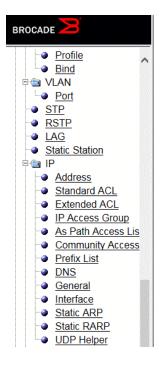
## Configuring a UDP helper

To configure a helper address on the interface connected to the clients, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select IP .
- 2. Click UDP Helper.

The UDP Helper window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 115 Configuring UDP helper



Select Unit:	1 V Get Ports	Port: 1/1/1 V
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	

[Show][System Broadcast Forward][User Broadcast Forward]

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

- 3. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 4. Select an Ethernet port in the Port list.
- 5. Type the server IP address or the subnet directed broadcast address of the IP subnet the server belongs to in the **IP Address** field.
- 6. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured UDP helper, click Show .

To modify the configured UDP helper, click **Modify**. You can also delete the UDP helper by clicking **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

### Enabling forwarding for a UDP application

To specify a UDP application by using an application name, perform the following steps.

1. Click System Broadcast Forward on the UDP Helper window.

The system broadcast forward window is displayed as shown in this figure.

FIGURE 116 Enabling forwarding for a UDP application

- (e) http://172.26.67.84/Hores			*	K 🖪 Goog	igir :		P
👷 Favorites 🛛 🙀 🕐 Team Documents 🖉 psynch 🏶 CM/Veb 🐑 Qms 🐑 My HCL	Login 🧧 Outlock Web App 🚺 Google 🔁 Sugg	ested Stes 🔹 🍘 Get more Add-on	a 🔹 🕐 Stab	us Sheet			
😢 🔹 💋 TeamTrack - Quality Mana 💋 Brocade Communicati 🗙			Q • 8	a - 🛛	·· · ·	Enge + Safety +	Tgols • 🕖 •
BROCADE STP		I Forward Ports TIME TACACS BOOTPC					
BSTP     LAG     Static Station	BOOTPC BOOTPC BOOTPS DISCARD	Add Delete Reset					
Address     Standard ACL     Erended ACL     PAccess Group     As Path Access List     Community Access List     DNS     General     Interface     Stats_ARP     Stats_BARP     UDP Helsen	Hemelise Coman Mobile Mobile Rep Shap Shap TACACS TALX TFTP Tale	velFrame Enable:Disable lTE	LNETI				
*** RIP *** Command			nternat   Prote	ected Mode	c On	<i>i</i> , .	1210%

- 2. Select one of the following forward ports in the list:
  - BOOTPC

•

- BOOTPS
- DISCARD
- DNSIX
- DOMAIN
- ECHO
- MOBILE-IP
- NETBIOS-DGM
- RIP
- SNMP
- SNMP-TRAP
- TACACS
- TALK
- TFTP
- TIME
- 3. Click Add .

The added port is displayed in the **Selected Forward Ports** pane, which displays the application ports that are enabled by default. To delete the forwarding port, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

To specify the UDP application by using an application UDP port number, perform the following steps.

### Specifying the UDP application

To specify the UDP application by using an application UDP port number, perform the following steps.

1. Click User Broadcast Forward on the UDP Helper window.

The user broadcast forward window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 117 Enabling user broadcast forward

	Selected Forward Ports
Port 📕	BOOTPS DOMAIN TFTP TIME NETBIOS_DGM NETBIOS_NS
Monitor and Mirror	TACACS
🗉 🗎 🗎 🖬 VLAN	
STP 1	0 Add Delete Reset
Trunk	[System Broadcast Forward]
Static Station	
🖻 🌚 IP	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable Disable][TELNET]
Address	
Standard ACL	
Extended ACL	
P Access Group	
As Path Access I	
Community Acce	
Prefix List	
DNS	
General	
Interface	
Static ARP	
Static RARP	
Static Route	
UDP Helper 🗾	

- 2. Type the UDP port number in the field.
- 3. Click Add.

The added port is displayed in the **Selected Forward Ports** pane, which displays the application ports that are enabled by default. To delete the forwarding port, click **Delete**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

# **Configuring RIP**

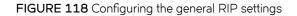
•	Configuring the general RIP settings	203
•	Configuring a RIP interface	204
	Configuring a RIP neighbor filter	
		210

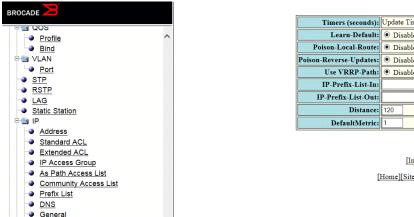
## Configuring the general RIP settings

To configure the general RIP settings, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click Configure on the left pane and select RIP .
- 2. Click General .

The **RIP** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





Timers (seconds): Upd Learn-Default: (*) Poison-Local-Route: (*) Voison-Reverse-Updates: (*) Use VRRP-Parti. (*) IP-Prefix-List-Out (*) Distance: 120 DefaultMetric: (*)	Disable () Disable () Disable ()	Enable Enable Enable	Readv Ti	ime: 180	) Hold	1 Time: 1	80 G	arbage Time:[	120			
Poison-Local-Route: <ul> <li>Poison-Reverse-Updates:</li> <li>Use VRRP-Path:</li> <li>IP-Prefix-List-In:</li> <li>IP-Prefix-List-Out:</li> <li>Distance:</li> <li>120</li> </ul> <li>120</li>	Disable O Disable O	Enable Enable										
voison-Reverse-Updates: <ul> <li>Tuse VRRP-Path:</li> <li>TiP-Prefix-List-In:</li> <li>TiP-Prefix-List-Out:</li> <li>Distance:</li> <li>Tust</li> </ul> <li>Tust</li>	Disable O	Enable										
Use VRRP-Path: IP-Prefix-List-In: IP-Prefix-List-Out: Distance: 120									Ward and an			
IP-Prefix-List-In: IP-Prefix-List-Out: Distance: 120	Disable O	Enable					Disable O Enable					
IP-Prefix-List-Out: Distance: 120			) Disable 🔿 Enable									
Distance: 120												
DefaultMetric: 1	Distance: 120											
			Apply	Reset	]							

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable|Disable][TELNET]

- 3. Configure the timer settings in the **Timers (seconds)**.
  - Update Time: Sets the amount of time between RIP routing updates. The default is 30 seconds. Possible values are 3 through 21845 seconds.
  - Hold Time: Sets the amount of time during which information about other paths is ignored. The default is 180 seconds. Possible values are 0 through 65535 seconds.
  - Garbage Time: Sets the amount of time after which a route is removed from the RIP routing table. The default is 120 seconds. Possible values are 0 through 65535.
- 4. Click Disable or Enable for the Learn-Default parameter that determines learning of default RIP routes.
- 5. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for the **Poison-Local-Route** parameter that determines avoiding routing loops by advertising local RIP routes with a cost of 16 ("infinite" or "unreachable") when these routes go down.
- 6. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for the **Poison-Reverse-Updates** parameter that determines poison reverse loop prevention, by assigning by assigning an "unreachable" cost to a route before advertising it on the interface where the route was learned.
- 7. Click **Disable** or **Enable** for the **Use VRRP-Path** parameter that suppresses RIP route advertisement on a VRRP or VRRPE backup interface.

- 8. Specify the prefix list to be applied to the routes, the device learns from its neighbors in the IP-Prefix-List-In field.
- 9. Specify the prefix list to be applied to the routes, the device advertises to its neighbors in the IP-Prefix-List-out field.
- 10. Specify the administrative distance that the RIP router adds to routes in the **Distance** field. By default, the RIP router assigns the default RIP administrative distance (120) to RIP routes.
- 11. Change the RIP metric the router assigns by default to redistributed routes in the **DefaultMetric** field. By default, a metric of 1 is assigned to each route that is redistributed into RIP.
- 12. Click Apply.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click Reset .

The  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RIP}}$  window provides links to configure other  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RIP}}$  parameters:

- To configure a RIP interface, click Interface . For more information, refer to Configuring a RIP interface on page 204.
- To configure a RIP neighbor filter, click **Neighbor Filter**. For more information, refer to Configuring a RIP neighbor filter on page 208.

## **Configuring a RIP interface**

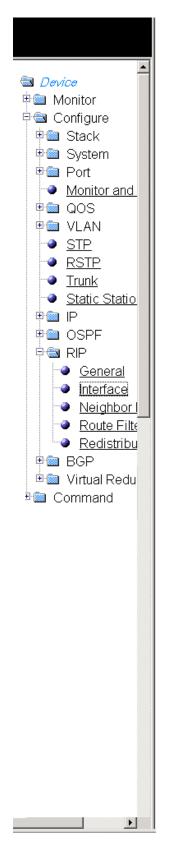
To configure a RIP interface, perform the following steps.

1. Click Configure on the left pane and select RIP.

### 2. Click Interface .

The **RIP Interface** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

#### FIGURE 119 RIP interface



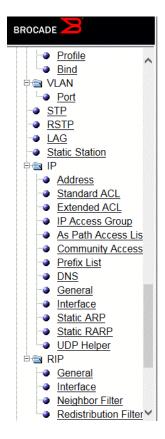
	R	IP Interface	
Port	Version	Poison Reverse	
1/1/1	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/2	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/3	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/4	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/5	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/6	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/7	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/8	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/9	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/10	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/11	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/12	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/13	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/14	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/15	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/16	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/17	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/18	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/19	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/20	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/21	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/22	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/23	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/1/24	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
mgmt1	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/2/1	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
1/2/2	Disabled	Enabled	Modify
Port	Version	Poison Reverse	

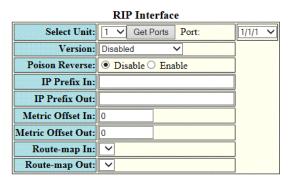
[Configure RIP Interface]

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable|Disable][TELNET]

 Click Configure RIP Interface or Modify to change the RIP interface parameters for the respective port. The RIP Interface window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 120 Configuring a RIP interface





Apply Reset

[Show]

[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

- 4. Select a Unit ID from the **Select Unit** list and click **Get Ports** to retrieve the list of ports corresponding to the selected Unit ID. A message is displayed to indicate that the operation does not change the running configuration.
- 5. Select a port from the **Port** list.
- 6. Select one of the following options for Version :
  - Disabled
    - V1 Only
    - V2 Only
    - V1-Compatible-V2
- 7. Click Disable or Enable for Poison Reverse .

Poison reverse is the method a Layer 3 switch uses to prevent routing loops caused by advertising a route on the same interface as the one on which the Layer 3 switch learned the route.

- 8. Enter the prefix list to be applied to the learned RIP routes in the IP Prefix In field.
- 9. Enter the prefix list to be applied to the advertised RIP routes in the IP Prefix Out field.
- 10. Enter the cost metric to be applied to the learned RIP routes in the Metric Offset In field.
- 11. Enter the cost metric to be applied to the advertised RIP routes in the Metric Offset Out field.

- 12. Specify the route map to be applied on the interface to filter the learned RIP routes in the Route-map In field.
- 13. Specify the route map to be applied on the interface to filter the advertised RIP routes in the Route-map Out field.
- 14. Click **Apply** to configure the RIP interface to the specified port or click **Apply All Port** to configure the RIP interface on all the ports.

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured RIP interface, click **Show**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**.

## Configuring a RIP neighbor filter

By default, a Brocade Layer 3 switch learns RIP routes from all its RIP neighbors. Neighbor filters allow you to specify the neighbor Layer 3 switches from which the Brocade device can receive RIP routes. Neighbor filters apply globally to all ports.

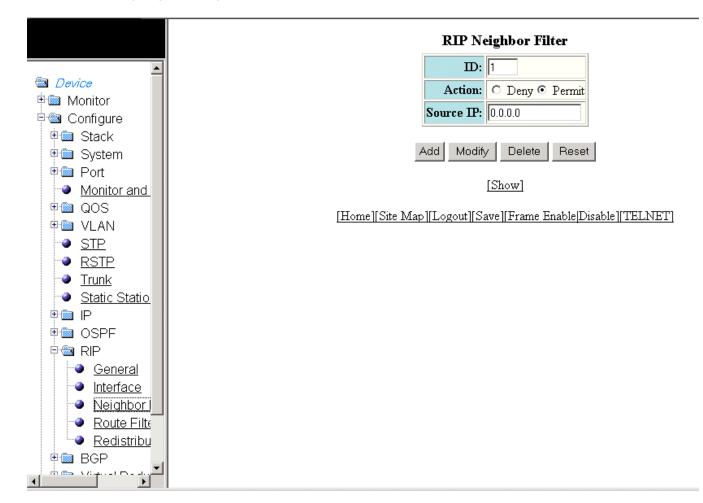
To configure a RIP neighbor filter, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **RIP**.

### 2. Click Neighbor Filter .

The RIP Neighbor Filter window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 121 Configuring a RIP neighbor filter



- 3. Type a filter number in the ID field.
- 4. Click Deny or Permit for Action .
- 5. Type a source IP address in the **Source IP** field.
- 6. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured RIP neighbor filter, click Show .

To modify the configured RIP neighbor filter, click **Modify**. To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset**. You can also delete the configured RIP neighbor filter by clicking **Delete**.

## Configuring a RIP redistribution filter

To configure a RIP redistribution filter, perform the following steps.

- 1. Click **Configure** on the left pane and select **RIP** .
- 2. Click Redistribution Filter .

The RIP Redistribution Filter window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 122 Configuring the RIP redistribution filter

	RIP Redistribution Filter			
<b>_</b>		IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
·		Mask:	0.0.0.0	
Configure		Filter ID:	1	
🖻 🕮 Stack		Action:	O Deny 📀	Permit
🖻 💷 System		Protocol:	• A11 C	Static O OSPF O BGP
<ul> <li>⊕ ■ Port</li> <li>_ Monitor and</li> </ul>		Match OSPF Metric:	• Disable C	Enable
		Match Metric:	0	
🗉 💷 VLAN		Set RIP Metric:	💿 Disable C	Enable
- • <u>STP</u>		Set Metric:	0	
Trunk			-	
<ul> <li><u>■ Trunk</u></li> <li><u>■ Static Statio</u></li> </ul>		Ad	ld Delete	Reset
⊕ @ IP			[Show]	
🗉 🗐 OSPF				
₽ <sup>™</sup> RIP	]	[Home][Site Map][Logo	ut][Save][Fram	e Enable Disable][TELNET]
<ul> <li>General</li> <li>Interface</li> </ul>				
Neighbor I				
Route Filte				
Redistribu				

- 3. Type a network IP address in the IP Address field.
- 4. Type an IP subnet mask in the Mask field.
- 5. Type a redistribution filter identifier in the Filter ID field.
- 6. Click Deny or Permit for Action .
- 7. Select one of the following options for Protocol :
  - All --Applies redistribution to all route types.
  - Static -- Applies redistribution to IP static routes only.
  - OSPF -- Applies redistribution to OSPF routes only.
  - BGP -- Applies redistribution to BGP routes only.

•

- 8. Click Disable or Enable for Set OSPF Metric .
- 9. Type the match metric value from 1 through 15 in the **Match Metric** field. The match metric parameter applies the redistribution filter only to those routes with the specified metric value.
- 10. Click Disable or Enable for Set RIP Metric .
- 11. Type the RIP metric value in the **Set Metric** field.
- 12. Click Add .

The message The change has been made is displayed. To display the configured RIP redistribution filter, click Show .

To delete the configured RIP redistribution filter, click **Delete** . To reset the data entered in the configuration pane, click **Reset** .

# **Basic Device Commands**

•	Clearing information for a Layer 2 switch	
	Clearing information for a Layer 3 switch	
•	Disabling or enabling the menu view	
•	Logging out	
	Reloading units in a stack	
	Saving the configuration to flash	
	Switching over to the active role	
	Accessing the Telnet command prompt	
	Performing a trace	

## Clearing information for a Layer 2 switch

To clear specific data related to a Layer 2 switch, perform the following steps.

1. Click Command on the left pane and select Clear.

The Clear window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 123 Clear window

	Clear
	MAC Address
Device	Dort Statistic
🗉 🧰 Monitor	IP ARP Cache
Configure     Command	System Logging
<ul> <li><u>Clear</u></li> <li>Disable Frame</li> </ul>	(Apply) Reset
<ul> <li>Logout</li> <li>Reload</li> </ul>	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable Disable][TELNET]
Save to Flash	
Telnet	
Trace Route	

🗉 🛅 TFTP

- 2. Select the following check boxes to clear information:
  - MAC Address
    - Port Statistic
  - IP ARP Cache
  - System Logging
- 3. Click Apply.

•

All the current entries will be deleted.

## Clearing information for a Layer 3 switch

To clear specific data related to a Layer 3 switch, perform the following steps.

1. Click Command on the left pane and select Clear.

The **Clear** window is displayed as shown in the figure below .

FIGURE 124 Clear window

	Clear		
	□ MAC Address		
Device	Port Statistic		
⊕ ta Monitor ⊕ ta Configure	□ IP ARP Cache		
□ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	System Logging		
Clear	□ VRRP		
Disable Frame	🗆 IP Cache		
Logout	🗆 IP Route		
<ul> <li>✓ <u>Reload</u></li> <li>✓ <u>Save to Flash</u></li> </ul>	BGP Neighbor Traffic - IP:		
<ul> <li><u>Switch-over-ac</u></li> </ul>	BGP Neighbor - IP:		
Telnet	□ BGP Neighbor Soft-Outbound - IP: All ▼		
	🗖 BGP Neighbor Last Pkt with Error - IP: 🗐		
⊞ TFTP	🗖 BGP Neighbor Notification Error - IP: 🛛 🗛 🖌		
	□ BGP Dampening		
	Apply Reset [Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]		
I			

- 2. Select the following check boxes to clear information:
  - MAC Address
  - Port Statistic
  - IP ARP Cache
  - System Logging
  - VRRP
  - IP Cache
  - IP Route
  - BGP Neighbor Traffic IP --Select All in the list to clear the BGP message counter for all neighbors.
  - BGP Neighbor IP --Select All in the list to close all neighbor sessions and clear all the routes exchanged by the Layer 3 switch and the neighbors.
  - BGP Neighbor Soft-Outbound IP --Select All in the list to update all outbound routes by applying the new or changed filters.
  - BGP Neighbor Last Pkt with Error IP --Select All in the list to clear the last packet from the neighbors that contained an error.
  - BGP Neighbor Notification Error IP --Select All in the list to clear the buffer for all neighbors containing the last NOTIFICATION message sent or received.
  - BGP Dampening --Perform one of the following tasks:
    - Click All to clear all the route dampening statistics.
    - Click IP and type the network IP address in the IP field and the network mask in the Mask field.
- 3. Click Apply.

All the current entries will be deleted.

## Disabling or enabling the menu view

To enable or disable the menu view, click **Command** on the left pane and select **Disable Frame**. The menu tree from the left panel is hidden as shown in the figure below. Click **Frame Enable** to view the menu tree.

### FIGURE 125 Disabling the menu tree

	General System Configuration	
Identification		
IP Address		
DNS	Policy Based VLANs 🔽 Port	
<u>DHCP Gateway</u>	Spanning Tree O Disable 💿 Enable 🗖 Single 🗹 Fast	
<u>Clock</u>	QOS C Strict 💿 Weighted	
NTP	ACL Per Port Per VLAN C Disable 💿 Enable	
MAC Filter	IP Multicast 💿 Disable 🔿 Enable	
Config Module	IGMP O Passive O Active	
<u>Max-Parameter</u>	Advance Apply Reset	
RADIUS		
TACACS		
Management		
[Home]	Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable Disable][TELNET]	

## Logging out

To exit the Web Management Interface, click **Command** on the left pane and select **Logout**. The login window is displayed as shown in the figure below. To re-log in, click **Login** on the window.

FIGURE 126 Logging out



Click the [Login] link to accept and continue the login process...

[Login]

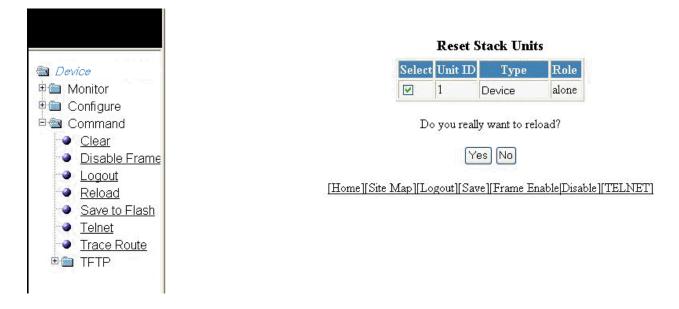
## **Reloading units in a stack**

To reload any or all of the units within a device, perform the following steps.

1. Click Command on the left pane and select Reload .

The **Reset Stack Units** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 127 Reloading the units



2. Click Yes to start the process.

### NOTE

If the Active Controller is reset or removed from the stack, the entire stack reloads and Active Controller and Standby Controller elections are started. If the unit functioning as the previous Active Controller is no longer part of the stack, the Standby Controller unit becomes the new Active Controller. After a reset, if no stack member qualifies as the Active Controller, the existing Standby Controller waits 30 seconds and then assumes the role of the Active Controller. If both the Active Controller and the Standby Controllers are removed, the rest of the stack continues to function. The stack members will not be able to learn any new addresses.

## Saving the configuration to flash

To save the configuration changes to flash, perform the following tasks.

1. Click Command on the left pane and select Save To Flash .

The save configuration window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 128 Saving the configuration to flash



Do you really want to save configuration to flash?



[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELNET]

2. Click Yes to confirm saving the configuration.

### NOTE

To apply the changes to memory allocation, reload the software after you save the changes to the startupconfiguration file.

## Switching over to the active role

To switch a standby module to become an Active Controller, perform the following steps.

1. Click Command on the left pane and select Switch-over-active-controller .

The switch over window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 129 Switching over to an Active Controller

	Are you sure switch over the standby unit to become the active controller? Warning: Clicking Yes will require a reload of the website.
<ul> <li>Device</li> <li>Monitor</li> <li>Configure</li> <li>Command</li> <li>Clear</li> <li>Disable Frame</li> <li>Logout</li> <li>Reload</li> <li>Save to Flash</li> <li>Switch-over-active-controller</li> <li>Telnet</li> <li>Trace Route</li> <li>TFTP</li> </ul>	Are you sure switch over the standby unit to become the active controller? Warning: Clicking Yes will require a reload of the website. Yes No [Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable[Disable][TELNET]
<	

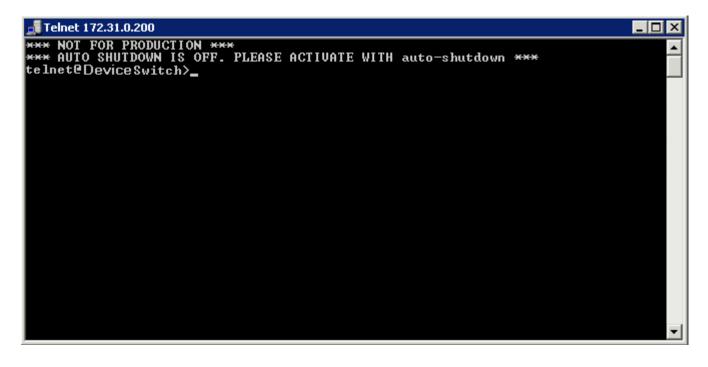
2. Click Yes to switch the standby module to become an Active Controller or click No to cancel the operation.

## Accessing the Telnet command prompt

To open a Telnet CLI window, click **Command** on the left pane and select **Telnet** .

The **Telnet** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

### FIGURE 130 Accessing Telnet



## Performing a trace

Trace Route allows you to trace a path from the Brocade device to an IPv4 host. Trace route requests show all responses to a minimum Time To Live (TTL) of 1 second and a maximum TTL of 30 seconds. In addition, if there are multiple equal-cost routes to the destination, the Brocade device displays up to three responses. To run a trace, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Command** on the left pane and select **Trace Route** .

The **Trace Route** window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 131 Performing a trace

	Trace Route
	Target Address:
	Minimum TTL: 1
E Configure	Maximum TTL: 30
🖻 📾 Command	Timeout(Sec): 2
-● <u>Clear</u> -● <u>Disable Frame</u>	Numeric:
Logout     Logout     Aeload     Save to Flash     Jelnet     Trace Route     TFTP	[Home][Site Map][Logout][Save][Frame Enable]Disable][TELN]

- 2. Type the IP address of the host at the other end of the route in the Target Address field.
- 3. Type the minimum value of TTL in the Minimum TTL field. The default is 1.
- 4. Type the maximum value of TTL in the Maximum TTL field. The default is 30.
- 5. Type the number of seconds the router waits for a reply from the pinged device in the Timeout (Sec) field.
- 6. Select the **Numeric** check box so that, for parameters that require a numeric value, the trace route does not check that the value you enter is within the allowed range. Instead, if you do exceed the range for a numeric value, the software rounds the value to the nearest valid value.
- 7. Click Start to begin the trace process or click Abort to exit without performing the trace.

# Using TFTP

•	Configuring TFTP	23
•	Configuring a TFTP image2	25

## **Configuring TFTP**

When the device reboots, or the auto-configuration feature has been disabled and then re-enabled, the device uses information from the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server to contact the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) server to update the running configuration file. If the DHCP server provides a TFTP server name or IP address, the device uses this information to request files from the TFTP server. If the DHCP server does not provide a TFTP server name or IP address, the device requests the configuration files from the DHCP server.

The device requests the configuration files from the TFTP server in the following order:

- Boot file name provided by the DHCP server (if configured)
- Host name MAC address configuration file
- Brocade configuration file

If the device is successful in contacting the TFTP server and the server has the configuration files, the files are merged. If there is a conflict, the server file takes precedence. If the device is unable to contact the TFTP server or if the files are not found on the server, the TFTP part of the configuration download process ends.

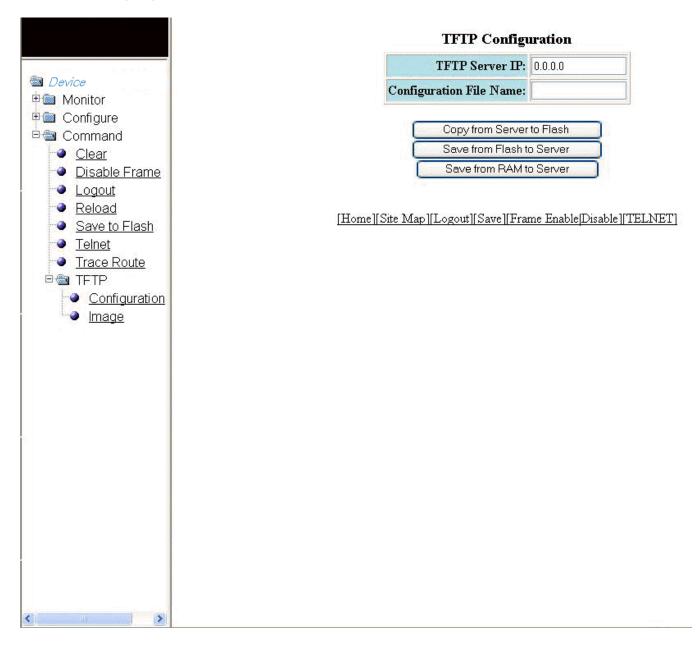
To access the TFTP configuration, perform the following steps.

1. Click **Command** on the left pane and select **TFTP** .

2. Click Configuration .

The TFTP Configuration window is displayed as shown in the figure below.

FIGURE 132 Configuring TFTP



- 3. Type the IP address of the most recently contacted TFTP server (if the switch has contacted a TFTP server since the last time the software was reloaded or the switch was rebooted) in the **TFTP Server IP** field.
- 4. Type the name under which the startup-config file of the Layer 2 switch or Layer 3 switch was uploaded or downloaded during the most recent TFTP access in the **Configuration File Name** field.

- 5. You can perform one of the following tasks with the configuration file:
  - Click Copy from Server to Flash to copy the file from a TFTP server to the device flash memory.
  - Click Save from Flash to Server to save the file from the device flash memory to a TFTP server.
  - Click Save from RAM to Server to save the file from the device RAM memory to a TFTP server.

## Configuring a TFTP image

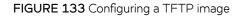
To access a TFTP image, perform the following steps.

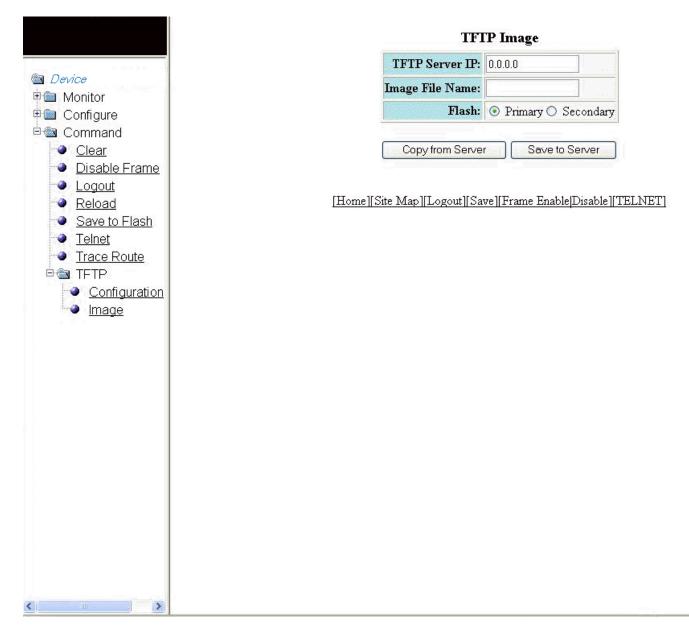
•

1. Click Command on the left pane and select TFTP .

2. Click Image .

The TFTP Image window is displayed as shown in the figure below.





- 3. Type the IP address of the most recently contacted TFTP server (if the switch has contacted a TFTP server since the last time the software was reloaded or the switch was rebooted) in the **TFTP Server IP** field.
- 4. Type the name of the Layer 2 switch or Layer 3 switch flash image (system software file) that was uploaded or downloaded during the most recent TFTP access in the **Image File Name** field.

5. Click one of the following for **Flash** :

•

•

- Primary --The default local storage device for image files and configuration files.
  - *Secondary* --The second flash storage device you can use to store redundant images for additional booting reliability or to preserve one software image while testing another one.
- 6. You can perform one of the following tasks with the TFTP image:
  - Click **Copy from Server** to copy a boot image from a TFTP server to the primary or secondary storage location in the device flash memory.
  - Click **Save to Server** to save the boot image from the primary or secondary storage location of the device flash memory to a TFTP server.